

Del Monte Foods

2024 CDP Corporate Questionnaire 2024

Word version

Important: this export excludes unanswered questions

This document is an export of your organization's CDP questionnaire response. It contains all data points for questions that are answered or in progress. There may be questions or data points that you have been requested to provide, which are missing from this document because they are currently unanswered. Please note that it is your responsibility to verify that your questionnaire response is complete prior to submission. CDP will not be liable for any failure to do so.

Terms of disclosure for corporate questionnaire 2024 - CDP

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Contents

C1. Introduction

(1.1) In which language are you submitting your response?

Select from:

English

(1.2) Select the currency used for all financial information disclosed throughout your response.

Select from:

✓ USD

(1.3) Provide an overview and introduction to your organization.

(1.3.2) Organization type

Select from:

✓ Privately owned organization

(1.3.3) Description of organization

Del Monte Foods, Inc. (DMFI), a prominent food company based in Walnut Creek, CA, sells a wide variety of quality food products across the United States under popular brands like Del Monte, Contadina, College Inn, Kitchen Basics, JOYBA, Take Root Organics, and S&W. With a rich history dating back to the late 1800s, DMFI is a leader in the packaged food industry, offering excellent packaged fruits, vegetables, and tomatoes sourced from a large network of growers in the United States and Mexico. DMFI prioritizes environmental sustainability, focusing on reducing pesticide use, improving crop growth with fewer resources, and maintaining a healthy environment. To learn more about our sustainability efforts, refer to the 2023 Environmental, Social and Governance Report. Since Del Monte Pacific Limited (DMPL), our parent company, is listed with Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (SGX), both entities fall under the Sustainability Reporting Guide and Rule. To align with the SGX Guide, Del Monte Foods reports biennially following the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) Sustainability Reporting Standards. [Fixed row]

(1.4) State the end date of the year for which you are reporting data. For emissions data, indicate whether you will be providing emissions data for past reporting years.

End date of reporting year	Alignment of this reporting period with your financial reporting period	Indicate if you are providing emissions data for past reporting years
04/30/2023	Select from: ✓ Yes	Select from: ✓ No

[Fixed row]

(1.4.1) What is your organization's annual revenue for the reporting period?

1733102000.00

(1.5) Provide details on your reporting boundary.

Is your reporting boundary for your CDP disclosure the same as that used in your financial statements?
Select from: ✓ Yes

[Fixed row]

(1.6) Does your organization have an ISIN code or another unique identifier (e.g., Ticker, CUSIP, etc.)?

ISIN code - bond

(1.6.1) Does your organization use this unique identifier?

Select from:

✓ No

ISIN code - equity
(1.6.1) Does your organization use this unique identifier?
Select from: ☑ No
CUSIP number
(1.6.1) Does your organization use this unique identifier?
Select from: ☑ No
Ticker symbol
(1.6.1) Does your organization use this unique identifier?
Select from: ☑ No
SEDOL code
(1.6.1) Does your organization use this unique identifier?
Select from: ☑ No
LEI number
(1.6.1) Does your organization use this unique identifier?

Select from:

✓ No

D-U-N-S number

(1.6.1) Does your organization use this unique identifier?

Select from:

✓ No

Other unique identifier

(1.6.1) Does your organization use this unique identifier?

Select from:

✓ No

[Add row]

(1.7) Select the countries/areas in which you operate.

Select all that apply

✓ Mexico

✓ United States of America

(1.8) Are you able to provide geolocation data for your facilities?

Are you able to provide geolocation data for your facilities?	Comment
Select from: ✓ Yes, for all facilities	Geolocation data for each facility is derived from Google Maps coordinates based on the company addresses.

[Fixed row]

(1.8.1) Please provide all available geolocation data for your facilities.
Row 1
(1.8.1.1) Identifier
Hanford
(1.8.1.2) Latitude
36.256205
(1.8.1.3) Longitude
-119.645291
(1.8.1.4) Comment
Geolocation data for each facility is derived from Google Maps coordinates based on the company addresses.
Row 2

(1.8.1.1) Identifier

Plover

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

44.456504

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

-89.509692

Row 3

(1.8.1.1) Identifier

Montemorelos

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

25.198897

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

-99.807836

(1.8.1.4) Comment

Geolocation data for each facility is derived from Google Maps coordinates based on the company addresses.

Row 4

(1.8.1.1) Identifier

Markesan

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

43.703493

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

-88.973974

Row 5

(1.8.1.1) Identifier

Yakima

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

46.598801

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

-120,5079

(1.8.1.4) Comment

Geolocation data for each facility is derived from Google Maps coordinates based on the company addresses.

Row 6

(1.8.1.1) Identifier

Modesto

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

37.637156

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

-120.917125

Row 7

(1.8.1.1) Identifier

Puebla

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

19.840732

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

-97.484051

(1.8.1.4) Comment

Geolocation data for each facility is derived from Google Maps coordinates based on the company addresses.

Row 8

(1.8.1.1) Identifier

Toppenish

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

46.371196

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

-120.303905

Row 9

(1.8.1.1) Identifier

Rochelle

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

41.914849

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

-86.07995

(1.8.1.4) Comment

There are several offices and Distribution centers (DCs) located near one another in Rochelle. The coordinates provided are for the Rochelle DC.

Row 10

(1.8.1.1) Identifier

McAllen

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

26.246502

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

-98.236134

Row 11

(1.8.1.1) Identifier

Pittsburgh

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

40.428676

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

-80.125613

(1.8.1.4) Comment

Geolocation data for each facility is derived from Google Maps coordinates based on the company addresses.

Row 12

(1.8.1.1) Identifier

Walnut Creek

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

37.927103

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

-122.026705

(1.11) Are greenhouse gas emissions and/or water-related impacts from the production, processing/manufacturing, distribution activities or the consumption of your products relevant to your current CDP disclosure?

Production

(1.11.1) Relevance of emissions and/or water-related impacts

Select from:

✓ Value chain (including own land)

Processing/ Manufacturing

(1.11.1) Relevance of emissions and/or water-related impacts

Select from:

☑ Both direct operations and upstream/downstream value chain

Distribution

(1.11.1) Relevance of emissions and/or water-related impacts

Select from:

☑ Both direct operations and upstream/downstream value chain

Consumption

(1.11.1) Relevance of emissions and/or water-related impacts

Select from:

✓ Yes

(1.22) Provide details on the commodities that you produce and/or source.

Timber products

(1.22.1) Produced and/or sourced

Select from:

Sourced

(1.22.2) Commodity value chain stage

Select all that apply

Manufacturing

(1.22.4) Indicate if you are providing the total commodity volume that is produced and/or sourced

Select from:

✓ Yes, we are providing the total volume

(1.22.5) Total commodity volume (metric tons)

18647.13

(1.22.8) Did you convert the total commodity volume from another unit to metric tons?

Select from:

Yes

(1.22.9) Original unit

Select all that apply

Pounds

(1.22.10) Provide details of the methods, conversion factors used and the total commodity volume in the original unit

41,109,913 lbs multiplied by a conversion factor of 0.000453592 to get MT

(1.22.11) Form of commodity

Select all that apply

- Paper
- Primary packaging
- ☑ Secondary packaging
- ☑ Tertiary packaging

(1.22.12) % of procurement spend

Select from:

✓ 1-5%

(1.22.13) % of revenue dependent on commodity

Select from:

Unknown

(1.22.14) In the questionnaire setup did you indicate that you are disclosing on this commodity?

Select from:

✓ Yes, disclosing

(1.22.15) Is this commodity considered significant to your business in terms of revenue?

Select from:

✓ No

(1.22.19) Please explain

This includes all timber products directly purchased by Del Monte Foods, Inc. Due to unavailability of data, we have excluded timber packaging products procured by our co-manufacturers

Cattle products

(1.22.1) Produced and/or sourced

Select from:

Sourced

(1.22.2) Commodity value chain stage

Select all that apply

Manufacturing

(1.22.4) Indicate if you are providing the total commodity volume that is produced and/or sourced

Select from:

✓ Yes, we are providing the total volume

(1.22.5) Total commodity volume (metric tons)

20.28

(1.22.8) Did you convert the total commodity volume from another unit to metric tons?

Select from:

✓ No

(1.22.11) Form of commodity

Select all that apply

✓ Beef

(1.22.12) % of procurement spend

Select from: ✓ Less than 1%
(1.22.13) % of revenue dependent on commodity
Select from: ☑ Unknown
(1.22.14) In the questionnaire setup did you indicate that you are disclosing on this commodity?
Select from: ☑ Yes, disclosing
(1.22.15) Is this commodity considered significant to your business in terms of revenue?
Select from: ☑ No
(1.22.19) Please explain
We know that the majority comes from the United States. We are working to provide more comprehensive reporting next year. [Fixed row]
(1.23) Which of the following agricultural commodities that your organization produces and/or sources are the most significant to your business by revenue?
Cotton
(1.23.1) Produced and/or sourced

Dairy & egg products

Select from:

✓ No

(1.23.1) Produced and/or sourced
Select from:
☑ No
Fish and seafood from aquaculture
(1.23.1) Produced and/or sourced
Select from:
☑ No
Fruit
(1.23.1) Produced and/or sourced
Select from:
✓ Sourced
(1.23.2) % of revenue dependent on this agricultural commodity
Select from:
☑ 31-40%
(1.23.3) Is this commodity considered significant to your business in terms of revenue?
Select from:
✓ Yes
(1.23.4) Please explain
This includes canned fruit, fruit cups, and refrigerated fruit.

Maize/corn

(1.23.1) Produced and/or sourced
Select from: ✓ Sourced
(1.23.2) % of revenue dependent on this agricultural commodity
Select from:
(1.23.3) Is this commodity considered significant to your business in terms of revenue?
Select from:
✓ Yes
(1.23.4) Please explain
This includes all canned corn products.
Nuts
(1.23.1) Produced and/or sourced
Select from:
☑ No
Other grain (e.g., barley, oats)
(1.23.1) Produced and/or sourced
Select from:
☑ No
Other oilseeds (e.g. rapeseed oil)

(1.23.1) Produced and/or sourced
Select from: ✓ No
Poultry & hog
(1.23.1) Produced and/or sourced
Select from: ☑ Sourced
(1.23.2) % of revenue dependent on this agricultural commodity
Select from: ☑ 1-10%
(1.23.3) Is this commodity considered significant to your business in terms of revenue?
Select from: ☑ No
(1.23.4) Please explain
This includes our Chicken Broth products.
Rice
(1.23.1) Produced and/or sourced
Select from: ☑ No
Sugar

(1.23.1) Produced and/or sourced
Select from: ✓ Sourced
(1.23.2) % of revenue dependent on this agricultural commodity
Select from: ☑ 11-20%
(1.23.3) Is this commodity considered significant to your business in terms of revenue?
Select from: ✓ Yes
(1.23.4) Please explain
Since sugar is a minor input in some fruit, tea, and tomato products, we do not track the revenue dependent on this commodity specifically. This is an estimation based upon the products that contain sugar, however, sugar is a minor ingredient in those products.
Tea
(1.23.1) Produced and/or sourced
Select from: ✓ Sourced
(1.23.2) % of revenue dependent on this agricultural commodity
Select from: ☑ 1-10%

(1.23.3) Is this commodity considered significant to your business in terms of revenue?

Select from:

✓ No

This includes all Joyba Bubble Tea.

Tobacco

(1.23.1) Produced and/or sourced

Select from:

✓ No

Vegetable

(1.23.1) Produced and/or sourced

Select from:

Sourced

(1.23.2) % of revenue dependent on this agricultural commodity

Select from:

☑ 51-60%

(1.23.3) Is this commodity considered significant to your business in terms of revenue?

Select from:

✓ Yes

(1.23.4) Please explain

This includes all vegetable and tomato products.

Wheat

(1.23.1) Produced and/or sourced

Select from:

✓ No

Other commodity

(1.23.1) Produced and/or sourced

Select from:

✓ No

[Fixed row]

(1.24) Has your organization mapped its value chain?

(1.24.1) Value chain mapped

Select from:

☑ Yes, we have mapped or are currently in the process of mapping our value chain

(1.24.2) Value chain stages covered in mapping

Select all that apply

- ✓ Upstream value chain
- ✓ Downstream value chain

(1.24.3) Highest supplier tier mapped

Select from:

☑ Tier 1 suppliers

(1.24.4) Highest supplier tier known but not mapped

Select from:

☑ Tier 2 suppliers

(1.24.6) Smallholder inclusion in mapping

Select from:

☑ Smallholders not relevant, and not included

(1.24.7) Description of mapping process and coverage

DMFI leverages electronic tracking capabilities in our supplier and internal systems to follow materials from Tier 1 suppliers through Tier 1 customers. These systems are routinely challenged and tested to verify compliance with our requirements. The system that DMFI uses to track Tier 1 suppliers includes all supplier details, including a sustainability questionnaire. Suppliers are required to update their profile each year to remain in compliance with DMFI sourcing requirements. The mapping of our suppliers covers our full supply chain at the Tier 1 level.

[Fixed row]

(1.24.1) Have you mapped where in your direct operations or elsewhere in your value chain plastics are produced, commercialized, used, and/or disposed of?

(1.24.1.1) Plastics mapping

Select from:

☑ Yes, we have mapped or are currently in the process of mapping plastics in our value chain

(1.24.1.2) Value chain stages covered in mapping

Select all that apply

- Upstream value chain
- ✓ Downstream value chain
- ✓ End-of-life management

(1.24.1.4) End-of-life management pathways mapped

Select all that apply

Recycling

√	Landfill
[Fi	ixed row]

(1.24.2) Which commodities has your organization mapped in your upstream value chain (i.e., supply chain)?

Timber products

(1.24.2.1) Value chain mapped for this sourced commodity

Select from:

Yes

(1.24.2.2) Highest supplier tier mapped for this sourced commodity

Select from:

☑ Tier 1 suppliers

(1.24.2.3) % of tier 1 suppliers mapped

Select from:

☑ 100%

(1.24.2.7) Highest supplier tier known but not mapped for this sourced commodity

Select from:

✓ Tier 2 suppliers

Cattle products

(1.24.2.1) Value chain mapped for this sourced commodity

Select from:

✓ Yes

(1.24.2.2) Highest supplier tier mapped for this sourced commodity

Select from:

☑ Tier 1 suppliers

(1.24.2.3) % of tier 1 suppliers mapped

Select from:

☑ 100%

(1.24.2.7) Highest supplier tier known but not mapped for this sourced commodity

Select from:

☑ Tier 2 suppliers

[Fixed row]

- C2. Identification, assessment, and management of dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities
- (2.1) How does your organization define short-, medium-, and long-term time horizons in relation to the identification, assessment, and management of your environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities?

Short-term

(2.1.1) From (years)

0

(2.1.3) To (years)

1

(2.1.4) How this time horizon is linked to strategic and/or financial planning

The short-term time horizon is aligned with Del Monte's annual financial reporting as part of the Annual Operating Plan.

Medium-term

(2.1.1) From (years)

1

(2.1.3) To (years)

5

(2.1.4) How this time horizon is linked to strategic and/or financial planning

The mid-term time horizon is aligned with Del Monte's 5-year strategic plan, outlining goals and actions for business development.

Long-term

(2.1.1) From (years)

5

(2.1.2) Is your long-term time horizon open ended?

Select from:

Yes

(2.1.4) How this time horizon is linked to strategic and/or financial planning

The long-term time horizon aligns with Del Monte's multi-decade strategic plan, which outlines the vision, goals, and actions Del Monte intends to undertake over 30 years.

[Fixed row]

(2.2) Does your organization have a process for identifying, assessing, and managing environmental dependencies and/or impacts?

Process in place	Dependencies and/or impacts evaluated in this process
Select from: ✓ Yes	Select from: ☑ Both dependencies and impacts

[Fixed row]

(2.2.1) Does your organization have a process for identifying, assessing, and managing environmental risks and/or opportunities?

Process in hisca		Is this process informed by the dependencies and/or impacts process?
Select from: ✓ Yes	Select from: ☑ Both risks and opportunities	Select from: ✓ Yes

[Fixed row]

(2.2.2) Provide details of your organization's process for identifying, assessing, and managing environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and/or opportunities.

Row 1

(2.2.2.1) Environmental issue

Select all that apply

- ✓ Climate change
- ✓ Forests
- ✓ Water
- ✓ Plastics
- ✓ Biodiversity

(2.2.2.2) Indicate which of dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities are covered by the process for this environmental issue

Select all that apply

- ✓ Dependencies
- Impacts
- Risks
- Opportunities

(2.2.2.3) Value chain stages covered

Select all that apply

- ✓ Direct operations
- ✓ Upstream value chain
- ✓ Downstream value chain
- ✓ End of life management

(2.2.2.4) Coverage

Select from:

✓ Full

(2.2.2.5) Supplier tiers covered

Select all that apply

☑ Tier 1 suppliers

(2.2.2.7) Type of assessment

Select from:

✓ Qualitative and quantitative

(2.2.2.8) Frequency of assessment

Select from:

✓ More than once a year

(2.2.2.9) Time horizons covered

Select all that apply

- ✓ Short-term
- ✓ Medium-term
- ✓ Long-term

(2.2.2.10) Integration of risk management process

Select from:

✓ Integrated into multi-disciplinary organization-wide risk management process

(2.2.2.11) Location-specificity used

Select all that apply

- ✓ Site-specific
- ✓ Local
- ✓ Sub-national
- National

(2.2.2.12) Tools and methods used

Commercially/publicly available tools

✓ WRI Aqueduct

Enterprise Risk Management

- ☑ COSO Enterprise Risk Management Framework
- ☑ Enterprise Risk Management

Other

- ✓ Desk-based research
- ✓ External consultants
- ✓ Internal company methods
- ✓ Materiality assessment
- ✓ Partner and stakeholder consultation/analysis

(2.2.2.13) Risk types and criteria considered

Acute physical

- ✓ Drought
- ✓ Storm (including blizzards, dust, and sandstorms)

Chronic physical

- ☑ Changing temperature (air, freshwater, marine water)
- ☑ Groundwater depletion
- ✓ Increased severity of extreme weather events
- ☑ Soil degradation
- ✓ Water stress

Policy

- ✓ Carbon pricing mechanisms
- ☑ Other policy, please specify: Failure to regulate our waste and sewage could result in significant environmental fines

Market

✓ Availability and/or increased cost of raw materials

Reputation

- ✓ Impact on human health
- ☑ Increased partner and stakeholder concern and partner and stakeholder negative feedback
- ✓ Negative press coverage related to support of projects or activities with negative impacts on the environment (e.g. GHG emissions, deforestation & conversion, water stress)

Technology

✓ Data access/availability or monitoring systems

Liability

✓ Non-compliance with regulations

(2.2.2.14) Partners and stakeholders considered

Select all that apply

- ✓ NGOs
- Customers
- Employees
- Investors
- Suppliers

- Regulators
- ✓ Local communities

(2.2.2.15) Has this process changed since the previous reporting year?

Select from:

✓ No

(2.2.2.16) Further details of process

To ensure we address the issues most critical to our business and stakeholders—including consumers, employees, community members, and customers—we regularly conduct a comprehensive materiality assessment. This process involves detailed surveys and interviews to capture a wide range of perspectives. In 2024, we are refining our approach by aligning our materiality assessment with double materiality principles. Sustainability risks identified through this process are systematically integrated into our Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) framework for further assessment, prioritization, and management. ERM risks are assessed periodically and presented to the Audit and Risk Committee. Material risks are prioritized, and mitigation actions are developed. The Board of Directors reviews the top risks periodically, and significant risks are incorporated into the corporate risk register.

[Add row]

(2.2.7) Are the interconnections between environmental dependencies, impacts, risks and/or opportunities assessed?

(2.2.7.1) Interconnections between environmental dependencies, impacts, risks and/or opportunities assessed

Select from:

✓ Yes

(2.2.7.2) Description of how interconnections are assessed

Our materiality assessment and Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) framework are designed to evaluate and address the interconnections between environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities. Through the materiality assessment process, we identify and prioritize environmental factors that are critical to our business operations and stakeholders. This involves understanding both the dependencies our business has on natural resources and ecosystems, as well as the impacts our operations have on the environment. These insights are then integrated into our ERM framework, which facilitates the development of targeted mitigation actions and strategic responses. Once these dependencies and impacts are identified, we assess their potential risks and opportunities. For example, environmental

dependencies such as reliance on water or raw materials are analyzed for potential vulnerabilities or disruptions that could pose risks to our operations. Conversely, we also identify opportunities, such as innovations in sustainable agricultural practices, collaboration with growers, or improvements in resource efficiency, which could enhance our business resilience and competitive advantage.

[Fixed row]

(2.3) Have you identified priority locations across your value chain?

(2.3.1) Identification of priority locations

Select from:

✓ Yes, we have identified priority locations

(2.3.2) Value chain stages where priority locations have been identified

Select all that apply

- Direct operations
- ✓ Upstream value chain

(2.3.3) Types of priority locations identified

Sensitive locations

☑ Areas of limited water availability, flooding, and/or poor quality of water

Locations with substantive dependencies, impacts, risks, and/or opportunities

✓ Locations with substantive dependencies, impacts, risks, and/or opportunities relating to water

(2.3.4) Description of process to identify priority locations

We leverage WRI's Aqueduct Water Risk Atlas tool to map and analyze both current and future water risks across our locations and critical suppliers. This analysis enables us to prioritize water efficiency and recycling efforts, especially in regions identified as high-risk. In these areas, we work closely with our growers to implement sustainable agricultural practices that mitigate water-related risks.

(2.3.5) Will you be disclosing a list/spatial map of priority locations?

Select from:

☑ No, we have a list/geospatial map of priority locations, but we will not be disclosing it [Fixed row]

(2.4) How does your organization define substantive effects on your organization?

Risks

(2.4.1) Type of definition

Select all that apply

Qualitative

(2.4.6) Metrics considered in definition

Select all that apply

∠ Likelihood of effect occurring

☑ Other, please specify: Significance

(2.4.7) Application of definition

As part of our materiality assessment, stakeholders rated the significance of ESG topics on a scale of 1 to 4, with 1 indicating low importance and 4 indicating high importance. Additionally, ESG risks are evaluated using a matrix approach, where each risk is assessed based on its severity and likelihood, both on a scale of 1 to 5. This structured method allows us to effectively prioritize and manage risks based on their potential impact and probability.

Opportunities

(2.4.1) Type of definition

Select all that apply

Qualitative

(2.4.6) Metrics considered in definition

Select all that apply

- ☑ Likelihood of effect occurring
- ☑ Other, please specify: Significance

(2.4.7) Application of definition

As part of our materiality assessment, stakeholders rated the significance of ESG topics on a scale of 1 to 4, with 1 indicating low importance and 4 indicating high importance. Additionally, ESG risks are evaluated using a matrix approach, where each risk is assessed based on its severity and likelihood, both on a scale of 1 to 5. This structured method allows us to effectively prioritize and manage risks based on their potential impact and probability.

[Add row]

(2.5) Does your organization identify and classify potential water pollutants associated with its activities that could have a detrimental impact on water ecosystems or human health?

(2.5.1) Identification and classification of potential water pollutants

Select from:

✓ Yes, we identify and classify our potential water pollutants

(2.5.2) How potential water pollutants are identified and classified

DMFI is committed to sustainable water and effluent management, prioritizing both environmental protection and community well-being. We have implemented policies to reduce water usage, optimize processes, and prevent wastage, which are central to our broader commitment to sustainable water management. This includes efforts to improve our practices and reduce our environmental footprint. We have advanced effluent treatment processes in place to minimize pollution. Regular monitoring and testing of water quality are conducted to catch potential issues early. We also train our employees in responsible water usage and waste reduction, further reinforcing our commitment to environmental stewardship. When actual negative impacts do occur, we address them promptly. This involves responding quickly to any environmental violations or incidents, cooperating with authorities and local communities to remediate harm, and investing in clean-up efforts as necessary. Our proactive approach ensures that we manage these situations effectively and responsibly. Finally, we actively engage with key stakeholders to guide our decisions and actions. Input from local farming communities near our manufacturing facilities is taken into consideration, ensuring that their concerns and suggestions are addressed. We measure success through decreased use of pollutants and sustained or increased level of yield.

[Fixed row]

(2.5.1) Describe how your organization minimizes the adverse impacts of potential water pollutants on water ecosystems or human health associated with your activities.

Row 1

(2.5.1.1) Water pollutant category

Select from:

Nitrates

(2.5.1.2) Description of water pollutant and potential impacts

Nitrates, a common component of agricultural fertilizers, can become a significant water pollutant when they enter waterways through runoff or leaching from agricultural fields. Once in the water, nitrates pose a range of environmental and public health risks, particularly if they contaminate drinking water supplies. Elevated nitrate levels in water bodies can also lead to eutrophication—a process that triggers excessive growth of algae and aquatic plants. This, in turn, depletes oxygen levels, which can severely harm aquatic ecosystems.

(2.5.1.3) Value chain stage

Select all that apply

✓ Upstream value chain

(2.5.1.4) Actions and procedures to minimize adverse impacts

Select all that apply

- ✓ Provision of best practice instructions on product use
- ✓ Water recycling
- ✓ Procedure(s) under development/ R&D

(2.5.1.5) Please explain

We provide fertilizer recommendations to our growers aimed at minimizing the amount of fertilizer required to produce a crop, focusing on efficiency and environmental stewardship. This includes discussions on split applications and timing to optimize nutrient uptake while reducing the risk of runoff or leaching. We are also investing in agricultural research and our proprietary green bean breeding program, which is dedicated to reducing water, nutrient, and fungicide usage. Through this program, we develop and advance varieties that are disease-tolerant, water-efficient, and capable of producing their own nitrogen. To support our growers, we

invite them to our research trials, where we educate them on these new varieties and share our fertility recommendations. Our goal is to ensure that nutrients are applied at the correct rates to avoid waste and maximize crop health. Additionally, we have partnered with the University of Wisconsin on nitrogen studies in the Central Sands area of Wisconsin. These studies aim to determine the optimal nitrogen rates for green beans, and we actively share the resulting data with growers and industry members to promote best practices.

Row 2

(2.5.1.1) Water pollutant category

Select from:

Phosphates

(2.5.1.2) Description of water pollutant and potential impacts

Phosphates, commonly found in agricultural fertilizers, can become a significant water pollutant when they enter waterways through runoff from fields. Once in the water, phosphates contribute to a range of environmental issues, particularly by promoting eutrophication—a process that accelerates the growth of algae and aquatic plants. This excessive growth can lead to harmful algal blooms, which deplete oxygen levels in the water, creating dead zones where aquatic life cannot survive. The resulting imbalance in the ecosystem can harm fish populations, disrupt aquatic food chains, and degrade water quality.

(2.5.1.3) Value chain stage

Select all that apply

✓ Upstream value chain

(2.5.1.4) Actions and procedures to minimize adverse impacts

Select all that apply

- ✓ Provision of best practice instructions on product use
- ✓ Water recycling
- ✓ Procedure(s) under development/ R&D

(2.5.1.5) Please explain

We provide fertilizer recommendations to our growers aimed at minimizing the amount of fertilizer required to produce a crop, focusing on efficiency and environmental stewardship. This includes discussions on split applications and timing to optimize nutrient uptake while reducing the risk of runoff or leaching. We are also investing in agricultural research and our proprietary green bean breeding program, which is dedicated to reducing water, nutrient, and fungicide usage. Through

this program, we develop and advance varieties that are disease-tolerant, water-efficient, and capable of producing their own nitrogen. To support our growers, we invite them to our research trials, where we educate them on these new varieties and share our fertility recommendations. Our goal is to ensure that nutrients are applied at the correct rates to avoid waste and maximize crop health. Additionally, we have partnered with the University of Wisconsin on nitrogen studies in the Central Sands area of Wisconsin. These studies aim to determine the optimal nitrogen rates for green beans, and we actively share the resulting data with growers and industry members to promote best practices.

Row 3

(2.5.1.1) Water pollutant category

Select from:

Pesticides

(2.5.1.2) Description of water pollutant and potential impacts

Pesticides, commonly used in agriculture to control pests and protect crops, can become significant water pollutants when they enter waterways through runoff or leaching from treated fields. Once in the water, pesticides pose a range of harmful effects on both the environment and public health. These chemicals can contaminate drinking water supplies, leading to potential health risks. In aquatic ecosystems, pesticides can be highly toxic, resulting in reduced biodiversity and disruptions in the food chain. Moreover, some pesticides can persist in the environment, accumulating in the tissues of wildlife and causing long-term ecological damage.

(2.5.1.3) Value chain stage

Select all that apply

✓ Upstream value chain

(2.5.1.4) Actions and procedures to minimize adverse impacts

Select all that apply

- ✓ Provision of best practice instructions on product use
- ✓ Water recycling
- ✓ Procedure(s) under development/ R&D

(2.5.1.5) Please explain

We provide fertilizer recommendations to our growers aimed at minimizing the amount of fertilizer required to produce a crop, focusing on efficiency and environmental stewardship. This includes discussions on split applications and timing to optimize nutrient uptake while reducing the risk of runoff or leaching. We are also investing in agricultural research and our proprietary green bean breeding program, which is dedicated to reducing water, nutrient, and fungicide usage. Through this program, we develop and advance varieties that are disease-tolerant, water-efficient, and capable of producing their own nitrogen. To support our growers, we invite them to our research trials, where we educate them on these new varieties and share our fertility recommendations. Our goal is to ensure that nutrients are applied at the correct rates to avoid waste and maximize crop health. Additionally, we have partnered with the University of Wisconsin on nitrogen studies in the Central Sands area of Wisconsin. These studies aim to determine the optimal nitrogen rates for green beans, and we actively share the resulting data with growers and industry members to promote best practices.

[Add row]

C3. Disclosure of risks and opportunities

(3.1) Have you identified any environmental risks which have had a substantive effect on your organization in the reporting year, or are anticipated to have a substantive effect on your organization in the future?

Climate change

(3.1.1) Environmental risks identified

Select from:

☑ Yes, both in direct operations and upstream/downstream value chain

Forests

(3.1.1) Environmental risks identified

Select from:

✓ Yes, only in our upstream/downstream value chain

(3.1.2) Primary reason why your organization does not consider itself to have environmental risks in your direct operations and/or upstream/downstream value chain

Select from:

✓ Other, please specify: We do not own or manage land used to produce our products

(3.1.3) Please explain

We are actively working with our growers on sustainble agricultural practices

Water

(3.1.1) Environmental risks identified



✓ Yes, both in direct operations and upstream/downstream value chain

Plastics

(3.1.1) Environmental risks identified

Select from:

✓ No

(3.1.2) Primary reason why your organization does not consider itself to have environmental risks in your direct operations and/or upstream/downstream value chain

Select from:

☑ Environmental risks exist, but none with the potential to have a substantive effect on our organization.

(3.1.3) Please explain

Risks associated with plastics and other materials are evaluated as part of our materiality assessment and ERM process. To date, we have not identified any plastic-related risks that pose a substantive effect on our organization.

[Fixed row]

(3.1.1) Provide details of the environmental risks identified which have had a substantive effect on your organization in the reporting year, or are anticipated to have a substantive effect on your organization in the future.

Climate change

(3.1.1.1) Risk identifier

Select from:

✓ Risk2

(3.1.1.3) Risk types and primary environmental risk driver

Chronic physical

✓ Increased severity of extreme weather events

(3.1.1.4) Value chain stage where the risk occurs

Select from:

✓ Upstream value chain

(3.1.1.6) Country/area where the risk occurs

Select all that apply

Mexico

✓ United States of America

(3.1.1.9) Organization-specific description of risk

Changing climate conditions present a risk to U.S. agricultural production and, by extension, to DMFI's fruit and vegetable packing business. Rising temperatures, fluctuations in water availability, changes in soil moisture, and shifting pest patterns all impact crop growth and introduce volatility. Sourcing disruptions and crop damage from extreme weather events can lead to increased costs, often without the ability to pass them on to customers. For instance, in 2019, flooding and disease significantly damaged our contracted pea crops, forcing us to source alternatives at a higher cost to meet demand.

(3.1.1.11) Primary financial effect of the risk

Select from:

✓ Disruption in upstream value chain

(3.1.1.12) Time horizon over which the risk is anticipated to have a substantive effect on the organization

Select all that apply

✓ Short-term

(3.1.1.13) Likelihood of the risk having an effect within the anticipated time horizon

Select from:

✓ More likely than not

(3.1.1.14) Magnitude

Select from:

✓ Medium

(3.1.1.16) Anticipated effect of the risk on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the organization in the selected future time horizons

The risk of rising temperatures due to climate change poses challenges for agriculture, which could have effects on the organization's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. Rising temperatures can negatively impact crop yields, reduce the quality of produce, and increase the volatility of agricultural output. This can lead to higher costs for sourcing raw materials or may require investments in new technologies and infrastructure to adapt to changing conditions. The impact of climate change on agriculture could lead to increased operational costs due to the need for more irrigation, pest control, or other adaptive measures. These rising costs, coupled with potential reductions in crop yields and quality, can reduce profitability. The direct effect of rising temperatures on agriculture could lead to higher operating expenses, which may reduce operating cash flows.

(3.1.1.17) Are you able to quantify the financial effect of the risk?

Select from:

Yes

(3.1.1.19) Anticipated financial effect figure in the short-term – minimum (currency)

0

(3.1.1.20) Anticipated financial effect figure in the short-term – maximum (currency)

20000000

(3.1.1.25) Explanation of financial effect figure

Climate change poses significant financial risks to our company due to disruptions in growing conditions, such as storms and flooding. These disruptions can lead to limited supply and higher prices for contracted crops. Additionally, impacts on crop timing and quality can result in increased variable costs. While it is challenging to precisely quantify the financial impact of climate change, we estimate that climate-related risks could increase our costs by approximately 2%, which equates to

around 18.8 million based on last year's raw materials expenditure. This estimate provides valuable context, allowing us to better anticipate and address the potential financial effects of climate-related risks on our business.

(3.1.1.26) Primary response to risk

Engagement

☑ Engage with suppliers

(3.1.1.27) Cost of response to risk

50250

(3.1.1.28) Explanation of cost calculation

In response to weather related risks connected to climate change, we invest in software and weather monitoring tools so that we can implement proactive measures. The cost of this software is included in our cost of response to risk.

(3.1.1.29) Description of response

To manage climate-related risks, we maintain strong relationships with growers, implement proactive measures, track weather effects on crop quality, collaborate to reduce emissions and manage water use, and diversify our raw material sourcing. We also invest in software and weather monitoring capabilities to anticipate and respond to climate challenges, safeguarding our business operations and product availability.

Forests

(3.1.1.1) Risk identifier

Select from:

✓ Risk6

(3.1.1.2) Commodity

Select all that apply

✓ Timber products

(3.1.1.3) Risk types and primary environmental risk driver

Market

✓ Lack of availability and/or increased cost of certified sustainable material

(3.1.1.4) Value chain stage where the risk occurs

Select from:

✓ Upstream value chain

(3.1.1.6) Country/area where the risk occurs

Select all that apply

- Mexico
- United States of America

(3.1.1.9) Organization-specific description of risk

The lack of recycled timber content in paper packaging presents several risks. It can lead to higher material costs and supply chain disruptions due to the reliance on more expensive and less stable virgin timber. This approach may also harm the DMFI's reputation, as consumers increasingly demand sustainable practices, and could lead to regulatory compliance issues if stricter environmental laws are enforced. Additionally, using virgin timber over recycled content increases the environmental impact, potentially undermining the DMFI's sustainability efforts.

(3.1.1.11) Primary financial effect of the risk

Select from:

☑ Disruption in upstream value chain

(3.1.1.12) Time horizon over which the risk is anticipated to have a substantive effect on the organization

Select all that apply

✓ Medium-term

(3.1.1.13) Likelihood of the risk having an effect within the anticipated time horizon

Sele	ect.	fro	m·
OUN	<i>-</i> 01	$II \cup$	

Unlikely

(3.1.1.14) Magnitude

Select from:

✓ Low

(3.1.1.16) Anticipated effect of the risk on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the organization in the selected future time horizons

The risk of lacking access to recycled paper material could have several negative impacts on DMFI's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. If DMFI is unable to access recycled paper materials, it may have to rely on more expensive virgin paper. This could lead to increased production costs, which might erode profit margins and weaken DMFI's balance sheet. The higher costs could also reduce the company's competitiveness, potentially affecting its market share and overall financial stability. The increased reliance on virgin paper due to a lack of recycled material could lead to higher operating expenses. Additionally, DMFI's inability to use recycled materials might impact its ability to meet sustainability goals, potentially harming its brand image. Higher material costs from using non-recycled paper could reduce operating cash flows, as more cash would be tied up in production expenses. If DMFI needs to invest in sourcing alternative materials or in sustainability initiatives to offset the lack of recycled content, this could lead to increased capital expenditures.

(3.1.1.17) Are you able to quantify the financial effect of the risk?

Select from:

✓ No

(3.1.1.26) Primary response to risk

Engagement

☑ Engage with suppliers

(3.1.1.27) Cost of response to risk

0

(3.1.1.28) Explanation of cost calculation

Engaging with our suppliers and diversifying our supply chain are considered business-as-usual activities

(3.1.1.29) Description of response

DMFI engages with our suppliers and vendors and maintains a diverse supply chain to mitigate these risks.

Water

(3.1.1.1) Risk identifier

Select from:

✓ Risk3

(3.1.1.3) Risk types and primary environmental risk driver

Chronic physical

✓ Water stress

(3.1.1.4) Value chain stage where the risk occurs

Select from:

✓ Direct operations

(3.1.1.6) Country/area where the risk occurs

Select all that apply

✓ Mexico

✓ United States of America

(3.1.1.7) River basin where the risk occurs

Select all that apply

☑ Other, please specify: California River Basin Pacific Northwest River Basin Upper Mississippi River Basin

(3.1.1.9) Organization-specific description of risk

Water scarcity and pollution significantly impact agricultural production, including that of DMFI and its growers. As one of the largest consumers of the world's freshwater supply, the agricultural sector faces growing challenges in regions with increasing water limitations. DMFI relies on intensive water use, with some of our operations located in high-water-risk areas. Climate change further exacerbates this issue, with predictions of more frequent and severe droughts in regions where DMFI operates. California's ongoing drought cycles have already affected fruit tree crops, leading to changes in quality, volume, and pricing.

(3.1.1.11) Primary financial effect of the risk

Select from:

✓ Increased direct costs

(3.1.1.12) Time horizon over which the risk is anticipated to have a substantive effect on the organization

Select all that apply

✓ Medium-term

(3.1.1.13) Likelihood of the risk having an effect within the anticipated time horizon

Select from:

✓ About as likely as not

(3.1.1.14) Magnitude

Select from:

✓ Medium-high

(3.1.1.16) Anticipated effect of the risk on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the organization in the selected future time horizons

Water scarcity could have several adverse effects on DMFI's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. Drought conditions can severely impact crop yields, leading to reduced availability and higher costs for agricultural raw materials. This can increase production costs and reduce profit margins, weakening DMFI's financial position. Additionally, the need for investment in irrigation systems, drought-resistant crops, or alternative sourcing strategies could lead to increased capital expenditures, potentially increasing liabilities and reducing overall financial stability.

(3.1.1.17) Are you able to quantify the financial effect of the risk?

Select from:

Yes

(3.1.1.21) Anticipated financial effect figure in the medium-term – minimum (currency)

0

(3.1.1.22) Anticipated financial effect figure in the medium-term – maximum (currency)

173300000

(3.1.1.25) Explanation of financial effect figure

We have actively monitored and addressed water-related risks, and to date, we have not experienced significant financial impacts. However, we recognize the potential for water scarcity to impact our revenues in specific regions. If

(3.1.1.26) Primary response to risk

Infrastructure, technology and spending

☑ Adopt water efficiency, water reuse, recycling and conservation practices

(3.1.1.27) Cost of response to risk

0

(3.1.1.28) Explanation of cost calculation

Water conservation activities are considered business-as-usual activities.

(3.1.1.29) Description of response

We prioritize addressing water issues across our facilities by investing in projects that enhance water efficiency and reuse, such as recycling cooling water and implementing steam peeling technology. Our commitment to sustainability drives us to reduce freshwater usage and improve the quality of discharged water.

Recognizing the risks associated with water stress in some of our operational regions, we have made responsible water use a key priority throughout our business. Over the years, we have focused on optimizing irrigation practices in crop production and improving water efficiency in our manufacturing processes. In FY23, we set a new goal to further conserve water in our manufacturing plants. Our Water Reduction Task Force works closely with our Green Teams to identify and implement water-saving opportunities across our operations, emphasizing water recycling and sustainable agricultural practices. Additionally, DMFI aims to mitigate and offset higher costs by increasing operational efficiencies and exploring potential sourcing from other regions.

Water

(3.1.1.1) Risk identifier

Select from:

Risk4

(3.1.1.3) Risk types and primary environmental risk driver

Chronic physical

✓ Water stress

(3.1.1.4) Value chain stage where the risk occurs

Select from:

✓ Upstream value chain

(3.1.1.6) Country/area where the risk occurs

Select all that apply

✓ Mexico

✓ United States of America

(3.1.1.7) River basin where the risk occurs

Select all that apply

☑ Other, please specify: California River Basin Pacific Northwest River Basin Upper Mississippi River Basin

(3.1.1.9) Organization-specific description of risk

DMFI relies on crops grown in high-water-risk regions. In the future, these regions may face challenges that could render them unsuitable for crop production.

(3.1.1.11) Primary financial effect of the risk

Select from:

✓ Disruption in upstream value chain

(3.1.1.12) Time horizon over which the risk is anticipated to have a substantive effect on the organization

Select all that apply

✓ Medium-term

(3.1.1.13) Likelihood of the risk having an effect within the anticipated time horizon

Select from:

✓ About as likely as not

(3.1.1.14) Magnitude

Select from:

✓ Medium-high

(3.1.1.16) Anticipated effect of the risk on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the organization in the selected future time horizons

Water scarcity could have several adverse effects on DMFI's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. Drought conditions can severely impact crop yields, leading to reduced availability and higher costs for agricultural raw materials. This can increase production costs and reduce profit margins, weakening DMFI's financial position. Additionally, the need for investment in irrigation systems, drought-resistant crops, or alternative sourcing strategies could lead to increased capital expenditures, potentially increasing liabilities and reducing overall financial stability.

(3.1.1.17) Are you able to quantify the financial effect of the risk?

Select from:

V No

(3.1.1.26) Primary response to risk

Diversification

✓ Increase supplier diversification

(3.1.1.27) Cost of response to risk

0

(3.1.1.28) Explanation of cost calculation

Exploring alternate suppliers is considered a business-as-usual activity.

(3.1.1.29) Description of response

We are actively diversifying our product sourcing to include additional regions.

Climate change

(3.1.1.1) Risk identifier

Select from:

✓ Risk2

(3.1.1.3) Risk types and primary environmental risk driver

Chronic physical

✓ Increased severity of extreme weather events

(3.1.1.4) Value chain stage where the risk occurs

Select from:

✓ Direct operations

(3.1.1.6) Country/area where the risk occurs

Select all that apply

- Mexico
- ✓ United States of America

(3.1.1.9) Organization-specific description of risk

Severe weather events could disrupt our operations.

(3.1.1.11) Primary financial effect of the risk

Select from:

✓ Disruption in production capacity

(3.1.1.12) Time horizon over which the risk is anticipated to have a substantive effect on the organization

Select all that apply

- ✓ Short-term
- ✓ Medium-term
- ✓ Long-term

(3.1.1.13) Likelihood of the risk having an effect within the anticipated time horizon

Select from:

✓ Likely

(3.1.1.14) Magnitude

Select from:

✓ Medium

(3.1.1.16) Anticipated effect of the risk on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the organization in the selected future time horizons

The risk of severe weather events poses significant challenges for DMFI and could impact its financial position, financial performance, and cash flows in several ways. Severe weather events can cause physical damage to DMFI's facilities, infrastructure, and supply chain. Repair and recovery costs can be substantial, leading to unexpected capital expenditures that weaken DMFI's financial position. Additionally, if insurance coverage is insufficient or premiums rise due to increased risk, the financial burden could further strain the balance sheet. Disruptions to operations might also reduce DMFI's asset base, impacting overall financial stability. Operational disruptions caused by severe weather events can lead to production delays, reduced output, and lost revenue. If DMFI cannot meet customer demand or must incur higher costs to restore operations, profitability may decline. Severe weather events can create sudden and significant financial outflows due to emergency repairs, business continuity measures, or increased operating costs. These unexpected expenses can reduce operating cash flows, especially if revenue is simultaneously impacted by disrupted operations.

(3.1.1.17) Are you able to quantify the financial effect of the risk?

Select from:

✓ No

(3.1.1.26) Primary response to risk

Diversification

✓ Increase supplier diversification

(3.1.1.27) Cost of response to risk

0

(3.1.1.28) Explanation of cost calculation

Engaging with suppliers to increase diversification is considered a business-as-usual activity

(3.1.1.29) Description of response

DMFI responds to the risk of disrupted operations due to severe weather events by implementing a comprehensive risk management strategy that includes both preventative and responsive measures. We identify potential weather-related risks specific to our operations, such as floods, hurricanes, or extreme temperatures, and evaluate their potential impact. Then, we create a detailed plan that outlines how we will maintain or quickly resume critical operations during and after a severe

weather event. This plan includes communication protocols, alternative work arrangements, and emergency response procedures. Additionally, we have established relationships with suppliers in different geographical regions to reduce the risk of supply chain disruptions.

Water

(3.1.1.1) Risk identifier

Select from:

✓ Risk5

(3.1.1.3) Risk types and primary environmental risk driver

Policy

☑ Regulation of discharge quality/volumes

(3.1.1.4) Value chain stage where the risk occurs

Select from:

✓ Direct operations

(3.1.1.6) Country/area where the risk occurs

Select all that apply

- Mexico
- ✓ United States of America

(3.1.1.7) River basin where the risk occurs

Select all that apply

☑ Other, please specify: California River Basin Pacific Northwest River Basin Upper Mississippi River Basin

(3.1.1.9) Organization-specific description of risk

Failure to regulate our waste and sewage could result in significant environmental fines

(3.1.1.11) Primary financial effect of the risk

Select from:

☑ Fines, penalties or enforcement orders

(3.1.1.12) Time horizon over which the risk is anticipated to have a substantive effect on the organization

Select all that apply

- ✓ Short-term
- ✓ Medium-term
- ✓ Long-term

(3.1.1.13) Likelihood of the risk having an effect within the anticipated time horizon

Select from:

✓ About as likely as not

(3.1.1.14) Magnitude

Select from:

✓ Medium-low

(3.1.1.16) Anticipated effect of the risk on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the organization in the selected future time horizons

The effect has not been quantified financially.

(3.1.1.17) Are you able to quantify the financial effect of the risk?

Select from:

✓ No

(3.1.1.26) Primary response to risk

Policies and plans

☑ More ambitious environmental commitments and policies

(3.1.1.27) Cost of response to risk

0

(3.1.1.28) Explanation of cost calculation

Our response to this risk is included in our robust Environmental, Health and Safety protocols already established at DMFI and is conducted in the normal course of activities for this department.

(3.1.1.29) Description of response

We have implemented strict environmental reporting measures to ensure compliance with all relevant regulations regarding waste and sewage management. Our approach includes regular monitoring and adherence to best practices for waste disposal and sewage treatment. These proactive measures are designed to minimize the risk of non-compliance and avoid significant environmental fines.

Climate change

(3.1.1.1) Risk identifier

Select from:

✓ Risk1

(3.1.1.3) Risk types and primary environmental risk driver

Policy

✓ Carbon pricing mechanisms

(3.1.1.4) Value chain stage where the risk occurs

Select from:

✓ Direct operations

(3.1.1.6) Country/area where the risk occurs

Select all that apply

Mexico

✓ United States of America

(3.1.1.9) Organization-specific description of risk

We prioritize climate change, greenhouse gas emissions, and carbon pricing in our planning and decision-making processes, actively monitoring and mitigating risks. Regulatory attention to climate change poses a risk, particularly through AB 32 and cap and trade programs in California. While currently impacting one facility, costs are expected to rise as allowances decrease over time.

(3.1.1.11) Primary financial effect of the risk

Select from:

✓ Increased indirect [operating] costs

(3.1.1.12) Time horizon over which the risk is anticipated to have a substantive effect on the organization

Select all that apply

✓ Short-term

(3.1.1.13) Likelihood of the risk having an effect within the anticipated time horizon

Select from:

✓ About as likely as not

(3.1.1.14) Magnitude

Select from:

✓ Medium-low

(3.1.1.16) Anticipated effect of the risk on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the organization in the selected future time horizons

Carbon pricing, such as carbon taxes or cap-and-trade systems, could increase operating costs. The need to purchase carbon credits or pay higher taxes could strain DMFI's financial position by reducing net assets and increasing liabilities. Additionally, the financial burden of compliance could limit DMFI's ability to invest in growth initiatives. Increased operating expenses due to carbon pricing mechanisms could reduce operating cash flows, particularly if DMFI has significant carbon emissions. Compliance costs, such as purchasing carbon credits, investing in cleaner technologies, or paying carbon taxes, could divert cash away from other critical areas. The volatility of carbon credit markets could also introduce uncertainty in cash flow projections, complicating financial planning and liquidity management.

(3.1.1.17) Are you able to quantify the financial effect of the risk?

Select from:

Yes

(3.1.1.19) Anticipated financial effect figure in the short-term – minimum (currency)

0

(3.1.1.20) Anticipated financial effect figure in the short-term – maximum (currency)

800608

(3.1.1.25) Explanation of financial effect figure

The potential impact of AB32 varies based on factors like allowance prices and facility inclusion. Currently, only one facility is captured under the program. Purchasing all necessary allowances for this facility as of April 30, 2023 under the California Air Resources Board (CARB) maximum price of 81.50 would cost over 500,000 annually. It's important to note that indirect costs, such as higher electricity and natural gas prices affecting all facilities in California, are not included in this financial impact calculation.

(3.1.1.26) Primary response to risk

Compliance, monitoring and targets

☑ Implementation of environmental best practices in direct operations

(3.1.1.27) Cost of response to risk

50000

(3.1.1.28) Explanation of cost calculation

Approximate costs of engaging with outside consultants.

(3.1.1.29) Description of response

We prioritize the accurate monitoring and reporting of energy usage and greenhouse gas emissions, dedicating substantial resources to ensure accuracy. To achieve this, we enlist the expertise of consultants and include budget provisions annually for verification activities. To manage emissions-related risks, we actively explore reduction strategies, closely measure and monitor our emissions, identify opportunities for energy efficiency improvements, and implement innovative systems across our plants. These efforts not only support regulatory compliance but also mitigate risks to our business.

[Add row]

(3.1.2) Provide the amount and proportion of your financial metrics from the reporting year that are vulnerable to the substantive effects of environmental risks.

Climate change

(3.1.2.1) Financial metric

Select from:

Revenue

(3.1.2.2) Amount of financial metric vulnerable to transition risks for this environmental issue (unit currency as selected in 1.2)

1733102000

(3.1.2.3) % of total financial metric vulnerable to transition risks for this environmental issue

Select from:

☑ 100%

(3.1.2.4) Amount of financial metric vulnerable to physical risks for this environmental issue (unit currency as selected in 1.2)

(3.1.2.5)	% of total financial metric vulnerable to	to physical risks for this environmental issue
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Select from:

☑ 100%

(3.1.2.7) Explanation of financial figures

Most all of the products the DMFI sells to generate revenue are dependent on agricultural commodities which are vulnerable to climate change.

Forests

(3.1.2.1) Financial metric

Select from:

Revenue

(3.1.2.2) Amount of financial metric vulnerable to transition risks for this environmental issue (unit currency as selected in 1.2)

n

(3.1.2.3) % of total financial metric vulnerable to transition risks for this environmental issue

Select from:

✓ Less than 1%

(3.1.2.4) Amount of financial metric vulnerable to physical risks for this environmental issue (unit currency as selected in 1.2)

0

(3.1.2.5) % of total financial metric vulnerable to physical risks for this environmental issue

SA	lect	from:
UC1	ひしょ	II OIII.

✓ Less than 1%

(3.1.2.7) Explanation of financial figures

While DMFI uses paper products in its product packaging, our revenue is not derived from paper products specifically.

Water

(3.1.2.1) Financial metric

Select from:

Revenue

(3.1.2.2) Amount of financial metric vulnerable to transition risks for this environmental issue (unit currency as selected in 1.2)

1559791800

(3.1.2.3) % of total financial metric vulnerable to transition risks for this environmental issue

Select from:

☑ 81-90%

(3.1.2.4) Amount of financial metric vulnerable to physical risks for this environmental issue (unit currency as selected in 1.2)

1559791800

(3.1.2.5) % of total financial metric vulnerable to physical risks for this environmental issue

Select from:

✓ 81-90%

(3.1.2.7) Explanation of financial figures

Approximately 90% of our revenue is derived from fruit and vegetable production, which are vulnerable to effects of drought and water restriction. [Add row]

(3.2) Within each river basin, how many facilities are exposed to substantive effects of water-related risks, and what percentage of your total number of facilities does this represent?

Row 1

(3.2.1) Country/Area & River basin

United States of America

Mississippi River

(3.2.2) Value chain stages where facilities at risk have been identified in this river basin

Select all that apply

✓ Direct operations

(3.2.3) Number of facilities within direct operations exposed to water-related risk in this river basin

2

(3.2.4) % of your organization's total facilities within direct operations exposed to water-related risk in this river basin

Select from:

✓ 1-25%

(3.2.10) % organization's total global revenue that could be affected

Select from:

✓ 41-50%

(3.2.11) Please explain

This range represents revenue dependent upon the sale of vegetables, most of which are packed at our facilities located in the Mississippi River basin.

Row 2

(3.2.1) Country/Area & River basin

United States of America

☑ Other, please specify: San Joaquin River

(3.2.2) Value chain stages where facilities at risk have been identified in this river basin

Select all that apply

✓ Direct operations

(3.2.3) Number of facilities within direct operations exposed to water-related risk in this river basin

1

(3.2.4) % of your organization's total facilities within direct operations exposed to water-related risk in this river basin

Select from:

☑ 1-25%

(3.2.10) % organization's total global revenue that could be affected

Select from:

☑ 31-40%

(3.2.11) Please explain

This range represents our revenue dependent on the sale of fruit. Our largest fruit packing facility is located in the San Joaquin River Basin.

Row 3

(3.2.1) Country/Area & River basin

United States of America

☑ Other, please specify: Tulare River

(3.2.2) Value chain stages where facilities at risk have been identified in this river basin

Select all that apply

✓ Direct operations

(3.2.3) Number of facilities within direct operations exposed to water-related risk in this river basin

1

(3.2.4) % of your organization's total facilities within direct operations exposed to water-related risk in this river basin

Select from:

✓ 1-25%

(3.2.10) % organization's total global revenue that could be affected

Select from:

☑ 21-30%

(3.2.11) Please explain

This range represents the revenue derived from Tomato products, the majority of which are packed in our facility located in the Tulare River basin [Add row]

(3.3) In the reporting year, was your organization subject to any fines, enforcement orders, and/or other penalties for water-related regulatory violations?

Water-related regulatory violations	Comment
Select from: ☑ No	We did not incur water related regulatory violations during the reporting year.

[Fixed row]

(3.5) Are any of your operations or activities regulated by a carbon pricing system (i.e. ETS, Cap & Trade or Carbon Tax)?

Select from:

Yes

(3.5.1) Select the carbon pricing regulation(s) which impact your operations.

Select all that apply

✓ California CaT - ETS

(3.5.2) Provide details of each Emissions Trading Scheme (ETS) your organization is regulated by.

California CaT - ETS

(3.5.2.1) % of Scope 1 emissions covered by the ETS

51.9

(3.5.2.2) % of Scope 2 emissions covered by the ETS

n

(3.5.2.3) Period start date

01/01/2022

(3.5.2.4) Period end date

12/31/2022

(3.5.2.5) Allowances allocated

8871

(3.5.2.6) Allowances purchased

0

(3.5.2.7) Verified Scope 1 emissions in metric tons CO2e

28653

(3.5.2.8) Verified Scope 2 emissions in metric tons CO2e

0

(3.5.2.9) Details of ownership

Select from:

✓ Facilities we own and operate

(3.5.2.10) Comment

The information we have is not broken down by Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions, rather a total number. We have indicated all emissions as Scope 1 here. [Fixed row]

(3.5.4) What is your strategy for complying with the systems you are regulated by or anticipate being regulated by?

We have established a comprehensive strategy and dedicated team to ensure compliance with greenhouse gas (GHG) emission regulations and to actively minimize our GHG footprint. As part of this strategy, we integrate carbon pricing into our financial planning and risk assessments. In 2023, we remained below emissions

thresholds, and we anticipate the same for 2024. However, we are prepared to adjust as needed to meet future compliance requirements. Our proactive approach underscores our commitment to upholding environmental standards and minimizing our environmental impact.

(3.6) Have you identified any environmental opportunities which have had a substantive effect on your organization in the reporting year, or are anticipated to have a substantive effect on your organization in the future?

	Environmental opportunities identified
Climate change	Select from: ✓ Yes, we have identified opportunities, and some/all are being realized
Forests	Select from: ✓ Yes, we have identified opportunities, and some/all are being realized
Water	Select from: ✓ Yes, we have identified opportunities, and some/all are being realized

[Fixed row]

(3.6.1) Provide details of the environmental opportunities identified which have had a substantive effect on your organization in the reporting year, or are anticipated to have a substantive effect on your organization in the future.

Climate change

(3.6.1.1) Opportunity identifier

Select from:

✓ Opp1

(3.6.1.2) Commodity

Select all that apply

✓ Not applicable

(3.6.1.3) Opportunity type and primary environmental opportunity driver

Resource efficiency

✓ Move to more energy/resource efficient buildings

(3.6.1.4) Value chain stage where the opportunity occurs

Select from:

✓ Direct operations

(3.6.1.5) Country/area where the opportunity occurs

Select all that apply

Mexico

✓ United States of America

(3.6.1.8) Organization specific description

Energy costs are a major expense for our plants, making us susceptible to price fluctuations. However, we see this as a chance to enhance our energy efficiency and reduce reliance on volatile markets. We invest in energy-efficient measures and renewable energy to mitigate cost impacts and emissions. By continuously evaluating and optimizing our facilities, we prioritize energy efficiency in our climate-related efforts.

(3.6.1.9) Primary financial effect of the opportunity

Select from:

☑ Reduced indirect (operating) costs

(3.6.1.10) Time horizon over which the opportunity is anticipated to have a substantive effect on the organization

Select all that apply

√ Short-term

(3.6.1.11) Likelihood of the opportunity having an effect within the anticipated time horizon

Select from:

✓ More likely than not (50–100%)

(3.6.1.12) Magnitude

Select from:

✓ Medium-low

(3.6.1.14) Anticipated effect of the opportunity on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the organization in the selected future time horizons

Reducing energy costs presents a valuable opportunity that could lead to positive effects on DMFI's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. Lower energy costs would directly reduce operating expenses, which could lead to an improvement in profit margins. Over time, this can strengthen DMFI's balance sheet by increasing retained earnings and improving overall financial stability. Additionally, the savings from energy costs could be reallocated to other strategic initiatives or used to pay down existing liabilities, further enhancing the financial position. The immediate effect of reduced energy costs is an increase in operating cash flows, as lower expenses translate directly into more cash being retained within the business. Improved cash flows can enhance liquidity, allowing DMFI to fund other projects. Overall, the opportunity to reduce energy costs is expected to positively impact DMFI's financial health, making it a strategic priority that can drive long-term value creation.

(3.6.1.15) Are you able to quantify the financial effects of the opportunity?

Select from:

✓ Yes

(3.6.1.17) Anticipated financial effect figure in the short-term - minimum (currency)

13000000

(3.6.1.18) Anticipated financial effect figure in the short-term – maximum (currency)

26000000

(3.6.1.23) Explanation of financial effect figures

The estimated savings opportunity is calculated by reducing our energy bills related to electricity and natural gas by 5% as a minimum estimate and 10% as a maximum estimate. These savings are the result of strategic investments in cost-effective efficiency upgrades for our equipment. These upgrades have not only lowered our operational expenses but also reduced our emissions, giving us a competitive advantage over our peers.

(3.6.1.24) Cost to realize opportunity

0

(3.6.1.25) Explanation of cost calculation

The costs associated with equipment upgrades are considered part of our maintenance Capital Expenditures and are absorbed into business-as-usual activities.

(3.6.1.26) Strategy to realize opportunity

At our plants, initiatives like combined heat and power, selective catalytic reduction, and more achieved a 19% reduction in Scope 1 emissions and a 2.5% reduction in Scope 2 emissions as compared to our F21 baseline year. These accomplishments demonstrate our proactive approach to energy efficiency and its positive impact.

Forests

(3.6.1.1) Opportunity identifier

Select from:

✓ Opp6

(3.6.1.2) Commodity

Select all that apply

☑ Timber products

(3.6.1.3) Opportunity type and primary environmental opportunity driver

Markets

✓ Increased demand for certified and sustainable materials

(3.6.1.4) Value chain stage where the opportunity occurs

Select from:

✓ Downstream value chain

(3.6.1.5) Country/area where the opportunity occurs

Select all that apply

✓ United States of America

(3.6.1.8) Organization specific description

As more consumers prioritize environmentally friendly products, DMFI can capitalize on this trend by offering products packaged using sustainable paper that meet these demands. This can lead to Increased Sales and Market Share. By providing sustainable paper packaging, DMFI can attract environmentally conscious consumers, leading to higher sales and potentially gaining a competitive advantage in the market. This can result in an expanded customer base and increased market share, particularly in segments that prioritize sustainability.

(3.6.1.9) Primary financial effect of the opportunity

Select from:

✓ Increased revenues resulting from increased demand for products and services

(3.6.1.10) Time horizon over which the opportunity is anticipated to have a substantive effect on the organization

Select all that apply

✓ Medium-term

(3.6.1.11) Likelihood of the opportunity having an effect within the anticipated time horizon

Select from:

✓ About as likely as not (33–66%)

(3.6.1.12) Magnitude

Select from:

✓ Low

(3.6.1.14) Anticipated effect of the opportunity on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the organization in the selected future time horizons

The opportunity of increased demand for sustainable paper packaging can have several positive effects on the organization's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. As demand for sustainable paper packaging grows, the organization can strengthen its financial position by capturing a larger market share.

(3.6.1.15) Are you able to quantify the financial effects of the opportunity?

Select from:

✓ No

(3.6.1.24) Cost to realize opportunity

0

(3.6.1.25) Explanation of cost calculation

It is difficult to quantify the cost of certified or verified paper supplies as the market premiums change in response to demand.

(3.6.1.26) Strategy to realize opportunity

DMFI has engaged our suppliers of paper products through our Supplier Code of Conduct and our commitment to maintaining no deforestation in our supply chain.

Water

(3.6.1.1) Opportunity identifier

Select from:

✓ Opp5

(3.6.1.3) Opportunity type and primary environmental opportunity driver

Resource efficiency

☑ Reduced water usage and consumption

(3.6.1.4) Value chain stage where the opportunity occurs

Select from:

✓ Direct operations

(3.6.1.5) Country/area where the opportunity occurs

Select all that apply

- Mexico
- United States of America

(3.6.1.6) River basin where the opportunity occurs

Select all that apply

Mississippi River

(3.6.1.8) Organization specific description

We have an opportunity to enhance our operational sustainability by increasing water efficiency and recycling at our facilities. By investing in advanced water management technologies and practices, we can reduce our environmental footprint, lower operational costs, and strengthen our resilience against water scarcity risks.

(3.6.1.9) Primary financial effect of the opportunity

Select from:

✓ Reduced direct costs

(3.6.1.10) Time horizon over which the opportunity is anticipated to have a substantive effect on the organization

Select all that apply

☑ Short-term

(3.6.1.11) Likelihood of the opportunity having an effect within the anticipated time horizon

Select from:

✓ More likely than not (50–100%)

(3.6.1.12) Magnitude

Select from:

Medium-low

(3.6.1.14) Anticipated effect of the opportunity on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the organization in the selected future time horizons

The opportunity to achieve water use savings is likely to have a positive impact on DMFI's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows in several ways. Water use savings will reduce operating costs, which can strengthen DMFI's financial position over time. The reduction in water-related expenses could positively affect DMFI's financial performance. Additionally, the company may be able to market its water-saving initiatives as part of a broader sustainability strategy, potentially attracting environmentally conscious customers and generating additional revenue.

(3.6.1.15) Are you able to quantify the financial effects of the opportunity?

Select from:

V No

(3.6.1.24) Cost to realize opportunity

0

(3.6.1.25) Explanation of cost calculation

The costs associated with equipment upgrades are considered part of our maintenance Capital Expenditures and are absorbed into business-as-usual activities.

(3.6.1.26) Strategy to realize opportunity

To promote responsible water use, we have consistently worked to reduce our water consumption, from optimizing irrigation in crop production to improving efficiency in our manufacturing processes. In FY23, we set a new goal to further conserve water in our manufacturing plants. Our Water Reduction Task Force collaborates

closely with our Green Teams to identify opportunities for water savings, including recycling efforts in our operations and agricultural practices. For example, the introduction of a new tomato steam peeler at our Hanford, California plant has reduced water usage by more than 35 million gallons per year.

Climate change

(3.6.1.1) Opportunity identifier

Select from:

✓ Opp2

(3.6.1.3) Opportunity type and primary environmental opportunity driver

Markets

✓ Increased demand for certified and sustainable materials

(3.6.1.4) Value chain stage where the opportunity occurs

Select from:

✓ Direct operations

(3.6.1.5) Country/area where the opportunity occurs

Select all that apply

Mexico

✓ United States of America

(3.6.1.8) Organization specific description

As part of our commitment to sustainability, we have an opportunity to lead the industry by reducing environmental impact through innovative packaging solutions. This initiative will not only minimize our environmental footprint but also enhance our brand reputation and meet the growing consumer demand for eco-friendly products.

(3.6.1.9) Primary financial effect of the opportunity

Select from:

✓ Increased revenues resulting from increased production capacity

(3.6.1.10) Time horizon over which the opportunity is anticipated to have a substantive effect on the organization

Select all that apply

✓ Medium-term

(3.6.1.11) Likelihood of the opportunity having an effect within the anticipated time horizon

Select from:

✓ About as likely as not (33–66%)

(3.6.1.12) Magnitude

Select from:

✓ Medium-high

(3.6.1.14) Anticipated effect of the opportunity on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the organization in the selected future time horizons

The increased sales driven by customer demand for sustainable products can present opportunity for DMFI, with several anticipated effects on its financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. An increase in sales could directly contribute to revenue growth, which can enhance DMFI's financial position. The higher revenue stream could bolster the company's assets, potentially improving the equity base as profits accumulate over time. Additionally, the demand for sustainable products may strengthen the brand's market position and create long-term customer loyalty, which can lead to a more resilient and stable financial outlook. The opportunity to capitalize on customer demand for sustainable products is expected to drive financial benefits, contributing to a stronger financial position, enhanced performance metrics, and improved cash flow stability, all of which are crucial for DMFI's long-term success.

(3.6.1.15) Are you able to quantify the financial effects of the opportunity?

Select from:

V No

(3.6.1.24) Cost to realize opportunity

(3.6.1.25) Explanation of cost calculation

The time dedicated to these innovations is part of the normal course of business.

(3.6.1.26) Strategy to realize opportunity

Our packaging team is dedicated to reducing the environmental impact of our packaging while ensuring our foods remain fresh and safe to eat. We are continuously exploring ways to decrease the use of virgin materials in our packaging to reduce landfill waste and minimize our environmental footprint. Currently, only 7% of our total packaging by weight is plastic-based, with the remainder consisting of recyclable materials like paper, glass, and steel. By 2030, our goal is to make 100% of our plastic packaging recyclable, reusable, or compostable. In FY23, we made significant progress towards this goal by incorporating post-consumer resin (PCR) into the manufacturing of our JOYBA beverage cups. PCR, made from recycled plastic, moves us closer to our target of including 25% recycled content in our plastic packaging. Additionally, we have initiated storage studies on fruit cups made with PCR and continue to seek further opportunities to integrate PCR and other recycled materials into our packaging.

Climate change

(3.6.1.1) Opportunity identifier

Select from:

✓ Opp4

(3.6.1.3) Opportunity type and primary environmental opportunity driver

Markets

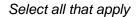
☑ Expansion into new markets

(3.6.1.4) Value chain stage where the opportunity occurs

Select from:

✓ Direct operations

(3.6.1.5) Country/area where the opportunity occurs



- ✓ Mexico
- ✓ United States of America

(3.6.1.6) River basin where the opportunity occurs

Select all that apply

Unknown

(3.6.1.8) Organization specific description

We conduct market research to understand consumer perceptions of green products. As consumers become increasingly aware of the health and environmental impacts of their food choices, demand for sustainable options is growing. In response, Del Monte Foods, as a plant-based food company, has launched several new products to meet this demand. Through continuous innovation, we are well-positioned to capitalize on opportunities in the climate-friendly food market.

(3.6.1.9) Primary financial effect of the opportunity

Select from:

✓ Increased revenues through access to new and emerging markets

(3.6.1.10) Time horizon over which the opportunity is anticipated to have a substantive effect on the organization

Select all that apply

✓ Medium-term

(3.6.1.11) Likelihood of the opportunity having an effect within the anticipated time horizon

Select from:

✓ More likely than not (50–100%)

(3.6.1.12) Magnitude

Select from:

Medium

(3.6.1.14) Anticipated effect of the opportunity on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the organization in the selected future time horizons

The increased sales driven by customer demand for sustainable products can present opportunity for DMFI, with several anticipated effects on its financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. An increase in sales could directly contribute to revenue growth, which can enhance DMFI's financial position. The higher revenue stream will bolster the company's assets, potentially improving the equity base as profits accumulate over time. Additionally, the demand for sustainable products may strengthen the brand's market position and create long-term customer loyalty, which can lead to a more resilient and stable financial outlook. The opportunity to capitalize on customer demand for sustainable products is expected to drive financial benefits, contributing to a stronger financial position, enhanced performance metrics, and improved cash flow stability, all of which are crucial for DMFI's long-term success.

(3.6.1.15) Are you able to quantify the financial effects of the opportunity?

Select from:

✓ Yes

(3.6.1.19) Anticipated financial effect figure in the medium-term - minimum (currency)

0

(3.6.1.20) Anticipated financial effect figure in the medium-term - maximum (currency)

173310200

(3.6.1.23) Explanation of financial effect figures

While there is growing interest in greener products, it has not yet had a substantial impact on our profits. However, we remain committed to investing in innovation. Predicting the exact financial effects of the increasing demand for sustainable, plant-based diets is challenging. The figure above represents the potential annual revenue increase associated with a 10% growth over one year. If demand for sustainable food were to rise by 10%, it would illustrate the potential influence of consumer preferences on our financial performance.

(3.6.1.24) Cost to realize opportunity

105000

(3.6.1.25) Explanation of cost calculation

This number represents approximately 35% of our R&D budget.

(3.6.1.26) Strategy to realize opportunity

We recognize the importance of understanding consumer preferences in a changing market. Although the demand for greener products hasn't significantly increased profits yet, we continue to invest in innovation and consumer insights. In FY23, we allocated 35% of our R&D budget to developing plant-based foods, resulting in several new products that align with consumer expectations for sustainability. Our strategy includes educating consumers, launching new products, and targeted advertising to capture a larger share of the sustainable food market.

[Add row]

(3.6.2) Provide the amount and proportion of your financial metrics in the reporting year that are aligned with the substantive effects of environmental opportunities.

Climate change

(3.6.2.1) Financial metric

Select from:

Revenue

(3.6.2.2) Amount of financial metric aligned with opportunities for this environmental issue (unit currency as selected in 1.2)

1733102000

(3.6.2.3) % of total financial metric aligned with opportunities for this environmental issue

Select from:

☑ 100%

(3.6.2.4) Explanation of financial figures

The brands that we generate revenues from all fall under the DMFI umbrella, and would be positively affected by reputational boosts associated with climate change opportunities.

Forests

(3.6.2.1) Financial metric

Select from:

✓ Revenue

(3.6.2.2) Amount of financial metric aligned with opportunities for this environmental issue (unit currency as selected in 1.2)

1733102000

(3.6.2.3) % of total financial metric aligned with opportunities for this environmental issue

Select from:

☑ 100%

(3.6.2.4) Explanation of financial figures

The brands that we generate revenues from all fall under the DMFI umbrella, and would be positively affected by reputational boosts associated with forests opportunities.

Water

(3.6.2.1) Financial metric

Select from:

Revenue

(3.6.2.2) Amount of financial metric aligned with opportunities for this environmental issue (unit currency as selected in 1.2)

0

(3.6.2.3) % of total financial metric aligned with opportunities for this environmental issue

Select from:

✓ Less than 1%

(3.6.2.4) Explanation of financial figures

The opportunities associated with water are related to costs savings opportunities rather than revenue generating opportunities. [Add row]

C4. Governance

(4.1) Does yo	our organization	have a board of	idirectors or an	equivalent o	governing	body	v?
•		, , .	3				g g .	,	۰

(4.1.1) Board of directors or equivalent governing body

Select from:

Yes

(4.1.2) Frequency with which the board or equivalent meets

Select from:

Quarterly

(4.1.3) Types of directors your board or equivalent is comprised of

Select all that apply

- ☑ Executive directors or equivalent
- ✓ Independent non-executive directors or equivalent

(4.1.4) Board diversity and inclusion policy

Select from:

✓ No

[Fixed row]

(4.1.1) Is there board-level oversight of environmental issues within your organization?

	Board-level oversight of this environmental issue
Climate change	Select from: ✓ Yes
Forests	Select from: ✓ Yes
Water	Select from: ✓ Yes
Biodiversity	Select from: ✓ Yes

[Fixed row]

(4.1.2) Identify the positions (do not include any names) of the individuals or committees on the board with accountability for environmental issues and provide details of the board's oversight of environmental issues.

Climate change

(4.1.2.1) Positions of individuals or committees with accountability for this environmental issue

Select all that apply

- ✓ Director on board
- ✓ Other C-Suite Officer
- ☑ Board-level committee

(4.1.2.2) Positions' accountability for this environmental issue is outlined in policies applicable to the board

Select from:

Yes

(4.1.2.3) Policies which outline the positions' accountability for this environmental issue

Select all that apply

✓ Individual role descriptions

(4.1.2.4) Frequency with which this environmental issue is a scheduled agenda item

Select from:

✓ Scheduled agenda item in some board meetings – at least annually

(4.1.2.5) Governance mechanisms into which this environmental issue is integrated

Select all that apply

- ☑ Monitoring progress towards corporate targets
- ✓ Overseeing and guiding acquisitions, mergers, and divestitures
- ✓ Overseeing and guiding major capital expenditures
- ☑ Reviewing and guiding annual budgets
- ☑ Approving and/or overseeing employee incentives

(4.1.2.7) Please explain

Sustainability is a top priority for our company's long-term growth. It's a key focus area that we include in our yearly plans. The DMPL and DMFI Boards regularly meet to assess our overall performance and progress towards our goals. The Audit and Risk Committee examines an internal audit report that identifies major risks, including environmental ones. If necessary, the Board reviews these risks. Because sustainability is a major focus, we work hard to achieve our environmental goals. The Board's regular reviews enable us to make important decisions, assess climate-related risks, and approve significant environmental investments. The full Board approves ESG goals and receives periodic updates.

Forests

(4.1.2.1) Positions of individuals or committees with accountability for this environmental issue

- ✓ Director on board
- ▼ Board-level committee

(4.1.2.2) Positions' accountability for this environmental issue is outlined in policies applicable to the board

Select from:

Yes

(4.1.2.3) Policies which outline the positions' accountability for this environmental issue

Select all that apply

✓ Individual role descriptions

(4.1.2.4) Frequency with which this environmental issue is a scheduled agenda item

Select from:

✓ Sporadic – agenda item as important matters arise

(4.1.2.5) Governance mechanisms into which this environmental issue is integrated

Select all that apply

☑ Approving corporate policies and/or commitments

(4.1.2.7) Please explain

Sustainability is a top priority for our company's long-term growth. It's a key focus area that we include in our yearly plans. The DMPL and DMFI Boards regularly meet to assess our overall performance and progress towards our goals. The Audit and Risk Committee examines an internal audit report that identifies major risks, including environmental ones. If necessary, the Board reviews these risks. Because sustainability is a major focus, we work hard to achieve our environmental goals. The Board's regular reviews enable us to make important decisions, assess climate-related risks, and approve significant environmental investments. The full Board approves ESG goals and receives periodic updates.

Water

(4.1.2.1) Positions of individuals or committees with accountability for this environmental issue

- ✓ Director on board
- ▼ Board-level committee

(4.1.2.2) Positions' accountability for this environmental issue is outlined in policies applicable to the board

Select from:

Yes

(4.1.2.3) Policies which outline the positions' accountability for this environmental issue

Select all that apply

✓ Individual role descriptions

(4.1.2.4) Frequency with which this environmental issue is a scheduled agenda item

Select from:

☑ Sporadic – agenda item as important matters arise

(4.1.2.5) Governance mechanisms into which this environmental issue is integrated

Select all that apply

☑ Approving corporate policies and/or commitments

(4.1.2.7) Please explain

Sustainability is a top priority for our company's long-term growth. It's a key focus area that we include in our yearly plans. The DMPL and DMFI Boards regularly meet to assess our overall performance and progress towards our goals. The Audit and Risk Committee examines an internal audit report that identifies major risks, including environmental ones. If necessary, the Board reviews these risks. Because sustainability is a major focus, we work hard to achieve our environmental goals. The Board's regular reviews enable us to make important decisions, assess climate-related risks, and approve significant environmental investments. The full Board approves ESG goals and receives periodic updates.

Biodiversity

(4.1.2.1) Positions of individuals or committees with accountability for this environmental issue

- ✓ Director on board
- ☑ Board-level committee

(4.1.2.2) Positions' accountability for this environmental issue is outlined in policies applicable to the board

Select from:

Yes

(4.1.2.3) Policies which outline the positions' accountability for this environmental issue

Select all that apply

✓ Individual role descriptions

(4.1.2.4) Frequency with which this environmental issue is a scheduled agenda item

Select from:

✓ Sporadic – agenda item as important matters arise

(4.1.2.5) Governance mechanisms into which this environmental issue is integrated

Select all that apply

☑ Approving corporate policies and/or commitments

(4.1.2.7) Please explain

Sustainability is a top priority for our company's long-term growth. It's a key focus area that we include in our yearly plans. The DMPL and DMFI Boards regularly meet to assess our overall performance and progress towards our goals. The Audit and Risk Committee examines an internal audit report that identifies major risks, including environmental ones. If necessary, the Board reviews these risks. Because sustainability is a major focus, we work hard to achieve our environmental goals. The Board's regular reviews enable us to make important decisions, assess climate-related risks, and approve significant environmental investments. The full Board approves ESG goals and receives periodic updates.

[Fixed row]

(4.2) Does your organization's board have competency on environmental issues?

Climate change

(4.2.1) Board-level competency on this environmental issue

Select from:

Yes

(4.2.2) Mechanisms to maintain an environmentally competent board

Select all that apply

- ☑ Consulting regularly with an internal, permanent, subject-expert working group
- ☑ Regular training for directors on environmental issues, industry best practice, and standards (e.g., TCFD, SBTi)
- ☑ Having at least one board member with expertise on this environmental issue

(4.2.3) Environmental expertise of the board member

Academic

✓ Postgraduate education (e.g., MSc/MA/PhD in environment and sustainability, climate science, environmental science, water resources management, forestry, etc.), please specify

Experience

- ✓ Management-level experience in a role focused on environmental issues
- ☑ Staff-level experience in a role focused on environmental issues
- ✓ Active member of an environmental committee or organization

Forests

(4.2.1) Board-level competency on this environmental issue

Select from:

Yes

(4.2.2) Mechanisms to maintain an environmentally competent board

Select all that apply

☑ Regular training for directors on environmental issues, industry best practice, and standards (e.g., TCFD, SBTi)

Water

(4.2.1) Board-level competency on this environmental issue

Select from:

Yes

(4.2.2) Mechanisms to maintain an environmentally competent board

Select all that apply

☑ Regular training for directors on environmental issues, industry best practice, and standards (e.g., TCFD, SBTi) [Fixed row]

(4.3) Is there management-level responsibility for environmental issues within your organization?

	Management-level responsibility for this environmental issue
Climate change	Select from: ✓ Yes
Forests	Select from: ✓ Yes
Water	Select from: ✓ Yes
Biodiversity	Select from: ✓ Yes

[Fixed row]

(4.3.1) Provide the highest senior management-level positions or committees with responsibility for environmental issues (do not include the names of individuals).

Climate change

(4.3.1.1) Position of individual or committee with responsibility

Executive level

✓ Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

(4.3.1.2) Environmental responsibilities of this position

Dependencies, impacts, risks and opportunities

- ✓ Assessing environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities
- ☑ Managing environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities

Policies, commitments, and targets

☑ Measuring progress towards environmental corporate targets

(4.3.1.4) Reporting line

Select from:

☑ Reports to the board directly

(4.3.1.5) Frequency of reporting to the board on environmental issues

Select from:

✓ More frequently than quarterly

(4.3.1.6) Please explain

DMFI has a well-structured organizational program that effectively manages various risks, including finance, operations, compliance, technology, and sustainability. Each department has a responsibility to integrate sustainability into their work, guided by the DMFI ESG Team. DMFI Director of ESG oversees climate-related matters across the company, while the DMFI Sustainability Council focuses on specific sustainability goals. This organizational structure promotes collaboration, goal attainment, and effective management of climate actions. The DMFI Director of ESG ensures the day-to-day management of climate-related issues, reporting to the SVP Corp Communications and Technical Development and working closely with the DMPL CR Leadership Team and Board. This structure fosters coordination and enables efficient climate action management.

Forests

(4.3.1.1) Position of individual or committee with responsibility

Executive level

✓ Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

(4.3.1.2) Environmental responsibilities of this position

Dependencies, impacts, risks and opportunities

- ✓ Assessing environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities
- ☑ Managing environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities

Policies, commitments, and targets

☑ Measuring progress towards environmental corporate targets

(4.3.1.4) Reporting line

Select from:

☑ Reports to the board directly

(4.3.1.5) Frequency of reporting to the board on environmental issues

Select from:

✓ More frequently than quarterly

(4.3.1.6) Please explain

DMFI has a well-structured organizational program that effectively manages various risks, including finance, operations, compliance, technology, and sustainability. Each department has a responsibility to integrate sustainability into their work, guided by the DMFI ESG Team. DMFI Director of ESG oversees climate-related matters across the company, while the DMFI Sustainability Council focuses on specific sustainability goals. This organizational structure promotes collaboration, goal attainment, and effective management of climate actions. The DMFI Director of ESG ensures the day-to-day management of climate-related issues, reporting to the SVP Corp Communications and Technical Development and working closely with the DMPL CR Leadership Team and Board. This structure fosters coordination and enables efficient climate action management.

Water

(4.3.1.1) Position of individual or committee with responsibility

Executive level

☑ Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

(4.3.1.2) Environmental responsibilities of this position

Dependencies, impacts, risks and opportunities

- ✓ Assessing environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities
- ☑ Managing environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities

Policies, commitments, and targets

☑ Measuring progress towards environmental corporate targets

(4.3.1.4) Reporting line

Select from:

☑ Reports to the board directly

(4.3.1.5) Frequency of reporting to the board on environmental issues

Select from:

✓ More frequently than quarterly

(4.3.1.6) Please explain

DMFI has a well-structured organizational program that effectively manages various risks, including finance, operations, compliance, technology, and sustainability. Each department has a responsibility to integrate sustainability into their work, guided by the DMFI ESG Team. DMFI Director of ESG oversees climate-related matters across the company, while the DMFI Sustainability Council focuses on specific sustainability goals. This organizational structure promotes collaboration, goal attainment, and effective management of climate actions. The DMFI Director of ESG ensures the day-to-day management of climate-related issues, reporting to the SVP Corp Communications and Technical Development and working closely with the DMPL CR Leadership Team and Board. This structure fosters coordination and enables efficient climate action management.

Biodiversity

(4.3.1.1) Position of individual or committee with responsibility

Executive level

☑ Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

(4.3.1.2) Environmental responsibilities of this position

Dependencies, impacts, risks and opportunities

- ✓ Assessing environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities
- ☑ Managing environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities

Policies, commitments, and targets

☑ Measuring progress towards environmental corporate targets

(4.3.1.4) Reporting line

Select from:

☑ Reports to the board directly

(4.3.1.5) Frequency of reporting to the board on environmental issues

✓ More frequently than quarterly

(4.3.1.6) Please explain

DMFI has a well-structured organizational program that effectively manages various risks, including finance, operations, compliance, technology, and sustainability. Each department has a responsibility to integrate sustainability into their work, guided by the DMFI ESG Team. DMFI Director of ESG oversees climate-related matters across the company, while the DMFI Sustainability Council focuses on specific sustainability goals. This organizational structure promotes collaboration, goal attainment, and effective management of climate actions. The DMFI Director of ESG ensures the day-to-day management of climate-related issues, reporting to the SVP Corp Communications and Technical Development and working closely with the DMPL CR Leadership Team and Board. This structure fosters coordination and enables efficient climate action management.

[Add row]

(4.5) Do you provide monetary incentives for the management of environmental issues, including the attainment of targets?

	Provision of monetary incentives related to this environmental issue	% of total C-suite and board- level monetary incentives linked to the management of this environmental issue	Please explain
Climate change	Select from: ✓ Yes	12	There are functional objectives tied to achieving sustainability goals. Progress impacts compensation.
Forests	Select from: ✓ Yes	12	There are functional objectives tied to achieving sustainability goals. Progress impacts compensation.
Water	Select from: ✓ Yes	12	There are functional objectives tied to achieving sustainability goals. Progress impacts compensation.

[Fixed row]

(4.5.1) Provide further details on the monetary incentives provided for the management of environmental issues (do not include the names of individuals).

Climate change

(4.5.1.1) Position entitled to monetary incentive

Board or executive level

✓ Other C-Suite Officer, please specify: Chief Communications and Technical Officer

(4.5.1.2) Incentives

Select all that apply

✓ Bonus - % of salary

(4.5.1.3) Performance metrics

Targets

- ✓ Progress towards environmental targets
- ☑ Achievement of environmental targets
- ✓ Organization performance against an environmental sustainability index
- ☑ Reduction in absolute emissions in line with net-zero target

Emission reduction

☑ Reduction in absolute emissions

(4.5.1.4) Incentive plan the incentives are linked to

Select from:

☑ Short-Term Incentive Plan, or equivalent, only (e.g. contractual annual bonus)

(4.5.1.5) Further details of incentives

The Chief Communications and Technical officer reports to the CEO and has climate-change related goals attached to her yearly incentive plan.

(4.5.1.6) How the position's incentives contribute to the achievement of your environmental commitments and/or climate transition plan

The performance metrics are linked to key achievements in our carbon emissions reduction plan, including the reduction of absolute emissions and the achievement of both our near term and long-term carbon reduction goals.

Forests

(4.5.1.1) Position entitled to monetary incentive

Board or executive level

✓ Other C-Suite Officer, please specify: Chief Communications and Technical Officer

(4.5.1.2) Incentives

Select all that apply

✓ Bonus - % of salary

(4.5.1.3) Performance metrics

Targets

- ✓ Progress towards environmental targets
- ☑ Achievement of environmental targets
- ✓ Organization performance against an environmental sustainability index

Resource use and efficiency

☑ Eliminating deforestation and conversion of other natural ecosystems in direct operations and/or other parts of the value chain

(4.5.1.4) Incentive plan the incentives are linked to

Select from:

☑ Short-Term Incentive Plan, or equivalent, only (e.g. contractual annual bonus)

(4.5.1.5) Further details of incentives

The Chief Communications and Technical officer reports to the CEO and has forests-related goals attached to her yearly incentive plan.

(4.5.1.6) How the position's incentives contribute to the achievement of your environmental commitments and/or climate transition plan

The performance metrics are directly linked to key milestones in our commitment to maintaining zero deforestation across our operations and supply chain. While deforestation-linked commodities are not highly relevant to Del Monte Foods, we remain vigilant in managing the minimal contributions of commodities like timber and wood fiber, which are considered deforestation-linked but have a negligible impact on our overall footprint and FLAG emissions.

Water

(4.5.1.1) Position entitled to monetary incentive

Board or executive level

☑ Chief Operating Officer (COO)

(4.5.1.2) Incentives

Select all that apply

✓ Bonus - % of salary

(4.5.1.3) Performance metrics

Targets

- ✓ Progress towards environmental targets
- ☑ Achievement of environmental targets
- ✓ Organization performance against an environmental sustainability index

Resource use and efficiency

- ☑ Reduction in water consumption volumes direct operations
- ✓ Reduction of water withdrawal and/or consumption volumes upstream value chain (excluding direct operations)

Improvements in water emblency — unect oberation	rovements in water efficiency – direct operati	lons
--	--	------

✓ Improvements in water efficiency – upstream value chain (excluding direct operations)

(4.5.1.4) Incentive plan the incentives are linked to

Select from:

☑ Short-Term Incentive Plan, or equivalent, only (e.g. contractual annual bonus)

(4.5.1.5) Further details of incentives

The SVP Operations reports to the CEO and has water-related goals attached to her yearly incentive plan.

(4.5.1.6) How the position's incentives contribute to the achievement of your environmental commitments and/or climate transition plan

The performance metrics are directly linked to key milestones in our water use reduction plan, encompassing both our near-term and long-term water conservation goals. This includes achieving a 1% reduction in water usage at our plants (saving 18 million gallons) by April 30, 2024, through actions such as the implementation of new tomato steam peelers, the use of drip irrigation for targeted application of water, and the recycling of water in our agricultural processes.

[Add row]

(4.6) Does your organization have an environmental policy that addresses environmental issues?

Does your organization have any environmental policies?
Select from: ✓ Yes

[Fixed row]

(4.6.1) Provide details of your environmental policies.

Row 1

(4.6.1.1) Environmental issues covered

Select all that apply

- ✓ Climate change
- Forests
- Water

(4.6.1.2) Level of coverage

Select from:

✓ Organization-wide

(4.6.1.3) Value chain stages covered

Select all that apply

✓ Upstream value chain

(4.6.1.4) Explain the coverage

Our Supplier Code of Conduct articulates our expectations for suppliers to mitigate environmental impacts. This includes reducing deforestation, greenhouse gas emissions, and waste generation, as well as protecting water resources through restorative and conservation initiatives. Our Supplier Code of Conduct also supports sustainability and traceability efforts across the entire supply chain. Our supplier code of conduct was updated in 2024. Additionally, in 2024, we established a comprehensive Deforestation Policy, reinforcing our commitment to a no-deforestation approach, with a particular emphasis on our high-risk beef and paper supply chains.

(4.6.1.5) Environmental policy content

Environmental commitments

- ☑ Commitment to comply with regulations and mandatory standards
- ☑ Commitment to stakeholder engagement and capacity building on environmental issues

Climate-specific commitments

☑ Commitment to net-zero emissions

Water-specific commitments

- ☑ Commitment to reduce water consumption volumes
- ☑ Commitment to water stewardship and/or collective action

(4.6.1.6) Indicate whether your environmental policy is in line with global environmental treaties or policy goals

Select all that apply

✓ Yes, in line with another global environmental treaty or policy goal, please specify

(4.6.1.7) Public availability

Select from:

✓ Publicly available

(4.6.1.8) Attach the policy

Del Monte Foods_Supplier Code of Conduct_2024.pdf [Add row]

(4.10) Are you a signatory or member of any environmental collaborative frameworks or initiatives?

(4.10.1) Are you a signatory or member of any environmental collaborative frameworks or initiatives?

Select from:

Yes

(4.10.2) Collaborative framework or initiative

Select all that apply

☑ Science-Based Targets Initiative (SBTi)

(4.10.3) Describe your organization's role within each framework or initiative

We developed new 2030 carbon reduction targets in alignment with the Forest, Land, and Agriculture (FLAG) science-based target setting guidance, currently under development by the Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi). FLAG is the world's first standard that enables companies in land-intensive sectors to set science-based targets that include both land-based emissions reductions and removals. While our goals will be validated by SBTi in FY24, we have already begun crafting a roadmap to achieve these new targets.

[Fixed row]

(4.11) In the reporting year, did your organization engage in activities that could directly or indirectly influence policy, law, or regulation that may (positively or negatively) impact the environment?

(4.11.1) External engagement activities that could directly or indirectly influence policy, law, or regulation that may impact the environment

Select all that apply

✓ Yes, we engaged indirectly through, and/or provided financial or in-kind support to a trade association or other intermediary organization or individual whose activities could influence policy, law, or regulation

(4.11.2) Indicate whether your organization has a public commitment or position statement to conduct your engagement activities in line with global environmental treaties or policy goals

Select from:

☑ Yes, we have a public commitment or position statement in line with global environmental treaties or policy goals

(4.11.3) Global environmental treaties or policy goals in line with public commitment or position statement

Select all that apply

- Paris Agreement
- ☑ Another global environmental treaty or policy goal, please specify

(4.11.4) Attach commitment or position statement

Del Monte Foods 2023 ESG Report.pdf

(4.11.5) Indicate whether your organization is registered on a transparency register

Select from:

Unknown

(4.11.8) Describe the process your organization has in place to ensure that your external engagement activities are consistent with your environmental commitments and/or transition plan

We have a Sustainability Council which is comprised of senior leaders across organizational disciplines who are directly responsible for the areas required to achieve our Net Zero climate goal. This council meets at least quarterly and works to identify, monitor and oversee implementation of actions to achieve our carbon reduction goals. We have committed to creating a Science Based Target, which will be aligned with the Paris Agreement.

[Fixed row]

(4.11.2) Provide details of your indirect engagement on policy, law, or regulation that may (positively or negatively) impact the environment through trade associations or other intermediary organizations or individuals in the reporting year.

Row 1

(4.11.2.1) Type of indirect engagement

Select from:

✓ Indirect engagement via a trade association

(4.11.2.4) Trade association

North America

☑ Other trade association in North America, please specify :Consumer Brands Association

(4.11.2.5) Environmental issues relevant to the policies, laws, or regulations on which the organization or individual has taken a position

- Climate change
- ✓ Forests

(4.11.2.6) Indicate whether your organization's position is consistent with the organization or individual you engage with

Select from:

Consistent

(4.11.2.7) Indicate whether your organization attempted to influence the organization or individual's position in the reporting year

Select from:

✓ No, we did not attempt to influence their position

(4.11.2.8) Describe how your organization's position is consistent with or differs from the organization or individual's position, and any actions taken to influence their position

The CBA works towards national regulatory solutions that benefit consumers, rather than relying on state-level regulations. One of their main initiatives focuses on creating a sustainable future through improved recycling and reimagined packaging and recycling systems. Through our involvement with the CBA, we receive regular updates on regulatory matters, enabling us to engage and provide feedback on emerging policies that are relevant to our business.

(4.11.2.9) Funding figure your organization provided to this organization or individual in the reporting year (currency)

50000

(4.11.2.10) Describe the aim of this funding and how it could influence policy, law or regulation that may impact the environment

The Consumer Brands Association's Recycling Leadership Council (RLC) unites a diverse group of stakeholders from consumer-facing industries and the packaging and recycling ecosystem to build a public policy framework to fundamentally reimagine the U.S. recycling system.

(4.11.2.11) Indicate if you have evaluated whether your organization's engagement is aligned with global environmental treaties or policy goals

Select from:

✓ Yes, we have evaluated, and it is aligned

(4.11.2.12) Global environmental treaties or policy goals aligned with your organization's engagement on policy, law or regulation

Select all that apply

✓ Paris Agreement [Add row]

(4.12) Have you published information about your organization's response to environmental issues for this reporting year in places other than your CDP response?

Select from:

Yes

(4.12.1) Provide details on the information published about your organization's response to environmental issues for this reporting year in places other than your CDP response. Please attach the publication.

Row 1

(4.12.1.1) **Publication**

Select from:

✓ In voluntary sustainability reports

(4.12.1.3) Environmental issues covered in publication

Select all that apply

- ✓ Climate change
- Water

(4.12.1.4) Status of the publication

Select from:

Complete

(4.12.1.5) Content elements

Select all that apply

- ✓ Governance
- Strategy

(4.12.1.6) Page/section reference

Pages 8 -23

(4.12.1.7) Attach the relevant publication

Del Monte Foods 2023 ESG Report.pdf

(4.12.1.8) Comment

The identified pages detail our goals and achievements related to environmental issues. [Add row]

C5. Business strategy

(5.1) Does your organization use scenario analysis to identify environmental outcomes?

Climate change

(5.1.1) Use of scenario analysis

Select from:

✓ No, but we plan to within the next two years

(5.1.3) Primary reason why your organization has not used scenario analysis

Select from:

✓ Lack of internal resources, capabilities, or expertise (e.g., due to organization size)

(5.1.4) Explain why your organization has not used scenario analysis

We recognize the importance of conducting a comprehensive scenario analysis to better understand and mitigate the potential impacts of climate change on our business. However, due to limited internal resources, we have not yet been able to undertake this analysis. Despite these constraints, we are committed to addressing this critical issue and have planned to conduct a scenario analysis within the next two years. This will enable us to more effectively identify and manage climate, water, and forest-related risks, ensuring our long-term resilience and sustainability.

Forests

(5.1.1) Use of scenario analysis

Select from:

✓ No, but we plan to within the next two years

(5.1.3) Primary reason why your organization has not used scenario analysis

Select from:

✓ Lack of internal resources, capabilities, or expertise (e.g., due to organization size)

(5.1.4) Explain why your organization has not used scenario analysis

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Water

(5.1.1) Use of scenario analysis

Select from:

✓ No, but we plan to within the next two years

(5.1.3) Primary reason why your organization has not used scenario analysis

Select from:

✓ Lack of internal resources, capabilities, or expertise (e.g., due to organization size)

(5.1.4) Explain why your organization has not used scenario analysis

We recognize the importance of conducting a comprehensive scenario analysis to better understand and mitigate the potential impacts of climate change on our business. However, due to limited internal resources, we have not yet been able to undertake this analysis. Despite these constraints, we are committed to addressing this critical issue and have planned to conduct a scenario analysis within the next two years. This will enable us to more effectively identify and manage climate, water, and forest-related risks, ensuring our long-term resilience and sustainability.

[Fixed row]

(5.2) Does your organization's strategy include a climate transition plan?

(5.2.1) Transition plan

Select from:

✓ Yes, we have a climate transition plan which aligns with a 1.5°C world

(5.2.3) Publicly available climate transition plan

Select from:

✓ No

(5.2.4) Plan explicitly commits to cease all spending on, and revenue generation from, activities that contribute to fossil fuel expansion

Select from:

✓ No, but we plan to add an explicit commitment within the next two years

(5.2.6) Explain why your organization does not explicitly commit to cease all spending on and revenue generation from activities that contribute to fossil fuel expansion

DMFI is deeply committed to sustainability and addressing climate change. We are currently in the process of developing a comprehensive net zero pathway that aligns with our long-term strategic goals. This process involves thorough analysis and planning to ensure that our transition away from fossil fuel-related activities is both effective and sustainable. We understand the importance of transparency and the urgency of the climate crisis, but it is crucial that our commitments are backed by a solid and actionable plan. Prematurely committing to cease all spending on and revenue generation from activities related to fossil fuel expansion without a fully developed and realistic transition strategy could lead to unintended consequences, including disruptions to our operations, financial instability, or failure to meet our overall sustainability goals. Our priority is to create a net zero strategy that is not only ambitious but also credible and achievable. Once we have completed the development of this pathway, we will be in a better position to disclose our commitments, including any changes to our involvement in fossil fuel-related activities. In the meantime, we are actively working on initiatives that reduce our carbon footprint and support the global transition to a low-carbon economy.

(5.2.7) Mechanism by which feedback is collected from shareholders on your climate transition plan

Select from:

✓ Not applicable as our organization does not have shareholders

(5.2.8) Description of feedback mechanism

Our climate transition plan is reviewed and refined internally by our ESG council. Progress and planned actions against our climate transition plan are reported to the Board.

(5.2.10) Description of key assumptions and dependencies on which the transition plan relies

Our climate transition plan examines the opportunities available to help DMFI achieve our GHG reduction goals, while also identifying strategies to address any remaining gaps. This empowers us with the necessary insights to prioritize key focus areas in our sustainability efforts, both in the near term and long term. It's important to recognize that none of these roadmap levers operate in isolation; each one will have broader impacts on the environment and our business beyond just reducing GHG emissions. The climate transition plan is designed to be a dynamic and iterative tool. As pilot initiatives are launched, data quality improves, and business operations evolve, the actions within the roadmap will be refined accordingly. The current actions are modeled on assumptions relevant to our business today, but these may change over time. For instance, the roadmap model assumes a 2.5% linear annual growth rate for your organization, and it is specifically focused on our near-term targets.

(5.2.11) Description of progress against transition plan disclosed in current or previous reporting period

This is the first transition plan that we have reported on. We are currently assessing individual actions within the plan with the relevant functional experts and stakeholders as part of the ESG council.

(5.2.13) Other environmental issues that your climate transition plan considers

Select all that apply

Water

✓ Biodiversity

(5.2.14) Explain how the other environmental issues are considered in your climate transition plan

In our climate transition plan, DMFI prioritizes not only reducing greenhouse gas emissions but also addressing other vital environmental issues like water quality, water quantity, soil health, and biodiversity. For example, the increased use of renewable energy reduces water consumption and pollution, while shifting to organic ingredients and adopting reduced tillage practices enhance soil health and support biodiversity. Packaging recycling reduces landfill waste, thus protecting water and soil from contamination, and the use of cover crops helps conserve water and prevent erosion, while also fostering diverse ecosystems. By integrating these levers—increased use of renewable energy, recycling, organic ingredients, reduced tillage, and cover crops—into our strategy, we aim to support climate actions that contribute to broader environmental sustainability. Our approach is designed to create a balanced and resilient system that aligns with both our climate goals and our commitment to preserving and enhancing natural resources.

[Fixed row]

(5.3) Have environmental risks and opportunities affected your strategy and/or financial planning?

(5.3.1) Environmental risks and/or opportunities have affected your strategy and/or financial planning

Select from:

✓ Yes, both strategy and financial planning

(5.3.2) Business areas where environmental risks and/or opportunities have affected your strategy

Select all that apply

- Products and services
- ✓ Upstream/downstream value chain
- ✓ Investment in R&D
- Operations

[Fixed row]

(5.3.1) Describe where and how environmental risks and opportunities have affected your strategy.

Products and services

(5.3.1.1) Effect type

Select all that apply

Opportunities

(5.3.1.2) Environmental issues relevant to the risks and/or opportunities that have affected your strategy in this area

Select all that apply

- ✓ Climate change
- ✓ Forests
- Water

(5.3.1.3) Describe how environmental risks and/or opportunities have affected your strategy in this area

We recognize the financial potential of the growing demand for green, plant-based products that reduce greenhouse gas emissions. We allocate a portion of our annual R&D budget to innovation, resulting in the development of new and improved products annually. Labelling in the plant-based market is a near-term opportunity for us.

Upstream/downstream value chain

(5.3.1.1) Effect type

Select all that apply

Opportunities

(5.3.1.2) Environmental issues relevant to the risks and/or opportunities that have affected your strategy in this area

Select all that apply

✓ Climate change

(5.3.1.3) Describe how environmental risks and/or opportunities have affected your strategy in this area

Our long-term strategic plan focuses on addressing climate-related risks in our supply chain. We aim to reduce transportation impact by targeting a 20% decrease in empty miles and a 14% increase in truckload efficiency by 2025. Collaborating with value chain partners, we strategically select distribution center locations, explore lighter packaging options, and incentivize full truck orders. Our most significant decision has been outsourcing transportation to a national provider, optimizing routes through multi-modal solutions. This near-term opportunity emphasizes prompt execution to minimize emissions and costs while enhancing our environmental footprint.

Investment in R&D

(5.3.1.1) Effect type

Select all that apply

Opportunities

(5.3.1.2) Environmental issues relevant to the risks and/or opportunities that have affected your strategy in this area

Select all that apply

✓ Climate change

(5.3.1.3) Describe how environmental risks and/or opportunities have affected your strategy in this area

We recognize the impact of packaging on customers, consumers, and transportation providers. Our long-term strategy focuses on optimizing our operations and supply chain footprint in response to climate change. We allocate a portion of our R&D budget to innovative packaging solutions, aiming to reduce materials like metal, plastic, and corrugate. Through testing and collaboration, we develop lightweight materials that meet functional needs. We continue to work with our suppliers and partners for plastic waste and sustainability and continue to engage in developing bioplastics. The optimization of packaging is a near-term opportunity to minimize waste and environmental impact.

Operations

(5.3.1.1) Effect type

Select all that apply

Opportunities

(5.3.1.2) Environmental issues relevant to the risks and/or opportunities that have affected your strategy in this area

Select all that apply

- ✓ Climate change
- Water

(5.3.1.3) Describe how environmental risks and/or opportunities have affected your strategy in this area

We acknowledge the impact of climate-related factors on our operations and contracted farmers. We actively assess risks related to water availability, quality, and utility cost increases due to regulations. Our strategy centers on reducing emissions by continuously seeking efficiency improvements. Through energy audits, we identify low-cost investments and prioritize resource efficiency. We implement initiatives at our facilities like combined heat and power systems, selective catalytic reduction units, and backpressure turbine generators. We prioritize optimizing our operations in the near term, embracing sustainability, and reducing emissions. [Add row]

(5.3.2) Describe where and how environmental risks and opportunities have affected your financial planning.

Row 1

(5.3.2.1) Financial planning elements that have been affected

Select all that apply

✓ Indirect costs

✓ Acquisitions and divestments

(5.3.2.2) Effect type

Select all that apply

Opportunities

(5.3.2.3) Environmental issues relevant to the risks and/or opportunities that have affected these financial planning elements

Select all that apply

✓ Climate change

(5.3.2.4) Describe how environmental risks and/or opportunities have affected these financial planning elements

We underwent a business transformation to optimize efficiency, driven by climate-related risks and opportunities in FY23. We divested less efficient operations, formed co-packing partnerships, and explored distribution centre optimization. We outsourced transportation resulting in reduced costs and emissions through optimized route planning and multimodal transport. Climate considerations greatly impact financial planning for acquisitions and divestments. [Add row]

(5.4) In your organization's financial accounting, do you identify spending/revenue that is aligned with your organization's climate transition?

	Methodology or framework used to assess alignment with your organization's climate transition	
Select from: ✓ Yes	Select all that apply ☑ Other methodology or framework	

[Fixed row]

(5.4.1) Quantify the amount and percentage share of your spending/revenue that is aligned with your organization's climate transition.

Row 1

(5.4.1.1) Methodology or framework used to assess alignment

Select from:

☑ Other, please specify: Internal Financial Metrics

(5.4.1.5) Financial metric

Select from:

✓ CAPEX

(5.4.1.6) Amount of selected financial metric that is aligned in the reporting year (currency)

500000

(5.4.1.7) Percentage share of selected financial metric aligned in the reporting year (%)

1

(5.4.1.8) Percentage share of selected financial metric planned to align in 2025 (%)

2

(5.4.1.9) Percentage share of selected financial metric planned to align in 2030 (%)

5

(5.4.1.12) Details of the methodology or framework used to assess alignment with your organization's climate transition

DMFI aims to provide directional cost estimates for meeting climate targets that align with industry best practices. This involves exploring strategic investments across our value chain to guide our efforts toward achieving near-term science-based targets. Our approach includes identifying the financial implications—both operational

expenditures (OPEX) and capital expenditures (CAPEX)—associated with proposed actions. These estimates are based on a combination of internal data, real-world industry insights, and key assumptions to ensure accuracy in our projections. Our financial model forecasts these investments over a 6-year timeline, with a target year of 2030. The model assumes a 2.5% linear annual growth rate and incorporates historical inflation rates to ensure realistic projections. Projects that align with our climate transition plan and contribute to greenhouse gas emissions reduction are prioritized within our framework, ensuring that our financial strategy supports our overarching sustainability goals.

[Add row]

(5.9) What is the trend in your organization's water-related capital expenditure (CAPEX) and operating expenditure (OPEX) for the reporting year, and the anticipated trend for the next reporting year?

(5.9.1) Water-related CAPEX (+/- % change)

15

(5.9.2) Anticipated forward trend for CAPEX (+/- % change)

15

(5.9.3) Water-related OPEX (+/- % change)

15

(5.9.4) Anticipated forward trend for OPEX (+/- % change)

15

(5.9.5) Please explain

These figures are estimates. We have increased our investments in water savings and reuse projects at our manufacturing facilities. We expect to continue to increase investments in these areas in future years as we work to achieve our goal of 1% water savings annually.

[Fixed row]

(5.10) Does your organization use an internal price on environmental externalities?

Use of internal pricing of environmental externalities	Environmental externality priced
Select from: ✓ Yes	Select all that apply ☑ Carbon

[Fixed row]

(5.10.1) Provide details of your organization's internal price on carbon.

Row 1

(5.10.1.1) Type of pricing scheme

Select from:

✓ Implicit price

(5.10.1.2) Objectives for implementing internal price

Select all that apply

- ✓ Navigate regulations
- ✓ Drive energy efficiency
- ✓ Conduct cost-benefit analysis
- ✓ Influence strategy and/or financial planning
- ☑ Incentivize consideration of climate-related issues in decision making

(5.10.1.3) Factors considered when determining the price

Select all that apply

☑ Alignment with the price of allowances under an Emissions Trading Scheme

✓ Incentivize consideration of climate-related issues in risk assessment

(5.10.1.4) Calculation methodology and assumptions made in determining the price

Our internal price of carbon is linked to the California Air Resources Board's annual price ceiling sale price.

(5.10.1.5) Scopes covered

Select all that apply

✓ Scope 1

(5.10.1.6) Pricing approach used – spatial variance

Select from:

Uniform

(5.10.1.8) Pricing approach used – temporal variance

Select from:

☑ Evolutionary

(5.10.1.9) Indicate how you expect the price to change over time

We expect the price to increase over time based on the four-year trend of CARB pricing.

(5.10.1.10) Minimum actual price used (currency per metric ton CO2e)

0

(5.10.1.11) Maximum actual price used (currency per metric ton CO2e)

81.5

(5.10.1.12) Business decision-making processes the internal price is applied to

Select all that apply

Capital expenditure

✓ Operations				
(5.10.1.13) Internal price is mandatory within business decision-making processes				
Select from: ☑ No				
(5.10.1.14) % total emissions in the reporting year in selected scopes this internal price covers				
2.9				

(5.10.1.15) Pricing approach is monitored and evaluated to achieve objectives

Select from:

✓ No

[Add row]

(5.11) Do you engage with your value chain on environmental issues?

Suppliers

(5.11.1) Engaging with this stakeholder on environmental issues

Select from:

Yes

(5.11.2) Environmental issues covered

Select all that apply

- ✓ Climate change
- ✓ Forests
- ✓ Water

Smallholders

(5.11.1) Engaging with this stakeholder on environmental issues

Select from:

✓ No, and we do not plan to within the next two years

(5.11.3) Primary reason for not engaging with this stakeholder on environmental issues

Select from:

✓ Not an immediate strategic priority

(5.11.4) Explain why you do not engage with this stakeholder on environmental issues

We currently do not source from smallholders due to the nature and scale of our business

Customers

(5.11.1) Engaging with this stakeholder on environmental issues

Select from:

Yes

(5.11.2) Environmental issues covered

Select all that apply

- ✓ Climate change
- ✓ Forests
- ✓ Water

Investors and shareholders

(5.11.1) Engaging with this stakeholder on environmental issues

✓ Yes			
(5.11.2) Environmental	issues covered		
Select all that apply			
✓ Climate change			
✓ Forests			
✓ Water			

Other value chain stakeholders

(5.11.1) Engaging with this stakeholder on environmental issues

Select from:

Select from:

Yes

(5.11.2) Environmental issues covered

Select all that apply

- ✓ Climate change
- ✓ Forests
- Water

[Fixed row]

(5.11.1) Does your organization assess and classify suppliers according to their dependencies and/or impacts on the environment?

Climate change

(5.11.1.1) Assessment of supplier dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

Select from:

✓ Yes, we assess the dependencies and/or impacts of our suppliers

(5.11.1.2) Criteria for assessing supplier dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

Select all that apply

☑ Contribution to supplier-related Scope 3 emissions

(5.11.1.3) % Tier 1 suppliers assessed

Select from:

☑ 100%

(5.11.1.4) Define a threshold for classifying suppliers as having substantive dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

To establish thresholds for identifying suppliers with significant dependencies and/or environmental impacts related to Scope 3 emissions, DMFI focuses on those that contribute a substantial portion of our overall emissions. Suppliers responsible for more than 10% of our total Scope 3 emissions are classified as having a substantive impact. This approach ensures that attention is directed toward the largest contributors to our carbon footprint, allowing for targeted carbon management.

(5.11.1.5) % Tier 1 suppliers meeting the thresholds for substantive dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

Select from:

✓ Less than 1%

(5.11.1.6) Number of Tier 1 suppliers meeting the thresholds for substantive dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

1

Forests

(5.11.1.1) Assessment of supplier dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

Select from:

✓ Yes, we assess the dependencies and/or impacts of our suppliers

(5.11.1.2) Criteria for assessing supplier dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

Select all that apply

✓ Impact on deforestation or conversion of other natural ecosystems

(5.11.1.3) % Tier 1 suppliers assessed

Select from:

☑ 100%

(5.11.1.4) Define a threshold for classifying suppliers as having substantive dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

To establish thresholds for identifying suppliers with significant dependencies and/or environmental impacts related to forests, DMFI focuses on those that supply commodities that are associated with deforestation. At DMFI, this means Suppliers who provide either Beef or Timber products would be classified as having a substantive impact. This approach ensures that attention is directed toward the highest risk commodities associated with deforestation risks.

(5.11.1.5) % Tier 1 suppliers meeting the thresholds for substantive dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

Select from:

✓ 1-25%

(5.11.1.6) Number of Tier 1 suppliers meeting the thresholds for substantive dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

14

Water

(5.11.1.1) Assessment of supplier dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

Select from:

✓ Yes, we assess the dependencies and/or impacts of our suppliers

(5.11.1.2) Criteria for assessing supplier dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

Select all that apply

- ✓ Dependence on water

(5.11.1.3) % Tier 1 suppliers assessed

Select from:

☑ 100%

(5.11.1.4) Define a threshold for classifying suppliers as having substantive dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

To establish thresholds for identifying suppliers with significant dependencies and/or environmental impacts related to water scarcity, DMFI focuses on those that supply raw agricultural commodities located in high-water stress regions.

(5.11.1.5) % Tier 1 suppliers meeting the thresholds for substantive dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

Select from:

✓ 51-75%

(5.11.1.6) Number of Tier 1 suppliers meeting the thresholds for substantive dependencies and/or impacts on the environment

800

[Fixed row]

(5.11.2) Does your organization prioritize which suppliers to engage with on environmental issues?

Climate change

(5.11.2.1) Supplier engagement prioritization on this environmental issue

Select from:

✓ Yes, we prioritize which suppliers to engage with on this environmental issue

(5.11.2.2) Criteria informing which suppliers are prioritized for engagement on this environmental issue

Select all that apply

- ✓ Material sourcing
- ✓ Product safety and compliance
- ☑ Regulatory compliance
- ✓ Strategic status of suppliers

(5.11.2.4) Please explain

We do consider environmental performance, existence of climate goals, and regulatory compliance in our sourcing process.

Forests

(5.11.2.1) Supplier engagement prioritization on this environmental issue

Select from:

✓ Yes, we prioritize which suppliers to engage with on this environmental issue

(5.11.2.2) Criteria informing which suppliers are prioritized for engagement on this environmental issue

Select all that apply

- ✓ Material sourcing
- ✓ Product safety and compliance

(5.11.2.4) Please explain

We do consider country of origin and level of deforestation risk for high impact products when sourcing.

Water

(5.11.2.1) Supplier engagement prioritization on this environmental issue

Select from:

☑ No, we do not prioritize which suppliers to engage with on this environmental issue

(5.11.2.3) Primary reason for no supplier prioritization on this environmental issue

Select from:

✓ Lack of internal resources, capabilities or expertise (e.g., due to organization size)

(5.11.2.4) Please explain

At this time, we only collect water data from our agricultural suppliers, but this does not include all suppliers. [Fixed row]

(5.11.5) Do your suppliers have to meet environmental requirements as part of your organization's purchasing process?

Climate change

(5.11.5.1) Suppliers have to meet specific environmental requirements related to this environmental issue as part of the purchasing process

Select from:

✓ Yes, environmental requirements related to this environmental issue are included in our supplier contracts

(5.11.5.2) Policy in place for addressing supplier non-compliance

Select from:

✓ Yes, we have a policy in place for addressing non-compliance

(5.11.5.3) Comment

As a condition of doing business with Del Monte Foods, suppliers must comply with our Code of Conduct. If Del Monte Foods determines that any supplier has violated this Code, Del Monte may at its discretion either terminate its business relationship and/or require the supplier to implement a corrective action plan.

Forests

(5.11.5.1) Suppliers have to meet specific environmental requirements related to this environmental issue as part of the purchasing process

Select from:

✓ Yes, environmental requirements related to this environmental issue are included in our supplier contracts

(5.11.5.2) Policy in place for addressing supplier non-compliance

Select from:

✓ Yes, we have a policy in place for addressing non-compliance

(5.11.5.3) Comment

As a condition of doing business with Del Monte Foods, suppliers must comply with our Code of Conduct. If Del Monte Foods determines that any supplier has violated this Code, Del Monte may at its discretion either terminate its business relationship and/or require the supplier to implement a corrective action plan.

Water

(5.11.5.1) Suppliers have to meet specific environmental requirements related to this environmental issue as part of the purchasing process

Select from:

☑ Yes, environmental requirements related to this environmental issue are included in our supplier contracts

(5.11.5.2) Policy in place for addressing supplier non-compliance

Select from:

✓ Yes, we have a policy in place for addressing non-compliance

(5.11.5.3) Comment

As a condition of doing business with Del Monte Foods, suppliers must comply with our Code of Conduct. If Del Monte Foods determines that any supplier has violated this Code, Del Monte may at its discretion either terminate its business relationship and/or require the supplier to implement a corrective action plan. [Fixed row]

(5.11.6) Provide details of the environmental requirements that suppliers have to meet as part of your organization's purchasing process, and the compliance measures in place.

Climate change

(5.11.6.1) Environmental requirement

Select from:

✓ Other, please specify :Complying with regulatory requirements

(5.11.6.2) Mechanisms for monitoring compliance with this environmental requirement

Select all that apply

☑ Supplier self-assessment

(5.11.6.3) % tier 1 suppliers by procurement spend required to comply with this environmental requirement

Select from:

✓ 100%

(5.11.6.4) % tier 1 suppliers by procurement spend in compliance with this environmental requirement

Select from:

☑ 100%

(5.11.6.7) % tier 1 supplier-related scope 3 emissions attributable to the suppliers required to comply with this environmental requirement

Select from:

100%

(5.11.6.8) % tier 1 supplier-related scope 3 emissions attributable to the suppliers in compliance with this environmental requirement

Select from:

✓ None

(5.11.6.9) Response to supplier non-compliance with this environmental requirement

Select from:

✓ Exclude

(5.11.6.12) Comment

Suppliers are expected to adhere to the Supplier Code of Conduct, which lays our expectations for working with DMFI. The Code of Conduct addresses environmental issues and climate change. Suppliers who work with DMFI answer a sustainability survey every 3 years through our traceability platform TraceGains.

Forests

(5.11.6.1) Environmental requirement

Select from:

✓ No deforestation or conversion of other natural ecosystems

(5.11.6.2) Mechanisms for monitoring compliance with this environmental requirement

Select all that apply

✓ Supplier self-assessment

(5.11.6.3) % tier 1 suppliers by procurement spend required to comply with this environmental requirement

Select from:

☑ 100%

(5.11.6.4) % tier 1 suppliers by procurement spend in compliance with this environmental requirement

Select from:

☑ 76-99%

(5.11.6.5) % tier 1 suppliers with substantive environmental dependencies and/or impacts related to this environmental issue required to comply with this environmental requirement

Select from:

☑ 100%

(5.11.6.6) % tier 1 suppliers with substantive environmental dependencies and/or impacts related to this environmental issue that are in compliance with this environmental requirement

Select from:

☑ 100%

(5.11.6.9) Response to supplier non-compliance with this environmental requirement

Select from:

Exclude

(5.11.6.12) Comment

Suppliers are expected to confirm that their operations and supply chains do not directly contribute to deforestation or loss of biodiversity and to comply with DMFI's requests for more information about traceability. Del Monte will prioritize working with suppliers who commit to no deforestation. At DMFI, we have a system in place for all our ingredients to promote traceability throughout our supply chain. For our raw ingredients, we use electronic tracking to monitor product movement from farm to factory, and factory to retailer. This enables us to precisely identify the sources of all ingredients in our products. Furthermore, we apply the same traceability standards to our co-packers and third-party operated facilities. If Del Monte Foods determines that any Supplier has violated this Code, Del Monte may at its discretion either terminate its business relationship and/or require the Supplier to implement a corrective action plan.

Water

(5.11.6.1) Environmental requirement

Select from:

✓ Other, please specify: Protecting water resources through restorative or conservation efforts

(5.11.6.2) Mechanisms for monitoring compliance with this environmental requirement

Select all that apply

- ✓ Supplier self-assessment
- ☑ Other, please specify: We use Croptrak for our agricultural products, allowing us to know not only where raw products came from but what inputs (water, fertilizer, etc.) were used and in what volumes.

(5.11.6.3) % tier 1 suppliers by procurement spend required to comply with this environmental requirement

Select from:

✓ 100%

(5.11.6.4) % tier 1 suppliers by procurement spend in compliance with this environmental requirement

Select from:

☑ 100%

(5.11.6.5) % tier 1 suppliers with substantive environmental dependencies and/or impacts related to this environmental issue required to comply with this environmental requirement

Select from:

☑ 100%

(5.11.6.6) % tier 1 suppliers with substantive environmental dependencies and/or impacts related to this environmental issue that are in compliance with this environmental requirement

Select from:

✓ None

(5.11.6.9) Response to supplier non-compliance with this environmental requirement

Select from:

☑ Other, please specify: If Del Monte Foods determines that any Supplier has violated this Code, Del Monte may at its discretion either terminate its business relationship and/or require the Supplier to implement a corrective action plan.

(5.11.6.10) % of non-compliant suppliers engaged

Select from:

Unknown

(5.11.6.11) Procedures to engage non-compliant suppliers

Select all that apply

☑ Other, please specify: If Del Monte Foods determines that any Supplier has violated this Code, Del Monte may at its discretion either terminate its business relationship and/or require the Supplier to implement a corrective action plan.

(5.11.6.12) Comment

Currently, there is no mechanism for monitoring supplier compliance with this environmental issue, so we cannot report the percentage of Tier 1 suppliers by procurement spend required to comply or that may be in compliance. We have selected 'None' in the dropdown to reflect this.

[Add row]

(5.11.7) Provide further details of your organization's supplier engagement on environmental issues.

Climate change

(5.11.7.2) Action driven by supplier engagement

Select from:

✓ Adaptation to climate change

(5.11.7.3) Type and details of engagement

Capacity building

✓ Provide training, support and best practices on how to mitigate environmental impact

Information collection

☑ Other information collection activity, please specify: In the future, we have a plan to collect climate change and carbon-related information from our suppliers on a regular basis, at least once a year.

(5.11.7.4) Upstream value chain coverage

Select all that apply

✓ Tier 1 suppliers

(5.11.7.5) % of tier 1 suppliers by procurement spend covered by engagement

Select from:

☑ 100%

(5.11.7.6) % of tier 1 supplier-related scope 3 emissions covered by engagement

Select from:

✓ 100%

(5.11.7.9) Describe the engagement and explain the effect of your engagement on the selected environmental action

We recognize the importance of engaging with farmers, our crucial suppliers, to drive climate action. With contracts spanning across North America, we prioritize sustainable agricultural practices to reduce water consumption, minimize chemical usage, and lower greenhouse gas emissions. Through partnerships, we collect and analyze climate and sustainability data to track progress, identify trends, and work collaboratively with farmers for more efficient and climate-friendly approaches. Our commitment to ongoing engagement and transparency supports a resilient agricultural sector and meaningful sustainability outcomes. Our climate-related supplier engagement strategy focuses on sustainability and continuous improvement. In fiscal year 2023, 41% of our vegetable acres used cover crops. This supports soil retention and nutrient management. We aim to use this data to measure efficient farming practices' financial and environmental benefits, incentivize growers to adopt such practices, and enhance reporting to customers and initiatives, such as Walmart's Project Gigaton.

(5.11.7.10) Engagement is helping your tier 1 suppliers meet an environmental requirement related to this environmental issue

Select from:

✓ No, this engagement is unrelated to meeting an environmental requirement

(5.11.7.11) Engagement is helping your tier 1 suppliers engage with their own suppliers on the selected action

Select from:

Unknown

Forests

(5.11.7.1) Commodity

Select from:

☑ Timber products

(5.11.7.2) Action driven by supplier engagement

Select from:

✓ No deforestation and/or conversion of other natural ecosystems

(5.11.7.3) Type and details of engagement

Innovation and collaboration

☑ Other innovation and collaboration activity, please specify: We prioritize purchasing deforestation linked commodities from suppliers who comply with our Deforestation Policy.

(5.11.7.4) Upstream value chain coverage

Select all that apply

☑ Tier 1 suppliers

(5.11.7.5) % of tier 1 suppliers by procurement spend covered by engagement

Select from:

☑ 100%

(5.11.7.7) % tier 1 suppliers with substantive impacts and/or dependencies related to this environmental issue covered by engagement

Select from:

Unknown

(5.11.7.9) Describe the engagement and explain the effect of your engagement on the selected environmental action

Preference is given to raw materials produced through environmentally sound and sustainable farming methods, whenever possible.

(5.11.7.10) Engagement is helping your tier 1 suppliers meet an environmental requirement related to this environmental issue

Select from:

✓ No, this engagement is unrelated to meeting an environmental requirement

(5.11.7.11) Engagement is helping your tier 1 suppliers engage with their own suppliers on the selected action

Select from:

☑ No, because our tier 1 suppliers are producers, and have no suppliers of commodities

Water

(5.11.7.2) Action driven by supplier engagement

Select from:

✓ Total water withdrawal volumes reduction

(5.11.7.3) Type and details of engagement

Capacity building

✓ Provide training, support and best practices on how to mitigate environmental impact

Innovation and collaboration

✓ Other innovation and collaboration activity, please specify: Encourage the protection of water resources

(5.11.7.4) Upstream value chain coverage

Select all that apply

☑ Tier 1 suppliers

(5.11.7.5) % of tier 1 suppliers by procurement spend covered by engagement

Select from:

Unknown

(5.11.7.7) % tier 1 suppliers with substantive impacts and/or dependencies related to this environmental issue covered by engagement

Select from:

☑ 100%

(5.11.7.9) Describe the engagement and explain the effect of your engagement on the selected environmental action

Del Monte Foods is committed to protecting water resources through restorative or conservation efforts and expects the same of its suppliers.

(5.11.7.10) Engagement is helping your tier 1 suppliers meet an environmental requirement related to this environmental issue

Select from:

☑ No, this engagement is unrelated to meeting an environmental requirement

(5.11.7.11) Engagement is helping your tier 1 suppliers engage with their own suppliers on the selected action

Select from:

Unknown

[Add row]

(5.11.9) Provide details of any environmental engagement activity with other stakeholders in the value chain.

Climate change

(5.11.9.1) Type of stakeholder

Select from:

Customers

(5.11.9.2) Type and details of engagement

Education/Information sharing

☑ Run an engagement campaign to educate stakeholders about the environmental impacts about your products, goods and/or services

(5.11.9.3) % of stakeholder type engaged

Select from:

✓ Unknown

(5.11.9.4) % stakeholder-associated scope 3 emissions

Select from:

✓ 1-25%

(5.11.9.5) Rationale for engaging these stakeholders and scope of engagement

As consumers and retailers become more conscious of the health and environmental impacts of food and global climate challenges, they are increasingly interested in the sustainability of our products. Climate change, nutritional content, food miles, sourcing, and preservatives are attributes they want to understand. To engage our customers and communicate the sustainability benefits of our food, we have a multi-tiered approach. We connect consumers with our farmers through our "from our farm to your table" campaign, publish a GRI-aligned sustainability report and CDP disclosure, respond to customer requests, and participate in the How2Recycle initiative to provide accurate recycling information on our packaging.

(5.11.9.6) Effect of engagement and measures of success

We track customer information access and requests to understand their priorities. We engage stakeholders to identify important environmental, social, and governance (ESG) topics for our business. Our success lies in proactively addressing ESG concerns and providing customers with relevant information. To understand consumer food preferences, we conducted a study with a non-profit partner revealing that we are positioned to meet the demand for healthier and more sustainable products. These findings shape our approach to food production, health, sustainability, and climate engagement with customers and the public.

Climate change

(5.11.9.1) Type of stakeholder

Select from:

☑ Other value chain stakeholder, please specify :School-aged children

(5.11.9.2) Type and details of engagement

Education/Information sharing

☑ Run an engagement campaign to educate stakeholders about the environmental impacts about your products, goods and/or services

(5.11.9.3) % of stakeholder type engaged

Select from:

Unknown

(5.11.9.4) % stakeholder-associated scope 3 emissions

Select from:

☑ 1-25%

(5.11.9.5) Rationale for engaging these stakeholders and scope of engagement

Consumer preferences shape our food production, and we value engaging with school-aged children to create nutritious products. Our partnership with Alliance for a Healthier Generation aims to reach 7.5 million students and their families about healthy eating and lifestyle choices through the Nourishing Families by Nourishing Schools program. In F23, Healthier Generation launched three multimedia campaigns with resources, recipes, tips and demo videos to promote nutrition education and access. Looking ahead to F24, we'll work with Alliance for a Healthier Generation to help schools prepare for and successfully apply to become one of America's

Healthiest Schools in the topic area of Improving Nutrition and Food Access. America's Healthiest Schools is Healthier Generation's signature annual recognition program that celebrates schools across the nation for their achievements in advancing the physical, mental and social-emotional health of students, staff and families.

(5.11.9.6) Effect of engagement and measures of success

Alliance for a Healthier Generation: Through our programs, we have reached over 2.5M students through schools and districts, making important progress toward our goals.

Climate change

(5.11.9.1) Type of stakeholder

Select from:

☑ Other value chain stakeholder, please specify: Partner organizations

(5.11.9.2) Type and details of engagement

Other

✓ Other, please specify :Monetary donation and partnership

(5.11.9.3) % of stakeholder type engaged

Select from:

Unknown

(5.11.9.4) % stakeholder-associated scope 3 emissions

Select from:

☑ 1-25%

(5.11.9.5) Rationale for engaging these stakeholders and scope of engagement

Equity isn't just a challenge for underserved communities that need access to nutritional information and resources. It's an opportunity in agriculture that we're addressing by providing personalized assistance to marginalized communities.

(5.11.9.6) Effect of engagement and measures of success

We continue to donate to the National Black Farmers Association (NBFA), which helps Black, Hispanic/Latino, Asian and other under resourced farmers and ranchers who need advice, support and education around topics such as financial health, land ownership, access to capital or farm-related best practices.

[Add row]

(5.13) Has your organization already implemented any mutually beneficial environmental initiatives due to CDP Supply Chain member engagement?

(5.13.1) Environmental initiatives implemented due to CDP Supply Chain member engagement

Select from:

✓ No, and we do not plan to within the next two years

(5.13.2) Primary reason for not implementing environmental initiatives

Select from:

✓ Lack of internal resources, capabilities, or expertise (e.g., due to organization size)

(5.13.3) Explain why your organization has not implemented any environmental initiatives

Due to the prioritization of Company-led environmental initiatives, the opportunity to conduct a specific project with a requesting CDP Supply Chain member has not led our organization to implement mutually beneficial environmental initiatives.

[Fixed row]

C6. Environmental Performance - Consolidation Approach

(6.1) Provide details on your chosen consolidation approach for the calculation of environmental performance data.

Climate change

(6.1.1) Consolidation approach used

Select from:

Operational control

(6.1.2) Provide the rationale for the choice of consolidation approach

We used the same consolidation approach for calculating environmental performance data as we do for financial accounting. The operational boundary was defined to include all U.S. sites (13 total) and all Mexico sites (4 total) and aligns with SBTN guidance.

Forests

(6.1.1) Consolidation approach used

Select from:

Operational control

(6.1.2) Provide the rationale for the choice of consolidation approach

We used the same consolidation approach for calculating environmental performance data as we do for financial accounting. The operational boundary was defined to include all U.S. sites (13 total) and all Mexico sites (4 total) and aligns with SBTN guidance.

Water

(6.1.1) Consolidation approach used

Select from:

✓ Operational control

(6.1.2) Provide the rationale for the choice of consolidation approach

We used the same consolidation approach for calculating environmental performance data as we do for financial accounting. The operational boundary was defined to include all U.S. sites (13 total) and all Mexico sites (4 total) and aligns with SBTN guidance.

Plastics

(6.1.1) Consolidation approach used

Select from:

Operational control

(6.1.2) Provide the rationale for the choice of consolidation approach

We used the same consolidation approach for calculating environmental performance data as we do for financial accounting. The operational boundary was defined to include all U.S. sites (13 total) and all Mexico sites (4 total) and aligns with SBTN guidance.

Biodiversity

(6.1.1) Consolidation approach used

Select from:

Operational control

(6.1.2) Provide the rationale for the choice of consolidation approach

We used the same consolidation approach for calculating environmental performance data as we do for financial accounting. The operational boundary was defined to include all U.S. sites (13 total) and all Mexico sites (4 total) and aligns with SBTN guidance.

[Fixed row]

- **C7. Environmental performance Climate Change**
- (7.1) Is this your first year of reporting emissions data to CDP?

Select from:

✓ No

(7.1.1) Has your organization undergone any structural changes in the reporting year, or are any previous structural changes being accounted for in this disclosure of emissions data?

(7.1.1.1) Has there been a structural change?

Select all that apply

✓ Yes, an acquisition

(7.1.1.2) Name of organization(s) acquired, divested from, or merged with

Kitchen Basics

(7.1.1.3) Details of structural change(s), including completion dates

On August 3, 2022, Del Monte Foods, Inc. ("DMFI") acquired "Kitchen Basics" brand from McCormick & Company and became part of the product portfolio of DMFI. The acquisition was treated as an asset acquisition since the acquisition did not come with any physical workforce, research and development, and management. [Fixed row]

(7.1.2) Has your emissions accounting methodology, boundary, and/or reporting year definition changed in the reporting year?

Change(s) in methodology, boundary, and/or reporting year definition?
Select all that apply ☑ No

[Fixed row]

(7.1.3) Have your organization's base year emissions and past years' emissions been recalculated as a result of any changes or errors reported in 7.1.1 and/or 7.1.2?

(7.1.3.1) Base year recalculation

Select from:

Yes

(7.1.3.2) Scope(s) recalculated

Select all that apply

- ✓ Scope 1
- ✓ Scope 2, location-based
- ✓ Scope 3

(7.1.3.3) Base year emissions recalculation policy, including significance threshold

When the boundaries change or new targets/methods are set

(7.1.3.4) Past years' recalculation

Select from:

✓ Yes

[Fixed row]

(7.2) Select the name of the standard, protocol, or methodology you have used to collect activity data and calculate emissions.

Select all that apply

☑ The Greenhouse Gas Protocol: A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard (Revised Edition)

(7.3) Describe your organization's approach to reporting Scope 2 emissions.

(7.3.1) Scope 2, location-based

Select from:

☑ We are reporting a Scope 2, location-based figure

(7.3.2) Scope 2, market-based

Select from:

☑ We have operations where we are able to access electricity supplier emission factors or residual emissions factors, but are unable to report a Scope 2, market-based figure

(7.3.3) Comment

We did not report a Scope 2, market-based figure due to being unable to access electricity supplier emission factors or residual emissions factors. However, we acknowledge that not using the market-based approach might have led to an underestimation of emissions, especially considering our operations in California, where using local grid factors is expected to reduce emissions.

[Fixed row]

(7.4) Are there any sources (e.g. facilities, specific GHGs, activities, geographies, etc.) of Scope 1, Scope 2 or Scope 3 emissions that are within your selected reporting boundary which are not included in your disclosure?

Select from:

✓ Yes

(7.4.1) Provide details of the sources of Scope 1, Scope 2, or Scope 3 emissions that are within your selected reporting boundary which are not included in your disclosure.

Row 1

(7.4.1.1) Source of excluded emissions

Processing of Sold Goods

(7.4.1.2) Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies)

Select all that apply

✓ Scope 3: Purchased goods and services

(7.4.1.6) Relevance of Scope 3 emissions from this source

Select from:

☑ Emissions are relevant but not yet calculated

(7.4.1.9) Estimated percentage of total Scope 3 emissions this excluded source represents

1

(7.4.1.10) Explain why this source is excluded

This data was not available in time to be validated and reported. While we estimate the impact of these emissions to be insignificant, DMFI intends to report these values in the following years.

(7.4.1.11) Explain how you estimated the percentage of emissions this excluded source represents

The sales of products that have further processing are estimated at less than 1% of total sales. [Add row]

(7.5) Provide your base year and base year emissions.

Scope 1

(7.5.1) Base year end

04/30/2021

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

68204.97

(7.5.3) Methodological details

All of our Scope 1 emissions fall under the Processing/Manufacturing business activity. Our Scope 1 emissions were calculated in accordance with the GHG Protocol, using standardized emissions factors

Scope 2 (location-based)

(7.5.1) Base year end

04/30/2021

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

25884.028

(7.5.3) Methodological details

All of our Scope 2 emissions fall under the Processing/Manufacturing business activity. Our Scope 2 emissions were calculated in accordance with the GHG Protocol, using standardized emissions factors. We have operations where we can access electricity supplier emission factors or residual emissions factors, but are unable to report a Scope 2, market-based figure

Scope 3 category 1: Purchased goods and services

(7.5.1) Base year end

04/30/2021

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

834158.775

(7.5.3) Methodological details

The emission factors used were a combination of Ecoinvent and Quantis's World Food LCA Database (WFLDB).

Scope 3 category 2: Capital goods

(7.5.1) Base year end

04/30/2021

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

9976.964

Scope 3 category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scope 1 or 2)

(7.5.1) Base year end

04/30/2021

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

31006.524

Scope 3 category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution

(7.5.1) Base year end

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

290097.122

(7.5.3) Methodological details

The emissions were calculated using the relevant freighting emissions factors published by Ecoinvent. It was assumed an overseas journey was taken entirely by ship.

Scope 3 category 5: Waste generated in operations

(7.5.1) Base year end

04/30/2021

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

6163.503

Scope 3 category 6: Business travel

(7.5.1) Base year end

04/30/2021

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

100.198

(7.5.3) Methodological details

Emissions were calculated using emissions factors published by Ecolnvent, although radiative forcing has not been included.

Scope 3 category 7: Employee commuting

(7.5.1) Base year end

04/30/2021

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

5104.603

Scope 3 category 8: Upstream leased assets

(7.5.1) Base year end

04/30/2021

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

5753.411

Scope 3 category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution

(7.5.1) Base year end

04/30/2021

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

180420.185

(7.5.3) Methodological details

Assumptions were made on consumers' vehicle fuel efficiency, weight transported, distance traveled, and fuel type, to estimate the total fuel usage.

Scope 3 category 11: Use of sold products

(7.5.1) Base year end

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

415975.22

Scope 3 category 12: End of life treatment of sold products

(7.5.1) Base year end

04/30/2021

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

131269.011 [Fixed row]

(7.6) What were your organization's gross global Scope 1 emissions in metric tons CO2e?

Reporting year

(7.6.1) Gross global Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

55237

(7.6.3) Methodological details

All of our Scope 1 emissions fall under the Processing/Manufacturing business activity. Our Scope 1 emissions were calculated in accordance with the GHG Protocol, using standardized emissions factors
[Fixed row]

(7.7) What were your organization's gross global Scope 2 emissions in metric tons CO2e?

Reporting year

(7.7.1) Gross global Scope 2, location-based emissions (metric tons CO2e)

26914

(7.7.2) Gross global Scope 2, market-based emissions (metric tons CO2e) (if applicable)

0

(7.7.4) Methodological details

All of our Scope 2 emissions fall under the Processing/Manufacturing business activity. Our Scope 2 emissions were calculated in accordance with the GHG Protocol, using standardized emissions factors. We have operations where we are able to access electricity supplier emission factors or residual emissions factors, but are unable to report a Scope 2, market-based figure [Fixed row]

(7.8) Account for your organization's gross global Scope 3 emissions, disclosing and explaining any exclusions.

Purchased goods and services

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

✓ Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

831834

(7.8.3) Emissions calculation methodology

Select all that apply

✓ Average data method

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

(7.8.5) Please explain

We calculate greenhouse gas emissions by multiplying purchased product quantities with industry and regional emission factors. This helps us determine the emissions associated with production, considering the entire lifecycle of the products.

Capital goods

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

✓ Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

17576

(7.8.3) Emissions calculation methodology

Select all that apply

✓ Spend-based method

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

0

(7.8.5) Please explain

We estimate the greenhouse gas emissions from our capital goods purchases by collecting data on their economic value and multiplying it by emission factors representing average emissions per monetary value of goods. This helps us understand the environmental impact of our capital investments.

Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scope 1 or 2)

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

✓ Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

28380

(7.8.3) Emissions calculation methodology

Select all that apply

Average data method

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

n

(7.8.5) Please explain

We estimate emissions by using secondary emission factors based on industry averages. These factors help us calculate the emissions associated with upstream processes like electricity use. We also consider fuel use and distances travelled to account for transportation emissions.

Upstream transportation and distribution

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

☑ Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

32382

(7.8.3) Emissions calculation methodology

Select all that apply

- ✓ Fuel-based method
- ✓ Distance-based method

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

100

(7.8.5) Please explain

We collect both fuel data for fuel use from transport providers and distance data for our upstream transportation. Our calculation tool for transportation uses a combination of fuel-based and distance-based methods. Upstream transportation and distribution.

Waste generated in operations

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

✓ Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

28837

(7.8.3) Emissions calculation methodology

Select all that apply

✓ Waste-type-specific method

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

0

(7.8.5) Please explain

We gather information on the weight of different types of waste generated by our operations. To estimate the greenhouse gas emissions associated with this waste, we use emission factors that are specific to each waste type and the method used for its treatment.

Business travel

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

✓ Not relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

809

(7.8.3) Emissions calculation methodology

Select all that apply

✓ Distance-based method

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

0

(7.8.5) Please explain

We gather information on the distances covered during our business trips and apply emission factors that correspond to the specific mode of transportation used. This allows us to calculate the greenhouse gas emissions generated by our business travel activities.

Employee commuting

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

✓ Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

6584

(7.8.3) Emissions calculation methodology

Select all that apply

Average data method

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

0

(7.8.5) Please explain

We estimate employee commuting emissions using average commuting data and emission factors based on transportation types. This calculation allows us to determine the greenhouse gas emissions associated with employee commuting activities.

Upstream leased assets

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

☑ Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

14529

(7.8.3) Emissions calculation methodology

Select all that apply

✓ Other, please specify :Building Size Method, Electricity EF Method

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

(7.8.5) Please explain

We estimate upstream leased emissions using the square footage of the leased facilities and emission factors based on square footage types. This calculation, in addition to the electricity usage of these facilities, allows us to determine the greenhouse gas emissions associated with upstream leased assets.

Downstream transportation and distribution

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

✓ Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

344315

(7.8.3) Emissions calculation methodology

Select all that apply

✓ Fuel-based method

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

100

(7.8.5) Please explain

We collect fuel consumption and distance data for downstream transportation to estimate emissions. By combining fuel-based and distance-based methods in our calculation tool, we accurately assess greenhouse gas emissions associated with our transportation activities.

Processing of sold products

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

☑ Relevant, not yet calculated

(7.8.5) Please explain

This data is not yet available. Once completed, it will be added to future reports.

Use of sold products

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

✓ Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

333516

(7.8.3) Emissions calculation methodology

Select all that apply

✓ Methodology for indirect use phase emissions, please specify: We use consumer studies, product category rules, previous emissions studies, and industry-recognized benchmark testing specifications.

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

0

(7.8.5) Please explain

We gather data from various sources to create a profile that reflects typical use scenarios throughout the lifespan of each product we sell. This helps us understand how our products are used by consumers and estimate the associated greenhouse gas emissions accurately.

End of life treatment of sold products

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

✓ Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

164573

(7.8.3) Emissions calculation methodology

Select all that apply

✓ Waste-type-specific method

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

0

(7.8.5) Please explain

We collect data on the weight of products and packaging from sale to end-of-life, including pre-consumer packaging waste. Using emission factors for various waste treatment methods, such as landfilling, incineration, and recycling, we estimate the greenhouse gas emissions associated with product and packaging waste throughout its lifecycle.

Downstream leased assets

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

✓ Not relevant, explanation provided

(7.8.5) Please explain

We do not have downstream leased assets.

Franchises

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

✓ Not relevant, explanation provided

(7.8.5) Please explain

We do not have franchises.

Investments

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

✓ Not relevant, explanation provided

(7.8.5) Please explain

We do not provide financial services.

Other (upstream)

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

✓ Not relevant, explanation provided

(7.8.5) Please explain

All relevant upstream categories are calculated.

Other (downstream)

(7.8.1) Evaluation status

Select from:

✓ Not relevant, explanation provided

(7.8.5) Please explain

All relevant downstream categories are calculated. [Fixed row]

(7.9) Indicate the verification/assurance status that applies to your reported emissions.

	Verification/assurance status
Scope 1	Select from: ☑ Third-party verification or assurance process in place
Scope 2 (location-based or market-based)	Select from: ☑ Third-party verification or assurance process in place
Scope 3	Select from: ☑ Third-party verification or assurance process in place

[Fixed row]

(7.9.1) Provide further details of the verification/assurance undertaken for your Scope 1 emissions, and attach the relevant statements.

Row 1

(7.9.1.1) Verification or assurance cycle in place



✓ Annual process

(7.9.1.2) Status in the current reporting year

Select from:

Complete

(7.9.1.3) Type of verification or assurance

Select from:

✓ Limited assurance

(7.9.1.4) Attach the statement

2024_02 CFP Verification Report Del Monte v1.0.pdf

(7.9.1.5) Page/section reference

pages 5 - 14

(7.9.1.6) Relevant standard

Select from:

☑ ISO14064-3

(7.9.1.7) Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)

100 [Add row]

(7.9.2) Provide further details of the verification/assurance undertaken for your Scope 2 emissions and attach the relevant statements.

Row 1

(7.9.2.1) Scope 2 approach

Select from:

✓ Scope 2 location-based

(7.9.2.2) Verification or assurance cycle in place

Select from:

✓ Annual process

(7.9.2.3) Status in the current reporting year

Select from:

Complete

(7.9.2.4) Type of verification or assurance

Select from:

✓ Limited assurance

(7.9.2.5) Attach the statement

2024_02 CFP Verification Report Del Monte v1.0.pdf

(7.9.2.6) Page/ section reference

Pages 5 - 14

(7.9.2.7) Relevant standard

Select from:

☑ ISO14064-3

(7.9.2.8) Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)

100 [Add row]

(7.9.3) Provide further details of the verification/assurance undertaken for your Scope 3 emissions and attach the relevant statements.

Row 1

(7.9.3.1) Scope 3 category

Select all that apply

✓ Scope 3: Capital goods
✓ Scope 3: Purchased goods and services

✓ Scope 3: Business travel

✓ Scope 3: Employee commuting
✓ Scope 3: End-of-life treatment of sold products

✓ Scope 3: Use of sold products

✓ Scope 3: Upstream leased assets
✓ Scope 3: Downstream transportation and distribution

☑ Scope 3: Fuel and energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)

(7.9.3.2) Verification or assurance cycle in place

Select from:

Annual process

(7.9.3.3) Status in the current reporting year

Select from:

Complete

(7.9.3.4) Type of verification or assurance

Select from:

✓ Limited assurance

(7.9.3.5) Attach the statement

2024_02 CFP Verification Report Del Monte v1.0.pdf

(7.9.3.6) Page/section reference

Pages 5 - 14

(7.9.3.7) Relevant standard

Select from:

☑ ISO14064-3

(7.9.3.8) Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)

100 [Add row]

(7.10) How do your gross global emissions (Scope 1 and 2 combined) for the reporting year compare to those of the previous reporting year?

Select from:

Decreased

(7.10.1) Identify the reasons for any change in your gross global emissions (Scope 1 and 2 combined), and for each of them specify how your emissions compare to the previous year.

Change in renewable energy consumption

(7.10.1.1) Change in emissions (metric tons CO2e)

(7.10.1.2) Direction of change in emissions

Select from:

✓ No change

(7.10.1.3) Emissions value (percentage)

0

(7.10.1.4) Please explain calculation

We didn't have any change in renewable energy consumption from last year.

Other emissions reduction activities

(7.10.1.1) Change in emissions (metric tons CO2e)

2962

(7.10.1.2) Direction of change in emissions

Select from:

Decreased

(7.10.1.3) Emissions value (percentage)

3

(7.10.1.4) Please explain calculation

Totals based on emissions reductions programs [Fixed row]

(7.10.2) Are your emissions performance calculations in 7.10 and 7.10.1 based on a location-based Scope 2 emissions figure or a market-based Scope 2 emissions figure?
Select from: ✓ Location-based
(7.13) Is biogenic carbon pertaining to your direct operations relevant to your current CDP climate change disclosure?
Select from: ☑ No
(7.14) Do you calculate greenhouse gas emissions for each agricultural commodity reported as significant to your business?
Fruit
(7.14.1) GHG emissions calculated for this commodity
Select from: ✓ Yes
(7.14.2) Reporting emissions by
Select from: ☑ Total
(7.14.3) Emissions (metric tons CO2e)
56489
(7.14.4) Denominator: unit of production

Select from:

✓ Unit of revenue

(7.14.5) Change from last reporting year

Select from:

✓ About the same

(7.14.6) Please explain

Emissions associated with fruit and fruit juices encompass the greenhouse gas emissions generated during the entire lifecycle of these products. This includes emissions from cultivating and processing fruit, as well as producing and transporting fruit and fruit juices.

Maize/corn

(7.14.1) GHG emissions calculated for this commodity

Select from:

Yes

(7.14.2) Reporting emissions by

Select from:

✓ Total

(7.14.3) Emissions (metric tons CO2e)

42166

(7.14.4) Denominator: unit of production

Select from:

✓ Unit of revenue

(7.14.5) Change from last reporting year

Select from:

✓ About the same

(7.14.6) Please explain

Emissions associated with corn encompass the greenhouse gas emissions generated during the entire lifecycle of these products. This includes emissions from cultivating and processing corn, as well as producing and transporting corn.

Sugar

(7.14.1) GHG emissions calculated for this commodity

Select from:

✓ Yes

(7.14.2) Reporting emissions by

Select from:

Total

(7.14.3) Emissions (metric tons CO2e)

5530

(7.14.4) Denominator: unit of production

Select from:

✓ Unit of revenue

(7.14.5) Change from last reporting year

Select from:

✓ About the same

(7.14.6) Please explain

Emissions associated with sucrose, sugar, and sugarcane encompass the greenhouse gas emissions generated during the entire lifecycle of these products. This includes emissions from cultivating and processing sugarcane, as well as producing and transporting sucrose and sugar derived from sugarcane.

Vegetable

(7.14.1) GHG emissions calculated for this commodity

Select from:

Yes

(7.14.2) Reporting emissions by

Select from:

✓ Total

(7.14.3) Emissions (metric tons CO2e)

22180

(7.14.4) Denominator: unit of production

Select from:

✓ Unit of revenue

(7.14.5) Change from last reporting year

Select from:

✓ About the same

(7.14.6) Please explain

Emissions associated with vegetables, vegetable juices, and vegetable powders encompass the greenhouse gas emissions generated during the entire lifecycle of these products. This includes emissions from cultivating and processing vegetables, as well as producing and transporting vegetables.

[Fixed row]

(7.15) Does your organization break down its Scope 1 emissions by greenhouse gas type?

Select from: ✓ Yes	
(7.15.1) Break down your total gross global Scope 1 emissions by greenhouse gas type and provide the source of each used global warming potential (GWP).	
Row 1	
(7.15.1.1) Greenhouse gas	
Select from: ✓ CO2	
(7.15.1.2) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons of CO2e)	
55130.42	
(7.15.1.3) GWP Reference	
Select from: ☑ IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4 - 100 year)	
Row 2	
(7.15.1.1) Greenhouse gas	
Select from: ☑ CH4	
(7.15.1.2) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons of CO2e)	
78.65	

(7.15.1.3) **GWP** Reference

Sel	lect	from:	•
\mathbf{U}		II OIII.	

✓ IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4 - 100 year)

Row 3

(7.15.1.1) **Greenhouse** gas

Select from:

☑ N20

(7.15.1.2) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons of CO2e)

102.57

(7.15.1.3) **GWP** Reference

Select from:

☑ IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4 - 100 year) [Add row]

(7.16) Break down your total gross global Scope 1 and 2 emissions by country/area.

	Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)	Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)	Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)
Mexico	2496	3850	0
United States of America	52741	23064	0

[Fixed row]

(7.17) Indicate which gross global Scope 1 emissions breakdowns you are able to provide.

Select all that apply ✓ By facility ✓ By activity		
(7.17.2) Break down your total gross global Scope 1 emissions by business facility.		
Row 1		
(7.17.2.1) Facility		
Unspecified		
(7.17.2.2) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)		
4557.66		
(7.17.2.3) Latitude		
0		
(7.17.2.4) Longitude		
0		
Row 2		
(7.17.2.1) Facility		
Montemorelos		
(7.17.2.2) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)		
2072.65		
(7.17.2.3) Latitude		

(7.17.2.4) Longitude

-99.807836

Row 6

(7.17.2.1) Facility

Hanford

(7.17.2.2) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

27562.03

(7.17.2.3) Latitude

36.256205

(7.17.2.4) Longitude

-119.645291

Row 7

(7.17.2.1) Facility

Rochelle

(7.17.2.2) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

245.82

(7.17.2.4) Longitude

-89.079916

Row 8

(7.17.2.1) Facility

McAllen

(7.17.2.2) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

0

(7.17.2.3) Latitude

26.246502

(7.17.2.4) Longitude

-98.236134

Row 9

(7.17.2.1) Facility

Puebla

(7.17.2.2) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

423.08

(7.17.2.4)	Longitude
------------	-----------

-97.484051

Row 11

(7.17.2.1) Facility

Yakima

(7.17.2.2) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

960.28

(7.17.2.3) Latitude

46.598801

(7.17.2.4) Longitude

-120.5079

Row 12

(7.17.2.1) Facility

Lathrop

(7.17.2.2) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

155.33

(7.17.2.4) Longitude

-121.295807

Row 14

(7.17.2.1) Facility

Toppenish

(7.17.2.2) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

58.32

(7.17.2.3) Latitude

46.371196

(7.17.2.4) Longitude

-120.303905

Row 17

(7.17.2.1) Facility

Walnut Creek

(7.17.2.2) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

669.36

(7.17.2.4) Longitude

-122.026705

Row 18

(7.17.2.1) Facility

Markesan

(7.17.2.2) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

4282.49

(7.17.2.3) Latitude

43.703493

(7.17.2.4) Longitude

-88.973974

Row 19

(7.17.2.1) Facility

Modesto

(7.17.2.2) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

14226.81

(7.17.2.3) Latitude

(7.17.2.4) Longitude

-120.917125

Row 20

(7.17.2.1) Facility

Plover

(7.17.2.2) Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)

21.1

(7.17.2.3) Latitude

44.456504

(7.17.2.4) Longitude

-89.509692 [Add row]

(7.17.3) Break down your total gross global Scope 1 emissions by business activity.

	Activity	Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)
Row 1	Processing/manufacturing	55237

[Add row]

(7.18) Do you include emissions pertaining to your business activity(ies) in your direct operations as part of your global gross Scope 1 figure?

Select from:

Yes

(7.18.1) Select the form(s) in which you are reporting your agricultural/forestry emissions.

Select from:

✓ Total emissions

(7.18.2) Report the Scope 1 emissions pertaining to your business activity(ies) and explain any exclusions. If applicable, disaggregate your agricultural/forestry by GHG emissions category.

Row 1

(7.18.2.1) Activity

Select from:

✓ Processing/Manufacturing

(7.18.2.3) Emissions (metric tons CO2e)

55237

(7.18.2.4) Methodology

Select all that apply

✓ Default emissions factor

(7.18.2.5) Please explain

All of our Scope 1 emissions fall under the Processing/Manufacturing business activity. Our Scope 1 emissions were calculated in accordance with the GHG Protocol, using standardized emissions factors.

(7.20) Indicate which gross global Scope 2 emissions breakdowns you are able to provide.

Select all that apply

☑ By facility

(7.20.2) Break down your total gross global Scope 2 emissions by business facility.

Row 1

(7.20.2.1) Facility

Plover

(7.20.2.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

3987

Row 3

(7.20.2.1) Facility

Montemorelos

(7.20.2.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

3478

Row 4

(7.20.2.1) Facility

Puebla

(7.20.2.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)
373
Row 6
(7.20.2.1) Facility
Toppenish
(7.20.2.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)
1195
Row 7
(7.20.2.1) Facility
Hanford
(7.20.2.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)
4679
Row 10
(7.20.2.1) Facility
Modesto
(7.20.2.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

Row 12

(7.20.2.1) Facility
Markesan
(7.20.2.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)
3597
Row 13
(7.20.2.1) Facility
Rochelle
(7.20.2.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)
1872
Row 15
(7.20.2.1) Facility
Lathrop
(7.20.2.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)
201
Row 18
(7.20.2.1) Facility
McAllen
(7.20.2.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

Row 20

(7.20.2.1) Facility

Yakima

(7.20.2.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

2091

Row 21

(7.20.2.1) Facility

Walnut Creek

(7.20.2.2) Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)

225 [Add row]

(7.22) Break down your gross Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions between your consolidated accounting group and other entities included in your response.

	Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)	Scope 2, location-based emissions (metric tons CO2e)	Please explain
Consolidated accounting group	55237	26914	Our response does not include any other entities, all emissions are associated with the consolidated accounting group.

	Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)	Scope 2, location-based emissions (metric tons CO2e)	Please explain
All other entities	0	0	Our response does not include any other entities.

[Fixed row]

(7.23) Is your organization able to break down your emissions data for any of the subsidiaries included in your CDP response?

Select from:

✓ No

(7.26) Allocate your emissions to your customers listed below according to the goods or services you have sold them in this reporting period.

Row 1

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

✓ Scope 1

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

✓ Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

✓ Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Currency

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e

4746.69

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

✓ No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

To allocate scope 1 emissions, we divided emissions by percentage of sales purchased per customer. This is an estimation. It does consider specific products purchased.

(7.26.14) Where published information has been used, please provide a reference

We have used our own primary data to answer this question.

Row 2

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

✓ Scope 1

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

✓ Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Currency

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e

0

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

✓ No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

To allocate scope 1 emissions, we divided emissions by percentage of sales purchased per customer. This is an estimation. It does consider specific products purchased.

(7.26.14) Where published information has been used, please provide a reference

We have used our own primary data to answer this question.

Row 3

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

✓ Scope 1

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

✓ Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Currency

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e

1657.11

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Sel	lect	from:
-	-	II OIII.

✓ No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

To allocate scope 1 emissions, we divided emissions by percentage of sales purchased per customer. This is an estimation. It does consider specific products purchased.

(7.26.14) Where published information has been used, please provide a reference

We have used our own primary data to answer this question.

Row 4

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

✓ Scope 1

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

✓ Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:
Currency

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e

1104.74

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

✓ No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

To allocate scope 1 emissions, we divided emissions by percentage of sales purchased per customer. This is an estimation. It does consider specific products purchased.

(7.26.14) Where published information has been used, please provide a reference

We have used our own primary data to answer this question.

Row 5

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

✓ Scope 1

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

✓ Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Currency

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e

1104.74

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

✓ No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

To allocate scope 1 emissions, we divided emissions by percentage of sales purchased per customer. This is an estimation. It does consider specific products purchased.

(7.26.14) Where published information has been used, please provide a reference

We have used our own primary data to answer this question.

Row 6

(7.26.1) Requesting member



(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

✓ Scope 1

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

✓ Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Currency

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e

1657.11

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

✓ No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

To allocate scope 1 emissions, we divided emissions by percentage of sales purchased per customer. This is an estimation. It does consider specific products purchased.

(7.26.14) Where published information has been used, please provide a reference

We have used our own primary data to answer this question.

Row 7

(7.26.1) Requesting member

Select from:

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Select from:

✓ Scope 1

(7.26.4) Allocation level

Select from:

☑ Company wide

(7.26.6) Allocation method

Select from:

✓ Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

(7.26.7) Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Select from:

Currency

(7.26.9) Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e

(7.26.12) Allocation verified by a third party?

Select from:

✓ No

(7.26.13) Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

To allocate scope 1 emissions, we divided emissions by percentage of sales purchased per customer. This is an estimation. It does consider specific products purchased.

(7.26.14) Where published information has been used, please provide a reference

We have used our own primary data to answer this question. [Add row]

(7.27) What are the challenges in allocating emissions to different customers, and what would help you to overcome these challenges?

Row 1

(7.27.1) Allocation challenges

Select from:

✓ We face no challenges

(7.27.2) Please explain what would help you overcome these challenges

We allocate emissions based on net sales. [Add row]

(7.28) Do you plan to develop your capabilities to allocate emissions to your customers in the future?

(7.28.1) Do you plan to develop your capabilities to allocate emissions to your customers in the future? Select from: ✓ No (7.28.3) Primary reason for no plans to develop your capabilities to allocate emissions to your customers Select from: ✓ Lack of internal resources, capabilities, or expertise (e.g., due to organization size) (7.28.4) Explain why you do not plan to develop capabilities to allocate emissions to your customers We are continuously improving our data management approach and processes. As we enhance the accuracy and granularity of our data, we will explore possibilities to differentiate emissions by customer, including exploring product level carbon footprints, allowing us to provide more specific information in the future, as practical. [Fixed row] (7.29) What percentage of your total operational spend in the reporting year was on energy? Select from: ✓ More than 10% but less than or equal to 15% (7.30) Select which energy-related activities your organization has undertaken.

	Indicate whether your organization undertook this energy-related activity in the reporting year
Consumption of fuel (excluding feedstocks)	Select from:

	Indicate whether your organization undertook this energy-related activity in the reporting year
	✓ Yes
Consumption of purchased or acquired electricity	Select from: ✓ Yes
Consumption of purchased or acquired heat	Select from: ☑ No
Consumption of purchased or acquired steam	Select from: ☑ No
Consumption of purchased or acquired cooling	Select from: ☑ No
Generation of electricity, heat, steam, or cooling	Select from: ☑ No

[Fixed row]

(7.30.1) Report your organization's energy consumption totals (excluding feedstocks) in MWh.

Consumption of fuel (excluding feedstock)

(7.30.1.1) Heating value

Select from:

☑ HHV (higher heating value)

(7.30.1.2) MWh from renewable sources

(7.30.1.3) MWh from non-renewable sources

292731

(7.30.1.4) Total (renewable and non-renewable) MWh

292731

Consumption of purchased or acquired electricity

(7.30.1.1) Heating value

Select from:

✓ Unable to confirm heating value

(7.30.1.2) MWh from renewable sources

0

(7.30.1.3) MWh from non-renewable sources

78398

(7.30.1.4) Total (renewable and non-renewable) MWh

78398

Total energy consumption

(7.30.1.1) Heating value

Select from:

✓ Unable to confirm heating value [Fixed row]

(7.30.6) Select the applications of your organization's consumption of fuel.

	Indicate whether your organization undertakes this fuel application
Consumption of fuel for the generation of electricity	Select from: ✓ Yes
Consumption of fuel for the generation of heat	Select from: ✓ Yes
Consumption of fuel for the generation of steam	Select from: ☑ No
Consumption of fuel for the generation of cooling	Select from: ☑ No
Consumption of fuel for co-generation or tri-generation	Select from: ☑ No

[Fixed row]

(7.30.7) State how much fuel in MWh your organization has consumed (excluding feedstocks) by fuel type.

Sustainable biomass

(7.30.7.3) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

0

(7.30.7.4) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

0

Other biomass

(7.30.7.3) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

(7.30.7.4) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

0

Other renewable fuels (e.g. renewable hydrogen)

(7.30.7.2) Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization

0

(7.30.7.3) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

0

(7.30.7.4) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

0

Coal

(7.30.7.3) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

0

(7.30.7.4) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

0

Oil

(7.30.7.1) Heating value
Select from:
✓ HHV
(7.30.7.2) Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization
8749
(7.30.7.3) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity
0
(7.30.7.4) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat
0
Gas
(7.30.7.1) Heating value
Select from:
☑ HHV
(7.30.7.2) Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization
265872
(7.30.7.3) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity
0
(7.30.7.4) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

Other non-renewable fuels (e.g. non-renewable hydrogen)

(7.30.7.1) Heating value

Select from:

✓ HHV

(7.30.7.2) Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization

18111

(7.30.7.3) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

0

(7.30.7.4) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

0

Total fuel

(7.30.7.1) Heating value

Select from:

✓ Unable to confirm heating value

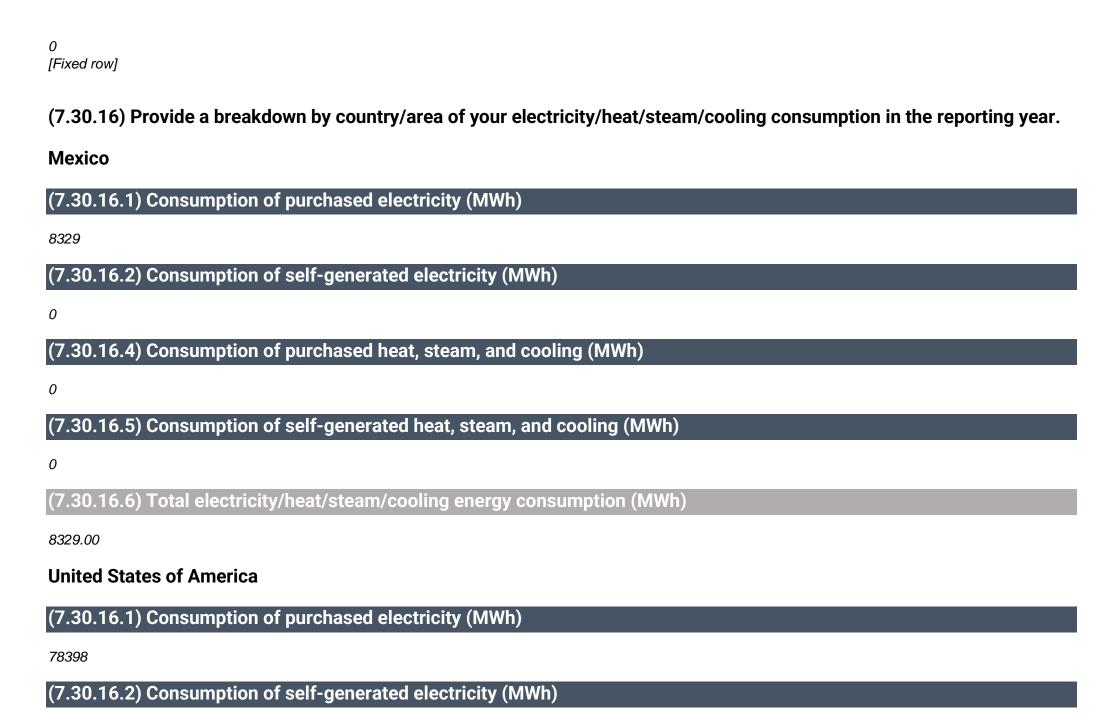
(7.30.7.2) Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization

292731

(7.30.7.3) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

0

(7.30.7.4) MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat



(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/heat/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

78398.00 [Fixed row]

(7.45) Describe your gross global combined Scope 1 and 2 emissions for the reporting year in metric tons CO2e per unit currency total revenue and provide any additional intensity metrics that are appropriate to your business operations.

Row 1

(7.45.1) Intensity figure

0.00004746

(7.45.2) Metric numerator (Gross global combined Scope 1 and 2 emissions, metric tons CO2e)

82150

(7.45.3) Metric denominator

Select from:

✓ unit total revenue

(7.45.4) Metric denominator: Unit total

(7.45.5) Scope 2 figure used

Select from:

✓ Location-based

(7.45.6) % change from previous year

17

(7.45.7) Direction of change

Select from:

Decreased

(7.45.8) Reasons for change

Select all that apply

✓ Other emissions reduction activities

(7.45.9) Please explain

We recalculated the previous year's Scope 1 emissions due to an error in accounting that led us to overstate our emissions. The percentage change indicated is representative of the corrected previous year as compared to the current reporting year. We attribute the decrease to increased energy use efficiency which includes adopting energy-efficient equipment, improving processes, and encouraging behavior change among employees to promote energy-saving habits.

[Add row]

(7.53) Did you have an emissions target that was active in the reporting year?

Select all that apply

✓ Absolute target

(7.53.1) Provide details of your absolute emissions targets and progress made against those targets.

Row 1

(7.53.1.1) Target reference number

Select from:

✓ Abs 1

(7.53.1.2) Is this a science-based target?

Select from:

✓ Yes, and this target has been approved by the Science Based Targets initiative

(7.53.1.3) Science Based Targets initiative official validation letter

Del Monte Foods_ Inc. - Near-Term Approval Letter.pdf

(7.53.1.4) Target ambition

Select from:

(7.53.1.5) Date target was set

04/06/2022

(7.53.1.6) Target coverage

Select from:

✓ Organization-wide

(7.53.1.7) Greenhouse gases covered by target

Select all that apply

- ✓ Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- ✓ Methane (CH4)

✓ Nitrous oxide (N2O)

(7.53.1.8) Scopes

Select all that apply

✓ Scope 1

✓ Scope 2

(7.53.1.9) Scope 2 accounting method

Select from:

✓ Location-based

(7.53.1.11) End date of base year

04/30/2021

(7.53.1.12) Base year Scope 1 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

68205

(7.53.1.13) Base year Scope 2 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

27593

(7.53.1.31) Base year total Scope 3 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

0.000

(7.53.1.32) Total base year emissions covered by target in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e)

95798.000

(7.53.1.33) Base year Scope 1 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 1

100

(7.53.1.34) Base year Scope 2 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 2

100

(7.53.1.53) Base year emissions covered by target in all selected Scopes as % of total base year emissions in all selected Scopes

100

(7.53.1.54) End date of target

04/30/2030

(7.53.1.55) Targeted reduction from base year (%)

42

(7.53.1.56) Total emissions at end date of target covered by target in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e)

55562.840

(7.53.1.57) Scope 1 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

55237

(7.53.1.58) Scope 2 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

26914

(7.53.1.77) Total emissions in reporting year covered by target in all selected scopes (metric tons CO2e)

82151.000

(7.53.1.78) Land-related emissions covered by target

Select from:

☑ No, it does not cover any land-related emissions (e.g. non-FLAG SBT)

(7.53.1.79) % of target achieved relative to base year

33.92

(7.53.1.80) Target status in reporting year

Select from:

Underway

(7.53.1.82) Explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

The target covers all Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions and there are no exclusions.

(7.53.1.83) Target objective

Committing to a net-zero emissions goal, aligned with SBTi, extends our environmental sustainability commitments and gives us aggressive and measurable milestones to reach as we strive to nourish the planet, people and communities for many generations to come.

(7.53.1.84) Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year

To achieve our targets DMFI plans to reduce or eliminate the majority of our existing emissions rather than purchase external carbon credits to offset emissions. This approach is also aligned with SBTi's requirement that registered companies reduce at least 90% of baseline emissions, minimizing the use of carbon credits. We plan to achieve this through actions such as: Streamlining our operations footprint to maximize output and eliminate unnecessary emissions from facilities operating at less than full capacity and increasing capital investment in production operations over the to add automation and other technologies for improved efficiency and reduced waste. We also anticipate investing in renewable energy and increasing the use of rail shipments. We expect the rate of progress to be exponential as new technologies assist in decarbonization strategies. We measure progress annually and use metrics such as utilities consumed and miles traveled to track our progress in addition to tracking total carbon emissions reductions.

(7.53.1.85) Target derived using a sectoral decarbonization approach

Select from:

✓ No

Row 2

(7.53.1.1) Target reference number

Select from:

✓ Abs 2

(7.53.1.2) Is this a science-based target?

Select from:

✓ Yes, and this target has been approved by the Science Based Targets initiative

(7.53.1.3) Science Based Targets initiative official validation letter

Del Monte Foods_ Inc. - Near-Term Approval Letter.pdf

(7.53.1.4) Target ambition

Select from:

(7.53.1.5) Date target was set

04/06/2022

(7.53.1.6) Target coverage

Select from:

✓ Organization-wide

(7.53.1.7) Greenhouse gases covered by target

Select all that apply

- ✓ Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- ✓ Methane (CH4)
- ✓ Nitrous oxide (N2O)

(7.53.1.8) Scopes

Select all that apply

✓ Scope 3

(7.53.1.10) Scope 3 categories

Select all that apply

✓ Scope 3, Category 2 – Capital goods

✓ Scope 3, Category 6 – Business travel

✓ Scope 3, Category 7 – Employee commuting

✓ Scope 3, Category 8 - Upstream leased assets

✓ Scope 3, Category 1 – Purchased goods and services

Scope 1 or 2)

✓ Scope 3, Category 5 – Waste generated in operations

✓ Scope 3, Category 12 – End-of-life treatment of sold products

✓ Scope 3, Category 4 – Upstream transportation and distribution

☑ Scope 3, Category 9 – Downstream transportation and distribution

✓ Scope 3, Category 3 – Fuel- and energy- related activities (not included in

(7.53.1.11) End date of base year

04/30/2021

(7.53.1.14) Base year Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

591914.94

(7.53.1.15) Base year Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

9976.96

(7.53.1.16) Base year Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

31006.52

(7.53.1.17) Base year Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

(7.53.1.18) Base year Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

6163.5

(7.53.1.19) Base year Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

100.2

(7.53.1.20) Base year Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

5104.6

(7.53.1.21) Base year Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

5753.41

(7.53.1.22) Base year Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

180420.19

(7.53.1.25) Base year Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

131269.01

(7.53.1.31) Base year total Scope 3 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

1251806.450

(7.53.1.32) Total base year emissions covered by target in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e)

1251806.450

(7.53.1.35) Base year Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services (metric tons CO2e)

71

(7.53.1.36) Base year Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods (metric tons CO2e)

100

(7.53.1.37) Base year Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) (metric tons CO2e)

100

(7.53.1.38) Base year Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution (metric tons CO2e)

100

(7.53.1.39) Base year Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations (metric tons CO2e)

100

(7.53.1.40) Base year Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel (metric tons CO2e)

100

(7.53.1.41) Base year Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting (metric tons CO2e)

(7.53.1.42) Base year Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets (metric tons CO2e)

100

(7.53.1.43) Base year Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution (metric tons CO2e)

100

(7.53.1.46) Base year Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products (metric tons CO2e)

100

(7.53.1.52) Base year total Scope 3 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3 (in all Scope 3 categories)

66

(7.53.1.53) Base year emissions covered by target in all selected Scopes as % of total base year emissions in all selected Scopes

84

(7.53.1.54) End date of target

04/30/2030

(7.53.1.55) Targeted reduction from base year (%)

25

(7.53.1.56) Total emissions at end date of target covered by target in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e)

938854.837

(7.53.1.59) Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

561979

(7.53.1.60) Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

17576

(7.53.1.61) Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

28380

(7.53.1.62) Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

32382

(7.53.1.63) Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

28837

(7.53.1.64) Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

809

(7.53.1.65) Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

6584

(7.53.1.66) Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

14529

(7.53.1.67) Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

344315

(7.53.1.70) Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

164573

(7.53.1.76) Total Scope 3 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

1199964.000

(7.53.1.77) Total emissions in reporting year covered by target in all selected scopes (metric tons CO2e)

1199964.000

(7.53.1.78) Land-related emissions covered by target

Select from:

✓ No, it does not cover any land-related emissions (e.g. non-FLAG SBT)

(7.53.1.79) % of target achieved relative to base year

16.57

(7.53.1.80) Target status in reporting year

Select from:

Underway

(7.53.1.82) Explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

The Scope 3 non-FLAG target covers all relevant Scope 3 emissions that are not associated with FLAG emissions. The target also excludes emissions from Scope 3 Category 11 Use of Sold Products as all use phase emissions are indirect and are therefore outside the minimum boundary described in the Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Accounting and Reporting Standard.

(7.53.1.83) Target objective

Committing to a net-zero emissions goal, aligned with SBTi, extends our environmental sustainability commitments and gives us aggressive and measurable milestones to reach as we strive to nourish the planet, people and communities for many generations to come.

(7.53.1.84) Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year

To achieve our targets DMFI plans to reduce or eliminate the majority of our existing emissions rather than purchase external carbon credits to offset emissions. This approach is also aligned with SBTi's requirement that registered companies reduce at least 90% of baseline emissions, minimizing the use of carbon credits. We plan to achieve this through actions such as: Streamlining our operations footprint to maximize output and eliminate unnecessary emissions from facilities operating at less than full capacity and increasing capital investment in production operations over the to add automation and other technologies for improved efficiency and reduced waste. We also anticipate investing in renewable energy and increasing the use of rail shipments. We expect the rate of progress to be exponential as new technologies assist in decarbonization strategies. We measure progress annually and use metrics such as utilities consumed and miles traveled to track our progress in addition to tracking total carbon emissions reductions.

(7.53.1.85) Target derived using a sectoral decarbonization approach

Select from:

✓ No

Row 3

(7.53.1.1) Target reference number

Select from:

✓ Abs 3

(7.53.1.2) Is this a science-based target?

Select from:

☑ Yes, and this target has been approved by the Science Based Targets initiative

(7.53.1.3) Science Based Targets initiative official validation letter

Del Monte Foods_ Inc. - FLAG Approval Validation Report.pdf

(7.53.1.4) Target ambition

Select from:

✓ 1.5°C aligned

(7.53.1.5) Date target was set

04/06/2022

(7.53.1.6) Target coverage

Select from:

✓ Organization-wide

(7.53.1.7) Greenhouse gases covered by target

Select all that apply

- ✓ Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- ✓ Methane (CH4)
- ✓ Nitrous oxide (N2O)

(7.53.1.8) Scopes

Select all that apply

✓ Scope 3

(7.53.1.10) Scope 3 categories

Select all that apply

✓ Scope 3, Category 1 – Purchased goods and services

(7.53.1.11) End date of base year

04/30/2020

(7.53.1.14) Base year Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

242244

(7.53.1.31) Base year total Scope 3 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

242244.000

(7.53.1.32) Total base year emissions covered by target in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e)

242244.000

(7.53.1.35) Base year Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services (metric tons CO2e)

29

(7.53.1.53) Base year emissions covered by target in all selected Scopes as % of total base year emissions in all selected Scopes

29

(7.53.1.54) End date of target

04/30/2030

(7.53.1.55) Targeted reduction from base year (%)

30.3

(7.53.1.56) Total emissions at end date of target covered by target in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e)

168844.068

(7.53.1.59) Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

269855

(7.53.1.76) Total Scope 3 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

269855.000

(7.53.1.77) Total emissions in reporting year covered by target in all selected scopes (metric tons CO2e)

269855.000

(7.53.1.78) Land-related emissions covered by target

Select from:

✓ Yes, it covers land-related emissions only (e.g. FLAG SBT)

(7.53.1.79) % of target achieved relative to base year

-37.62

(7.53.1.80) Target status in reporting year

Select from:

Underway

(7.53.1.82) Explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

This target covers FLAG related emissions in our Scope 3 supply chain. It includes emissions in Scope 3 Category 1 Purchased Goods and Services that are FLAG related.

(7.53.1.83) Target objective

Committing to a net-zero emissions goal, aligned with SBTi, extends our environmental sustainability commitments and gives us aggressive and measurable milestones to reach as we strive to nourish the planet, people and communities for many generations to come.

(7.53.1.84) Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year

We plan to achieve our FLAG related emissions target by working closely with our supply chain on decarbonization activities associated with agricultural emissions as deemed feasible and realistic. We expect emissions to reduce exponentially as new technologies become available and engagement increases with our suppliers.

(7.53.1.85) Target derived using a sectoral decarbonization approach

Select from:

Yes

[Add row]

(7.54) Did you have any other climate-related targets that were active in the reporting year?

Select all that apply

- ✓ Net-zero targets
- ✓ Other climate-related targets

(7.54.2) Provide details of any other climate-related targets, including methane reduction targets.

Row 1

(7.54.2.1) Target reference number

Select from:

✓ Oth 1

(7.54.2.2) Date target was set

04/30/2021

(7.54.2.3) Target coverage

Select from:

✓ Organization-wide

(7.54.2.4) Target type: absolute or intensity

Select from:

✓ Intensity

(7.54.2.5) Target type: category & Metric (target numerator if reporting an intensity target)

Energy consumption or efficiency

✓ kWh

(7.54.2.6) Target denominator (intensity targets only)

Select from:

✓ metric ton of product

(7.54.2.7) End date of base year

04/30/2021

(7.54.2.8) Figure or percentage in base year

83

(7.54.2.9) End date of target

04/30/2023

(7.54.2.10) Figure or percentage at end of date of target

(7.54.2.11) Figure or percentage in reporting year

79

(7.54.2.12) % of target achieved relative to base year

100.0000000000

(7.54.2.13) Target status in reporting year

Select from:

Achieved

(7.54.2.15) Is this target part of an emissions target?

Yes

(7.54.2.16) Is this target part of an overarching initiative?

Select all that apply

✓ No, it's not part of an overarching initiative

(7.54.2.18) Please explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

The target we have set encompasses all electricity usage in our US operations. Our goal is to decrease the amount of electricity consumed per ton of product produced by 5%. This reduction in electricity use per unit of production is the specific objective we are working towards.

(7.54.2.19) Target objective

Our goal is to decrease the amount of electricity consumed per ton of product produced by 5%.

(7.54.2.21) List the actions which contributed most to achieving this target

Purchase of energy efficient equipment, overall efficiency improvements

(7.54.3) Provide details of your net-zero target(s).

Row 1

(7.54.3.1) Target reference number

Select from:

☑ NZ1

(7.54.3.2) Date target was set

04/06/2022

(7.54.3.3) Target Coverage

Select from:

✓ Organization-wide

(7.54.3.4) Targets linked to this net zero target

Select all that apply

✓ Not applicable

(7.54.3.5) End date of target for achieving net zero

04/30/2050

(7.54.3.6) Is this a science-based target?

Select from:

☑ Yes, and this target has been approved by the Science Based Targets initiative

(7.54.3.7) Science Based Targets initiative official validation letter

Del Monte Foods_ Inc. - Net-Zero Approval Letter.pdf

(7.54.3.8) Scopes

Select all that apply

- ✓ Scope 1
- ✓ Scope 2
- ✓ Scope 3

(7.54.3.9) Greenhouse gases covered by target

Select all that apply

- ✓ Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- ✓ Methane (CH4)
- ✓ Nitrous oxide (N20)

(7.54.3.10) Explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

This target covers Scopes 1, 2, and 3 for all DMFI operations in the United States and Mexico. The target excludes emissions from Scope 3 Category 11 Use of Sold Products as all use phase emissions are indirect and are therefore outside the minimum boundary described in the Corporate Value Chain (Scope 3) Accounting and Reporting Standard.

(7.54.3.11) Target objective

We've committed to set a climate goal to achieve net-zero emissions by 2050 in line with the Science Based Targets initiative's (SBTi) Net-Zero Standard.

Additionally, we developed new 2030 carbon reduction targets in line with the Forest, Land and Agriculture (FLAG) science-based target setting guidance, under development by the Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi). The SBTi validated our goals in FY24.

(7.54.3.12) Do you intend to neutralize any residual emissions with permanent carbon removals at the end of the target?

Select from:

✓ Yes

(7.54.3.13) Do you plan to mitigate emissions beyond your value chain?

Select from:

✓ Yes, and we have already acted on this in the reporting year

(7.54.3.14) Do you intend to purchase and cancel carbon credits for neutralization and/or beyond value chain mitigation?

Select all that apply

☑ No, we do not plan to purchase and cancel carbon credits for neutralization and/or beyond value chain mitigation

(7.54.3.16) Describe the actions to mitigate emissions beyond your value chain

We have planned several actions to mitigate emissions beyond our value chain. This includes procuring renewable energy, collaborating with suppliers to promote sustainability, optimizing transportation for efficiency, investing in product innovation for sustainability, and advocating for emissions reduction through collaboration and policy support. These actions demonstrate our commitment to reducing emissions, addressing climate change, and contributing to a sustainable future. We continuously evaluate and update our strategies to align with evolving best practices and industry standards.

(7.54.3.17) Target status in reporting year

Select from:

Underway

(7.54.3.19) Process for reviewing target

DMFI has established a robust framework to track progress against their Science Based Targets. Central to this process is the Director of ESG, who plays a pivotal role in ensuring that the company stays on track toward its ambitious objectives. The Director of ESG is responsible for tracking the company's progress toward its carbon emissions reduction goals. This involves collecting data from various departments, analyzing trends, and identifying areas where the company is excelling or may need to improve. The Director ensures that all emissions are calculated and verified on an annual basis. Carbon emissions are reported publicly each year through CDP and on the company website. To support the Director in this endeavor, the ESG Council—comprised of experts from different functional areas—plays a crucial advisory role. This council brings together deep expertise in carbon management and other critical ESG areas, offering guidance on best practices, potential risks, and innovative solutions. Their insights help shape the strategies and actions needed to drive meaningful progress. By collaborating closely with the Director, the ESG Council ensures that the company's approach is both comprehensive and aligned with the latest developments in each functional area. Once progress has been tracked and refined with input from the ESG Council, the Director of ESG compiles and reports this information to the CEO and the Board of Directors. These reports provide an overview of where the company stands relative to its goals, highlight successes, and pinpoint areas that require further attention. This step is critical, as it ensures that the highest levels of the organization are fully informed and can make strategic decisions based on the most up-to-date and accurate information. The CEO and Board rely on these reports to assess the effectiveness of the company's initiatives and to guide future actions, reinforcing the company's commitment to its SBTs and Net Zero goals.

(7.55) Did you have emissions reduction initiatives that were active within the reporting year? Note that this can include those in the planning and/or implementation phases.

Select from:

Yes

(7.55.1) Identify the total number of initiatives at each stage of development, and for those in the implementation stages, the estimated CO2e savings.

	Number of initiatives	Total estimated annual CO2e savings in metric tonnes CO2e (only for rows marked *)
Under investigation	7	`Numeric input
To be implemented	4	62
Implementation commenced	2	179
Implemented	1	10
Not to be implemented	1	`Numeric input

[Fixed row]

(7.55.2) Provide details on the initiatives implemented in the reporting year in the table below.

Row 1

(7.55.2.1) Initiative category & Initiative type

Energy efficiency in buildings

Lighting

(7.55.2.2) Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

67.7

(7.55.2.3) Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur

Select all that apply

✓ Scope 2 (location-based)

(7.55.2.4) Voluntary/Mandatory

Select from:

Voluntary

(7.55.2.5) Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

96967

(7.55.2.6) Investment required (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

406063

(7.55.2.7) Payback period

Select from:

(7.55.2.8) Estimated lifetime of the initiative

Select from:

Ongoing

(7.55.2.9) Comment

Lighting upgrades in Hanford and Modesto

Row 2

(7.55.2.1) Initiative category & Initiative type

Energy efficiency in buildings

✓ Other, please specify :Boiler improvements

(7.55.2.2) Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

2223

(7.55.2.3) Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur

Select all that apply

✓ Scope 1

(7.55.2.4) Voluntary/Mandatory

Select from:

✓ Voluntary

(7.55.2.5) Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

339445

(7.55.2.6) Investment required (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

1171665

(7.55.2.7) Payback period

	Select	from:
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(7.55.2.8) Estimated lifetime of the initiative

Select from:

Ongoing

(7.55.2.9) Comment

Boiler improvements in Hanford

Row 3

(7.55.2.1) Initiative category & Initiative type

Energy efficiency in buildings

✓ Maintenance program

(7.55.2.2) Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

672

(7.55.2.3) Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur

Select all that apply

✓ Scope 2 (location-based)

(7.55.2.4) Voluntary/Mandatory

Select from:

Voluntary

(7.55.2.5) Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

(7.55.2.6) Investment required (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

735706

(7.55.2.7) Payback period

Select from:

(7.55.2.8) Estimated lifetime of the initiative

Select from:

Ongoing

(7.55.2.9) Comment

Air system improvements [Add row]

(7.55.3) What methods do you use to drive investment in emissions reduction activities?

Row 1

(7.55.3.1) Method

Select from:

☑ Compliance with regulatory requirements/standards

(7.55.3.2) Comment

We follow Federal, State and Local environmental sustainability rules to manage emissions and comply. We invest in emission-reducing technologies and initiatives to meet reporting requirements and reduce our environmental impact.

[Add row]

(7.67) Do you implement agriculture or forest management practices on your own land with a climate change mitigation and/or adaptation benefit?

Select from:

✓ No

(7.68) Do you encourage your suppliers to undertake any agricultural or forest management practices with climate change mitigation and/or adaptation benefits?

Select from:

Yes

(7.68.1) Specify which agricultural or forest management practices with climate change mitigation and/or adaptation benefits you encourage your suppliers to undertake and describe your role in the implementation of each practice.

Row 1

(7.68.1.1) Management practice reference number

Select from:

✓ MP1

(7.68.1.2) Management practice

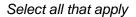
Select from:

✓ Nitrogen-fixing plants as cover crop

(7.68.1.3) Description of management practice

Provide guidance and support for growers

(7.68.1.4) Your role in the implementation



- ✓ Knowledge sharing
- ✓ Procurement

(7.68.1.5) Explanation of how you encourage implementation

Our goal is to annually increase the use of cover crops by 5%. To achieve this, our field staff actively collaborates with our growers, providing education on the advantages of cover cropping for soil health and carbon mitigation. By sharing this knowledge, we aim to encourage and support our growers in adopting cover cropping practices to improve their soil quality and contribute to mitigating climate change.

(7.68.1.6) Climate change related benefit

Select all that apply

- ☑ Emissions reductions (mitigation)
- ✓ Increasing resilience to climate change (adaptation)
- ✓ Increase carbon sink (mitigation)

(7.68.1.7) Comment

We also engage in our own seed breeding for green beans, which results in our growers using seeds that are more resilient and require fewer inputs [Add row]

(7.68.2) Do you collect information from your suppliers about the outcomes of any implemented agricultural/forest management practices you have encouraged?

Select from:

Yes

(7.70) Do you know if any of the management practices mentioned in 7.68.1 that were implemented by your suppliers have other impacts besides climate change mitigation/adaptation?

Select from:

✓ Yes

(7.70.1) Provide details of those management practices implemented by your suppliers that have other impacts besides climate change mitigation/adaptation.

Row 1

(7.70.1.1) Management practice reference number

Select from:

✓ MP1

(7.70.1.2) Overall effect

Select from:

Positive

(7.70.1.3) Which of the following has been impacted?

Select all that apply

✓ Soil

Yield

(7.70.1.4) Description of impacts

An organic corn grower practices sustainable farming by using organic feed residue from the farm to supplement the pasture grass instead of discarding it. This approach improves soil health and carbon sequestration, benefiting both irrigated and dry pastures as well as farm fields. We observed an increase in soil organic matter, positively impacting crop productivity.

(7.70.1.5) Have any response to these impacts been implemented?

Select from:

✓ Yes

(7.70.1.6) Description of the response(s)

By increasing the acreage with cover crops and adopting regenerative farming techniques, we aim to enhance soil health, biodiversity, and overall sustainability. These efforts contribute to mitigating climate change and promoting more environmentally friendly agricultural practices.

[Add row]

(7.73) Are you providing product level data for your organization's goods or services?

Select from:

✓ No, I am not providing data

(7.74) Do you classify any of your existing goods and/or services as low-carbon products?

Select from:

✓ No

(7.79) Has your organization canceled any project-based carbon credits within the reporting year?

Select from:

✓ No

C8. Environmental performance - Forests

(8.1) Are there any exclusions from your disclosure of forests-related data?

	Exclusion from disclosure
Timber products	Select from: ✓ Yes
Cattle products	Select from: ☑ No

[Fixed row]

(8.1.1) Provide details on these exclusions.

Timber products

(8.1.1.1) Exclusion

Select from:

Business activities

(8.1.1.2) Description of exclusion

We have excluded the timber products used for packaging products by our co-manufacturers. All direct timber product purchases are included.

(8.1.1.3) Value chain stage

Select from:

✓ Upstream value chain

(8.1.1.4) Reason for exclusion

Select from:

✓ Data is not available

(8.1.1.5) Primary reason why data is not available for your disclosed commodity

Select from:

☑ Challenges associated with data collection and/or quality

(8.1.1.8) Indicate if you are providing the commodity volume that is being excluded from your disclosure of forestsrelated data

Select from:

✓ Yes, we are providing the volume excluded

(8.1.1.9) Volume excluded (metric tons)

10281

(8.1.1.10) Please explain

While we know the volume of timber products used by our co-manufacturers, there are limitations to gathering further information such as percent spend on those components.

[Add row]

(8.2) Provide a breakdown of your disclosure volume per commodity.

	Disclosure volume (metric tons)	Volume type	Sourced volume (metric tons)
Timber products	18647.13	Select all that apply ✓ Sourced	18647.13
Cattle products	20.28	Select all that apply ✓ Sourced	20.28

[Fixed row]

(8.5) Provide details on the origins of your sourced volumes.

Timber products

(8.5.1) Country/area of origin

Select from:

✓ United States of America

(8.5.2) First level administrative division

Select from:

Unknown

(8.5.4) Volume sourced from country/area of origin (metric tons)

18647.13

(8.5.5) Source

Select all that apply

☑ Contracted suppliers (manufacturers)

(8.5.7) Please explain

Our direct purchases of timber products come from the United States.

Cattle products

(8.5.1) Country/area of origin

Select from:

✓ Unknown origin

(8.5.4) Volume sourced from country/area of origin (metric tons)

100

(8.5.5) Source

Select all that apply

- ✓ Contracted suppliers (processors)
- ✓ Contracted suppliers (manufacturers)

(8.5.7) Please explain

As we work to improve our traceability systems around cattle, we do not have percentages for all countries of origin. We know that the majority comes from The United States. We are working to provide more comprehensive reporting next year.

[Add row]

(8.7) Did your organization have a no-deforestation or no-conversion target, or any other targets for sustainable production/ sourcing of your disclosed commodities, active in the reporting year?

Timber products

(8.7.1) Active no-deforestation or no-conversion target

Select from:

☑ No, but we plan to have a no-deforestation or no-conversion target in the next two years

(8.7.3) Primary reason for not having an active no-deforestation or no-conversion target in the reporting year

Select from:

✓ Lack of internal resources, capabilities, or expertise (e.g., due to organization size)

(8.7.4) Explain why you did not have an active no-deforestation or no-conversion target in the reporting year

Due to prioritization of broader climate targets, a specific no-deforestation target has not been set in F23, but we plan to set one in F24.

(8.7.5) Other active targets related to this commodity, including any which contribute to your no-deforestation or no-conversion target

Select from:

☑ No, and we do not plan to have other targets related to this commodity in the next two years

(8.7.6) Primary reason for not having other active targets in the reporting year

Select from:

✓ Lack of internal resources, capabilities, or expertise (e.g., due to organization size)

(8.7.7) Explain why you did not have other active targets in the reporting year

Due to prioritization of broader climate targets, a specific no-deforestation target has not been set in F23, but we plan to set one in F24.

Cattle products

(8.7.1) Active no-deforestation or no-conversion target

Select from:

☑ No, but we plan to have a no-deforestation or no-conversion target in the next two years

(8.7.3) Primary reason for not having an active no-deforestation or no-conversion target in the reporting year

Select from:

✓ Lack of internal resources, capabilities, or expertise (e.g., due to organization size)

(8.7.4) Explain why you did not have an active no-deforestation or no-conversion target in the reporting year

Due to prioritization of broader climate targets, a specific no-deforestation target has not been set in F23, but we plan to set one in F24.

(8.7.5) Other active targets related to this commodity, including any which contribute to your no-deforestation or no-conversion target

Select from:

☑ No, and we do not plan to have other targets related to this commodity in the next two years

(8.7.6) Primary reason for not having other active targets in the reporting year

Select from:

✓ Lack of internal resources, capabilities, or expertise (e.g., due to organization size)

(8.7.7) Explain why you did not have other active targets in the reporting year

Due to prioritization of broader climate targets, a specific no-deforestation target has not been set in F23, but we plan to set one in F24. [Fixed row]

(8.8) Indicate if your organization has a traceability system to determine the origins of your sourced volumes and provide details of the methods and tools used.

Timber products

(8.8.1) Traceability system

Select from:

✓ Yes

(8.8.2) Methods/tools used in traceability system

Select all that apply

✓ Value chain mapping

(8.8.3) Description of methods/tools used in traceability system

We use TraceGains when approving ingredients for purchase, ensuring all relevant documents, including country of origin statements, are maintained at both the supplier and item levels. The Corporate Quality Assurance team manages this system to ensure the information remains current. At the plant level, we adhere to our Positive Release Program for Raw Materials, which includes a positive release system to guarantee that only approved raw and packaging materials are used in the production of all Del Monte Foods products. This process ensures that all internal quality and food safety requirements are verified. Additionally, we use Croptrak for our agricultural products, enabling us to track not only the origin of raw materials but also the inputs used, such as water and fertilizer, and their respective volumes. For all other commodities, our procurement team monitors Tier 1 suppliers.

Cattle products

(8.8.1) Traceability system

Select from:

Yes

(8.8.2) Methods/tools used in traceability system

Select all that apply

✓ Value chain mapping

(8.8.3) Description of methods/tools used in traceability system

We use TraceGains when approving ingredients for purchase, ensuring all relevant documents, including country of origin statements, are maintained at both the supplier and item levels. The Corporate Quality Assurance team manages this system to ensure the information remains current. At the plant level, we adhere to our Positive Release Program for Raw Materials, which includes a positive release system to guarantee that only approved raw and packaging materials are used in the production of all Del Monte Foods products. This process ensures that all internal quality and food safety requirements are verified. Additionally, we use Croptrak for our agricultural products, enabling us to track not only the origin of raw materials but also the inputs used, such as water and fertilizer, and their respective volumes. For all other commodities, our procurement team monitors Tier 1 suppliers.

[Fixed row]

(8.8.1) Provide details of the point to which your organization can trace its sourced volumes.

Timber products

(8.8.1.1) % of sourced volume traceable to production unit

0

(8.8.1.2) % of sourced volume traceable to sourcing area and not to production unit

0

 $(8.8.1.3)\ \%$ sourced volume traceable to country/area of origin and not to sourcing area or production unit

100

(8.8.1.4) % of sourced volume traceable to other point (i.e., processing facility/first importer) not in the country/area of origin

n

(8.8.1.5) % of sourced volume from unknown origin

0

(8.8.1.6) % of sourced volume reported

100.00

Cattle products

(8.8.1.1) % of sourced volume traceable to production unit

0

(8.8.1.2) % of sourced volume traceable to sourcing area and not to production unit

0

(8.8.1.3) % sourced volume traceable to country/area of origin and not to sourcing area or production unit

100

(8.8.1.4) % of sourced volume traceable to other point (i.e., processing facility/first importer) not in the country/area of origin

0

(8.8.1.5) % of sourced volume from unknown origin

0

(8.8.1.6) % of sourced volume reported

100.00 [Fixed row]

(8.9) Provide details of your organization's assessment of the deforestation-free (DF) or deforestation- and conversion-free (DCF) status of its disclosed commodities.

Timber products

(8.9.1) DF/DCF status assessed for this commodity

Select from:

✓ Yes, deforestation-free (DF) status assessed

(8.9.2) % of disclosure volume determined as DF/DCF in the reporting year

(8.9.3) % of disclosure volume determined as DF/DCF through a third-party certification scheme providing full DF/DCF assurance

0

(8.9.4) % of disclosure volume determined as DF/DCF through monitoring of production unit

0

(8.9.5) % of disclosure volume determined as DF/DCF through monitoring of sourcing area

0

(8.9.6) Is a proportion of your disclosure volume certified through a scheme not providing full DF/DCF assurance?

Select from:

✓ No

Cattle products

(8.9.1) DF/DCF status assessed for this commodity

Select from:

✓ Yes, deforestation-free (DF) status assessed

(8.9.2) % of disclosure volume determined as DF/DCF in the reporting year

99

(8.9.3) % of disclosure volume determined as DF/DCF through a third-party certification scheme providing full DF/DCF assurance

	rmined as DF/DCF through monitoring of sourcing area
0	
(8.9.6) Is a proportion of your disclo	sure volume certified through a scheme not providing full DF/DCF assurance?
Select from: ☑ No [Fixed row]	
(8.10) Indicate whether you have mo	onitored or estimated the deforestation and conversion of other natural ecosystem dities.
	Monitoring or estimating your deforestation and conversion footprint
Timber products	Monitoring or estimating your deforestation and conversion footprint Select from: ✓ Yes
Timber products Cattle products	Select from:

(8.9.4) % of disclosure volume determined as DF/DCF through monitoring of production unit

Timber products

(8.10.1.1) Monitoring and estimating your deforestation and conversion footprint

Select from:

☑ We estimate the deforestation and conversion footprint based on sourcing area

(8.10.1.2) % of disclosure volume monitored or estimated

100

(8.10.1.3) Reporting of deforestation and conversion footprint

Select all that apply

✓ During the reporting period

(8.10.1.5) Known or estimated deforestation and conversion footprint in the reporting period (hectares)

0

(8.10.1.9) Describe the methods and data sources used to monitor or estimate your deforestation and conversion footprint

Based upon country-of-origin information and global indicators for deforestation risk, we have estimated our deforestation footprint. DMFI's sourced timber products are from countries with low risk for deforestation

Cattle products

(8.10.1.1) Monitoring and estimating your deforestation and conversion footprint

Select from:

☑ We estimate the deforestation and conversion footprint based on sourcing area

(8.10.1.2) % of disclosure volume monitored or estimated

99

Select all that apply

✓ During the reporting period

(8.10.1.5) Known or estimated deforestation and conversion footprint in the reporting period (hectares)

0

(8.10.1.9) Describe the methods and data sources used to monitor or estimate your deforestation and conversion footprint

Based upon country-of-origin information and global indicators for deforestation risk, we have estimated our deforestation footprint. The vast majority DMFI's sourced cattle products are from countries with low risk for deforestation [Add row]

(8.11) For volumes not assessed and determined as deforestation- and conversion-free (DCF), indicate if you have taken actions in the reporting year to increase production or sourcing of DCF volumes.

	Actions taken to increase production or sourcing of DCF volumes
Timber products	Select from: ✓ Yes
Cattle products	Select from: ✓ Yes

[Fixed row]

(8.11.1) Provide details of actions taken in the reporting year to assess and increase production/sourcing of deforestation- and conversion-free (DCF) volumes.

Timber products

(8.11.1.1) Action type

Select from:

✓ Increasing supplier control systems

(8.11.1.2) % of disclosure volume that is covered by this action

0

(8.11.1.3) Indicate whether you had any major barriers or challenges related to this action in the reporting year

Select from:

✓ No

(8.11.1.4) Main measures identified to manage or resolve the challenges

Select all that apply

- ☑ Greater stakeholder engagement and collaboration
- ☑ Greater supplier awareness/engagement
- ☑ Improvement in data collection and quality

(8.11.1.5) Provide further details on the actions taken, their contribution to achieving DCF status, and any related barriers or challenges

During this fiscal year, we have begun work towards a deforestation policy and improved supplier code of conduct. These policies will be used to strengthen supplier relationships and data collection processes to better monitor progress towards no deforestation.

Cattle products

(8.11.1.1) Action type

Select from:

✓ Increasing supplier control systems

(8.11.1.2) % of disclosure volume that is covered by this action

1

(8.11.1.3) Indicate whether you had any major barriers or challenges related to this action in the reporting year

Select from:

✓ No

(8.11.1.4) Main measures identified to manage or resolve the challenges

Select all that apply

- ☑ Greater stakeholder engagement and collaboration
- ☑ Greater supplier awareness/engagement
- ✓ Improvement in data collection and quality

(8.11.1.5) Provide further details on the actions taken, their contribution to achieving DCF status, and any related barriers or challenges

During this fiscal year, we have begun work towards a deforestation policy and improved supplier code of conduct. These policies will be used to strengthen supplier relationships and data collection processes to better monitor progress towards no deforestation.

[Add row]

(8.12) Indicate if certification details are available for the commodity volumes sold to requesting CDP Supply Chain members.

Timber products

(8.12.1) Third-party certification scheme adopted

Select from:

☑ No, and we do not plan to adopt third-party certification within the next two years

(8.12.5) Primary reason that third-party certification has not been adopted

Select from:

✓ Judged to be unimportant or not relevant

(8.12.6) Explain why third-party certification has not been adopted

We plan to partner with our suppliers to better monitor and enforce no deforestation. We feel this goal can be achieved without the use of certification schemes.

Cattle products

(8.12.1) Third-party certification scheme adopted

Select from:

☑ No, and we do not plan to adopt third-party certification within the next two years

(8.12.5) Primary reason that third-party certification has not been adopted

Select from:

✓ Judged to be unimportant or not relevant

(8.12.6) Explain why third-party certification has not been adopted

We plan to partner with our suppliers to better monitor and enforce no deforestation. We feel this goal can be achieved without the use of certification schemes. [Fixed row]

(8.13) Does your organization calculate the GHG emission reductions and/or removals from land use management and land use change that have occurred in your direct operations and/or upstream value chain?

	GHG emissions reductions and removals from land use management and land use change calculated
Timber products	Select from: ✓ Yes, but not willing to share details with requesting CDP Supply Chain members
Cattle products	Select from: ✓ Yes, but not willing to share details with requesting CDP Supply Chain members

[Fixed row]

(8.14) Indicate if you assess your own compliance and/or the compliance of your suppliers with forest regulations and/or mandatory standards, and provide details.

(8.14.1) Assess legal compliance with forest regulations

Select from:

✓ Yes, from suppliers

(8.14.2) Aspects of legislation considered

Select all that apply

- ☑ Environmental protection
- ☑ Tax, anti-corruption, trade and customs regulations

(8.14.3) Procedure to ensure legal compliance

Select all that apply

☑ Supplier self-declaration

(8.14.5) Please explain

We outline our expectations for suppliers in our Supplier Code of Conduct, including compliance with local laws and regulations. We expect all suppliers to comply with our policy to do business with DMFI.

[Fixed row]

(8.15) Do you engage in landscape (including jurisdictional) initiatives to progress shared sustainable land use goals?

(8.15.1) Engagement in landscape/jurisdictional initiatives

Select from:

☑ No, we do not engage in landscape/jurisdictional initiatives, and we do not plan to within the next two years

(8.15.2) Primary reason for not engaging in landscape/jurisdictional initiatives

Select from:

☑ Benefits of engaging in landscapes/jurisdictions unclear

(8.15.3) Explain why your organization does not engage in landscape/jurisdictional initiatives

We are currently focusing our climate efforts on our direct operations and engagement with suppliers. Thus, at this time we have not pursued engagement in landscape initiatives.

[Fixed row]

(8.16) Do you participate in any other external activities to support the implementation of policies and commitments related to deforestation, ecosystem conversion, or human rights issues in commodity value chains?

Select from:

✓ No, and we do not plan to within the next two years

(8.17) Is your organization supporting or implementing project(s) focused on ecosystem restoration and long-term protection?

Select from: ✓ Yes	
(8.17.1) Provide details on your project(s), including the exmeasured outcome(s).	xtent, duration, and monitoring frequency. Please specify any
Row 1	
(8.17.1.1) Project reference	
Select from: ✓ Project 1	
(8.17.1.2) Project type	
Select from: ✓ Agriculture	
(8.17.1.3) Expected benefits of project	
Select all that apply ✓ Disaster risk reduction ✓ Improvement to soil health ✓ Contribution to Net Zero goals ✓ Contribution to SBTi target(s) ✓ Increase in carbon sequestration	☑ Improvement to sustainability of production practices
(8.17.1.4) Is this project originating any carbon credits?	
Select from: ✓ No	

(8.17.1.5) Description of project

We engage in seed breeding that improves the performance of Del Monte Foods' green beans. Through non-GMO methods, we breed for enhanced tolerance for drought, meaning less water is used, as well as tolerance for crowding, so less land is used. The higher yield also means that less land has to be used for production.

(8.17.1.6) Where is the project taking place in relation to your value chain?

Select all that apply

✓ Project based in sourcing area(s)

(8.17.1.7) Start year

1900

(8.17.1.8) Target year

Select from:

✓ Indefinitely

(8.17.1.9) Project area to date (Hectares)

10771

(8.17.1.10) Project area in the target year (Hectares)

10771

(8.17.1.11) Country/Area

Select from:

✓ United States of America

(8.17.1.12) Latitude

0

(8.17.1.13) Longitude

(8.17.1.14) Monitoring frequency

Select from:

Annually

(8.17.1.15) Total investment over the project period (currency)

0

(8.17.1.16) For which of your expected benefits are you monitoring progress?

Select all that apply

- ✓ Contribution to Net Zero goals
- ✓ Improvement to soil health

(8.17.1.17) Please explain

Del Monte Foods has been traditionally breeding vegetable seeds without the use of GMOs for 130 years, since 1894, to naturally enhance pest and disease resistance and improve quality. In fact, 90% of green beans come from seeds developed by Del Monte. Each year, about 3,500 new green bean seed breeding lines are tested for yield, pest resistance, and quality. In fiscal year 2023, we commercialized a new green bean variety that matures two days faster than other varieties, allowing growers to save on water, fertilizer, and other inputs. Despite our efforts, we cannot accurately determine the start and target years, latitude and longitude, or total investment over the project period (currency) as this information is unavailable. We have input the figure 0 to indicate the unavailability of this data, as alternatives like 'N/A' are not a selection. We will continue to prioritize sustainable agriculture by partnering with our growers to manage inputs, such as the amount of nitrogen or minerals used to fertilize crops and orchards, which in turn reduces greenhouse gas emissions.

[Add row]

C9. Environmental performance - Water security

(9.1) Are there any exclusions from your disclosure of water-related data?

Select from:

Yes

(9.1.1) Provide details on these exclusions.

Row 1

(9.1.1.1) Exclusion

Select from:

✓ Business activities

(9.1.1.2) Description of exclusion

Upstream and downstream are excluded

(9.1.1.3) Reason for exclusion

Select from:

✓ Data is not available

(9.1.1.4) Primary reason why data is not available

Select from:

☑ Challenges associated with data collection and/or quality

(9.1.1.7) Percentage of water volume the exclusion represents

Select from:

✓ Unknown

(9.1.1.8) Please explain

Water data is only available for our direct operations. [Add row]

(9.2) Across all your operations, what proportion of the following water aspects are regularly measured and monitored?

Water withdrawals - total volumes

(9.2.1) % of sites/facilities/operations

Select from:

☑ 100%

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Select from:

Monthly

(9.2.3) Method of measurement

Monthly or daily meter readings if well water. Sewer or purchased water based on invoices.

(9.2.4) Please explain

100% of operational production facilities, not including offices and distribution centers. Depending on site, monitoring may be more frequent

Water withdrawals - volumes by source

(9.2.1) % of sites/facilities/operations

Select from:

100%

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Select from:

Monthly

(9.2.3) Method of measurement

Monthly or daily meter readings if well water. Sewer or purchased water based on invoices.

(9.2.4) Please explain

100% of operational production facilities, not including offices and distribution centers. Depending on site, monitoring may be more frequent

Water withdrawals quality

(9.2.1) % of sites/facilities/operations

Select from:

☑ 100%

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Select from:

Quarterly

(9.2.3) Method of measurement

Monthly reports and monthly record keeping

(9.2.4) Please explain

Monitored at sites using well water

Water discharges - total volumes

(9.2.1) % of sites/facilities/operations

Select from:

☑ 100%

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Select from:

✓ Other, please specify: Depending on location, this is monitored daily or monthly.

(9.2.3) Method of measurement

Daily readings, monthly readings, or based on sewer bills

(9.2.4) Please explain

Water discharge is monitored on a daily or monthly cadence depending on the site

Water discharges – volumes by destination

(9.2.1) % of sites/facilities/operations

Select from:

✓ Not monitored

(9.2.4) Please explain

While we know that some water discharged to fields or sewers, we do not track exact volumes by destination.

Water discharges - volumes by treatment method

(9.2.1) % of sites/facilities/operations

Select from:

✓ Not monitored

(9.2.4) Please explain

While we do track that any water discharge going to field is monitored for pH, we do not track standard effluents comprehensively.

Water discharge quality – by standard effluent parameters

(9.2.1) % of sites/facilities/operations

Select from:

✓ Not monitored

(9.2.4) Please explain

This was not monitored during the reporting year.

Water discharge quality – emissions to water (nitrates, phosphates, pesticides, and/or other priority substances)

(9.2.1) % of sites/facilities/operations

Select from:

✓ 1-25

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Select from:

Daily

(9.2.3) Method of measurement

discharge monitoring reports daily

(9.2.4) Please explain

Hanford, Markesan, and Plover sites measure nitrates and nitrites based on pounds per acre per day for water discharge going to agricultural fields. Only US sites that field spray regularly monitor this metric.

Water discharge quality - temperature

(9.2.1) % of sites/facilities/operations

Select from:

☑ 1-25

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Select from:

Continuously

(9.2.3) Method of measurement

Sensors

(9.2.4) Please explain

This is only monitored at sites where potential risks may arise, for instance sites where water is near a heat exchanger.

Water consumption - total volume

(9.2.1) % of sites/facilities/operations

Select from:

100%

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Select from:

Monthly

(9.2.3) Method of measurement

Monthly reports

(9.2.4) Please explain

This is calculated by measuring total water minus discharge.

Water recycled/reused

(9.2.1) % of sites/facilities/operations

Select from:

✓ Not relevant

(9.2.4) Please explain

Most sites do not recycle or reuse water in their own operations due to other needs such as providing the water back to farmers.

The provision of fully-functioning, safely managed WASH services to all workers

(9.2.1) % of sites/facilities/operations

Select from:

☑ 100%

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Select from:

Daily

(9.2.3) Method of measurement

Daily EHS checks

(9.2.4) Please explain

Daily Environmental Health and Safety (EHS) team checks at all facilities the universal provision of safely managed water, sanitation, and hygiene services [Fixed row]

(9.2.2) What are the total volumes of water withdrawn, discharged, and consumed across all your operations, how do they compare to the previous reporting year, and how are they forecasted to change?

Total withdrawals

(9.2.2.1) Volume (megaliters/year)

5712.23

(9.2.2.2) Comparison with previous reporting year

Select from:

☑ About the same

(9.2.2.3) Primary reason for comparison with previous reporting year

Select from:

☑ Other, please specify :Continuation of practices

(9.2.2.4) Five-year forecast

Select from:

Lower

(9.2.2.5) Primary reason for forecast

Select from:

✓ Facility closure

(9.2.2.6) Please explain

We expect water use to decrease after F23 due to facility closures to increase efficiency.

Total discharges

(9.2.2.1) Volume (megaliters/year)

3104.49

(9.2.2.2) Comparison with previous reporting year

Select from:

☑ About the same

(9.2.2.3) Primary reason for comparison with previous reporting year

Select from:

☑ Other, please specify :Continuation of practices

(9.2.2.4) Five-year forecast

Select from:

Lower

(9.2.2.5) Primary reason for forecast

Select from:

☑ Facility closure

(9.2.2.6) Please explain

We expect water use to decrease after F23 due to facility closures to increase efficiency.

Total consumption

(9.2.2.1) Volume (megaliters/year)

2880.75

(9.2.2.2) Comparison with previous reporting year

Select from:

✓ About the same

(9.2.2.3) Primary reason for comparison with previous reporting year

Select from:

☑ Other, please specify :Continuation of practices

(9.2.2.4) Five-year forecast

Select from:

✓ Lower

(9.2.2.5) Primary reason for forecast

Select from:

✓ Facility closure

(9.2.2.6) Please explain

We expect water use to decrease after F23 due to facility closures to increase efficiency. [Fixed row]

(9.2.4) Indicate whether water is withdrawn from areas with water stress, provide the volume, how it compares with the previous reporting year, and how it is forecasted to change.

(9.2.4.1) Withdrawals are from areas with water stress

Select from:

Yes

(9.2.4.2) Volume withdrawn from areas with water stress (megaliters)

1993.64

(9.2.4.3) Comparison with previous reporting year

Select from:

✓ About the same

(9.2.4.4) Primary reason for comparison with previous reporting year

Select from:

✓ Increase/decrease in efficiency

(9.2.4.5) Five-year forecast

Select from:

✓ Lower

(9.2.4.6) Primary reason for forecast

Select from:

✓ Increase/decrease in efficiency

(9.2.4.7) % of total withdrawals that are withdrawn from areas with water stress

34.90

(9.2.4.8) Identification tool

✓ WRI Aqueduct

(9.2.4.9) Please explain

We expect to continue to make progress at increasing water efficiency at all facilities, including those in areas of high water stress. [Fixed row]

(9.2.6) What proportion of the sourced agricultural commodities that are significant to your organization originate from areas with water stress?

Fruit

(9.2.6.1) The proportion of this commodity sourced from areas with water stress is known

Select from:

✓ No, but we intend to obtain this data within the next two years

(9.2.6.3) Please explain

While we have geographic sourcing data for our agricultural commodities, we have not yet mapped it to areas with water stress. We intend to do this in the next two years.

Maize/corn

(9.2.6.1) The proportion of this commodity sourced from areas with water stress is known

Select from:

✓ No, but we intend to obtain this data within the next two years

(9.2.6.3) Please explain

While we have geographic sourcing data for our agricultural commodities, we have not yet mapped it to areas with water stress. We intend to do this in the next two years.

Sugar

(9.2.6.1) The proportion of this commodity sourced from areas with water stress is known

Select from:

✓ No, we do not have this data and have no plans to obtain it

(9.2.6.3) Please explain

We currently have no plans to conduct this assessment for this commodity.

Vegetable

(9.2.6.1) The proportion of this commodity sourced from areas with water stress is known

Select from:

☑ No, but we intend to obtain this data within the next two years

(9.2.6.3) Please explain

While we have geographic sourcing data for our agricultural commodities, we have not yet mapped it to areas with water stress. We intend to do this in the next two years.

[Fixed row]

(9.2.7) Provide total water withdrawal data by source.

	Relevance	Please explain
Fresh surface water, including rainwater, water from wetlands, rivers, and lakes	Select from:	We do not withdraw water from this source.

	Relevance	Please explain
	✓ Not relevant	
Brackish surface water/Seawater	Select from: ✓ Not relevant	We do not withdraw water from this source.
Groundwater – renewable	Select from: ✓ Not relevant	We do not withdraw water from this source.
Groundwater – non-renewable	Select from: ✓ Relevant but volume unknown	Water used at DMFI facilities is sourced from deep in aquifers or purchased from local cities.
Produced/Entrained water	Select from: ✓ Not relevant	We do not withdraw water from this source.
Third party sources	Select from: ✓ Relevant but volume unknown	Water used at DMFI facilities is sourced from deep in aquifers or purchased from local cities.

[Fixed row]

(9.2.10) Provide details of your organization's emissions of nitrates, phosphates, pesticides, and other priority substances to water in the reporting year.

Emissions to water in the reporting year (metric tons)	Categories of substances included	Please explain
177.92	Select all that apply ☑ Nitrates	This number includes nitrogen and chlorine.

[Fixed row]

(9.4) Could any of your facilities reported in 9.3.1 have an impact on a requesting CDP supply chain member?

Select from:

☑ This is confidential

(9.5) Provide a figure for your organization's total water withdrawal efficiency.

Revenue (currency)	Total water withdrawal efficiency	Anticipated forward trend
1733102000	303402.00	Due to facility closures in F24 that will help optimize efficiency, we expect this metric to improve,

[Fixed row]

(9.9) Provide water intensity information for each of the agricultural commodities significant to your organization that you source.

	Water intensity information for this sourced commodity is collected/calculated	Please explain
Fruit	Select from: ✓ No, not currently and we have no plans to collect/calculate this data within the next two years	Since agricultural production is outside of our direct operations, we do not track this metric.
Maize/corn	Select from: ✓ No, not currently and we have no plans to collect/calculate this data within the next two years	Since agricultural production is outside of our direct operations, we do not track this metric.

	Water intensity information for this sourced commodity is collected/calculated	Please explain
Sugar	Select from: ✓ No, not currently and we have no plans to collect/calculate this data within the next two years	Since agricultural production is outside of our direct operations, we do not track this metric.
Vegetable	Select from: ☑ No, not currently and we have no plans to collect/calculate this data within the next two years	Since agricultural production is outside of our direct operations, we do not track this metric.

[Add row]

(9.13) Do any of your products contain substances classified as hazardous by a regulatory authority?

Products contain hazardous substances	Comment
Select from: ☑ No	None of our products contain hazardous substances.

[Fixed row]

(9.14) Do you classify any of your current products and/or services as low water impact?

Products and/or services classified as low water impact	Primary reason for not classifying any of your current products and/or services as low water impact	Please explain
Select from: ✓ No, and we do not plan to address this within the next two years	Select from: ✓ Important but not an immediate business priority	We are prioritizing work on our direct operations and company-wide footprint at this time.

[Fixed row]

(9.15) Do you have any water-related targets?

Select from:

✓ Yes

(9.15.1) Indicate whether you have targets relating to water pollution, water withdrawals, WASH, or other water-related categories.

	Target set in this category
Water pollution	Select from: ✓ No, and we do not plan to within the next two years
Water withdrawals	Select from: ✓ Yes
Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (WASH) services	Select from: ✓ No, and we do not plan to within the next two years
Other	Select from:

Target set in this category
✓ No, and we do not plan to within the next two years

[Fixed row]

(9.15.2) Provide details of your water-related targets and the progress made.

Row 1

(9.15.2.1) Target reference number

Select from:

✓ Target 1

(9.15.2.2) Target coverage

Select from:

✓ Organization-wide (direct operations only)

(9.15.2.3) Category of target & Quantitative metric

Water withdrawals

☑ Other water withdrawals, please specify :Reduce water use in our plants by 1% (18 million gallons) by April 30, 2024

(9.15.2.4) Date target was set

04/30/2023

(9.15.2.5) End date of base year

(9.15.2.6) Base year figure

1509010856

(9.15.2.7) End date of target year

04/30/2024

(9.15.2.8) Target year figure

1491010856

(9.15.2.9) Reporting year figure

1509010856

(9.15.2.10) Target status in reporting year

Select from:

Underway

(9.15.2.11) % of target achieved relative to base year

0

(9.15.2.12) Global environmental treaties/initiatives/ frameworks aligned with or supported by this target

Select all that apply

✓ None, alignment not assessed

(9.15.2.13) Explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

In F23 we set a new goal to conserve water in our manufacturing plant by reducing water use by 1% (18 million gallons) by April 30, 2024.

(9.15.2.14) Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year

We plan to achieve this 1-year goal through efficiency improvements.

(9.15.2.16) Further details of target

Aim to reduce water use in our plants by 1% (18 million gallons) by April 30, 2024 [Add row]

C10. Environmental performance - Plastics

(10.1) Do you have plastics-related targets, and if so what type?

(10.1.1) Targets in place

Select from:

Yes

(10.1.2) Target type and metric

Plastic packaging

✓ Increase the proportion of post-consumer recycled content in plastic packaging

Plastic goods/products

✓ Increase the proportion of post-consumer recycled content in plastic goods/products

(10.1.3) Please explain

In F23, we began incorporating post-consumer resin (PCR) in the manufacturing of our JOYBA beverage cups. Because PCR is a material made from recycled plastic, this takes us one step closer to reaching our goal to include 25% of recycled content into our plastic packaging. We've also begun storage studies on fruit cups made with PCR and continue to look for other opportunities to incorporate PCR and other recycled materials into our packaging. [Fixed row]

(10.2) Indicate whether your organization engages in the following activities.

Production/commercialization of plastic polymers (including plastic converters)

(10.2.1) Activity applies

Select from:	
✓ No	
(10.2.2)	

(10.2.2) Comment

We do not produce any of our own plastics

Production/commercialization of durable plastic goods and/or components (including mixed materials)

(10.2.1) Activity applies

Select from:

Yes

(10.2.2) Comment

We utilize plastics as part of our packaging.

Usage of durable plastics goods and/or components (including mixed materials)

(10.2.1) Activity applies

Select from:

Yes

(10.2.2) Comment

We utilize plastics as part of our packaging.

Production/commercialization of plastic packaging

(10.2.1) Activity applies

Select from:

✓ No

(10.2.2) Comment

We do not engage in this activity.

Production/commercialization of goods/products packaged in plastics

(10.2.1) Activity applies

Select from:

Yes

(10.2.2) Comment

We utilize plastics as part of our packaging.

Provision/commercialization of services that use plastic packaging (e.g., food services)

(10.2.1) Activity applies

Select from:

✓ No

(10.2.2) Comment

We do not engage in this activity

Provision of waste management and/or water management services

(10.2.1) Activity applies

Select from:

✓ No

(10.2.2) Comment

Provision of financial products and/or services for plastics-related activities

(10.2.1) Activity applies

Select from:

✓ No

(10.2.2) Comment

We do not engage in this activity

Other activities not specified

(10.2.1) Activity applies

Select from:

✓ No

(10.2.2) Comment

NA

[Fixed row]

(10.4) Provide the total weight of plastic durable goods and durable components produced, sold and/or used, and indicate the raw material content.

Durable goods and durable components used

(10.4.1) Total weight during the reporting year (Metric tons)

6385

(10.4.2) Raw material content percentages available to report

Select all that apply

✓ None

(10.4.7) Please explain

Percentage of recycled content varies by product type, making it difficult to report as one number. Recycled content per packaging type varies from 0 - 38%. [Fixed row]

(10.5) Provide the total weight of plastic packaging sold and/or used and indicate the raw material content.

Plastic packaging used

(10.5.1) Total weight during the reporting year (Metric tons)

6385

(10.5.2) Raw material content percentages available to report

Select all that apply

✓ None

(10.5.7) Please explain

Percentage of recycled content varies by product type, making it difficult to report as one number. Recycled content per packaging type varies from 0 - 38%. [Fixed row]

(10.5.1) Indicate the circularity potential of the plastic packaging you sold and/or used.

	Percentages available to report for circularity potential	Please explain
Plastic packaging used	Select all that apply ✓ None	We do not currently track circularity potential, but we plan to in the future.

[Fixed row]

C11. Environmental performance - Biodiversity

(11.2) Wł	hat actions has youi	r organization taken i	in the reporting year to	progress your biodiversit	y-related commitments?
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	Actions taken in the reporting period to progress your biodiversity-related commitments
[Fixed row]	Select from: ☑ No, we are not taking any actions to progress our biodiversity-related commitments

[Fixea row]

(11.3) Does your organization use biodiversity indicators to monitor performance across its activities?

Does your organization use indicators to monitor biodiversity performance?
Select from: ☑ No

[Fixed row]

(11.4) Does your organization have activities located in or near to areas important for biodiversity in the reporting year?

	Indicate whether any of your organization's activities are located in or near to this type of area important for biodiversity
Legally protected areas	Select from: ✓ Not assessed
UNESCO World Heritage sites	Select from: ☑ No
UNESCO Man and the Biosphere Reserves	Select from: ☑ No
Ramsar sites	Select from: ✓ No
Key Biodiversity Areas	Select from: ✓ Not assessed
Other areas important for biodiversity	Select from: ✓ Not assessed

[Fixed row]

C13. Further information & sign off

(13.1) Indicate if any environmental information included in your CDP response (not already reported in 7.9.1/2/3, 8.9.1/2/3/4, and 9.3.2) is verified and/or assured by a third party?

Other environmental information included in your CDP response is verified and/or assured by a third party	Primary reason why other environmental information included in your CDP response is not verified and/or assured by a third party
Select from:	Select from:
☑ No, and we do not plan to obtain third-party verification/assurance of other environmental information in our CDP response within the next two years	✓ Lack of internal resources, capabilities, or expertise (e.g., due to organization size)

[Fixed row]

(13.2) Use this field to provide any additional information or context that you feel is relevant to your organization's response. Please note that this field is optional and is not scored.

(13.2.1) Additional information

We reaffirm our commitment to sustainability and environmental stewardship through comprehensive strategies, dedicated teams, and collaborative partnerships. In addition to engagement with suppliers, partners and policymakers, the company collaborates with industry associations, non-profits, and academic institutions to advance sustainability efforts, including climate-related priorities. Transparency and accountability are prioritized in sustainability reporting, with biannual sustainability reports aligning with industry standards. We work to continuously improve our sustainability performance, enhancing data collection and monitoring processes. Stakeholder engagement is valued to inform sustainability strategies. We remain dedicated to addressing climate-related risks and promoting resilient and environmentally responsible practices.

(13.2.2) Attachment (optional)

Del Monte Foods 2023 ESG Report.pdf [Fixed row]

(13.3) Provide the following information for the person that has signed off (approved) your CDP response.

(13.3.1) Job title

Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

(13.3.2) Corresponding job category

Select from:

☑ Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

[Fixed row]

(13.4) Please indicate your consent for CDP to share contact details with the Pacific Institute to support content for its Water Action Hub website.

Select from:

✓ No