Del Monte Foods - Climate Change 2023

C0. Introduction

C0.1

(C0.1) Give a general description and introduction to your organization.

Del Monte Foods, Inc. (DMFI), a prominent food company based in Walnut Creek, CA, sells a wide variety of quality food products across the United States under popular brands like Del Monte, Contadina, College Inn, Kitchen Basics, JOYBA, Take Root Organics, and S&W. With a rich history dating back to the late 1800s, DMFI is a leader in the packaged food industry, offering excellent packaged fruits, vegetables, and tomatoes sourced from a large network of growers in the United States and Mexico. DMFI prioritizes environmental sustainability, focusing on reducing pesticide use, improving crop growth with fewer resources, and maintaining a healthy environment. To learn more about their sustainability efforts, refer to the 2022 Environmental Social and Governance Update.

Sources

Sustainability Reports | Del Monte Foods, Inc.

https://www.delmontefoods.com/our-story

C0.2

(C0.2) State the start and end date of the year for which you are reporting data and indicate whether you will be providing emissions data for past reporting years.

Reporting year

Start date
May 1 2021

End date
April 30 2022

Indicate if you are providing emissions data for past reporting years
Yes

Select the number of past reporting years you will be providing Scope 1 emissions data for
1 year

Select the number of past reporting years you will be providing Scope 2 emissions data for
1 year

Select the number of past reporting years you will be providing Scope 3 emissions data for
1 year

C0.3

(C0.3) Select the countries/areas in which you operate.
Mexico
United States of America

C0.4

(C0.4) Select the currency used for all financial information disclosed throughout your response.
USD

C0.5

(C0.5) Select the option that describes the reporting boundary for which climate-related impacts on your business are being reported. Note that this option should align with your chosen approach for consolidating your GHG inventory.
Operational control

C-AC0.6/C-FB0.6/C-PF0.6

(C-AC0.6/C-FB0.6/C-PF0.6) Are emissions from agricultural/forestry, processing/manufacturing, distribution activities or emissions from the consumption of your products – whether in your direct operations or in other parts of your value chain – relevant to your current CDP climate change disclosure?

	Relevance
Agriculture/Forestry	Elsewhere in the value chain only [Agriculture/Forestry/processing/manufacturing/Distribution only]
Processing/Manufacturing	Both direct operations and elsewhere in the value chain [Processing/manufacturing/Distribution only]
Distribution	Both direct operations and elsewhere in the value chain [Processing/manufacturing/Distribution only]
Consumption	Elsewhere in the value chain only [Agriculture/Forestry/processing/manufacturing/Distribution only]

C-AC0.6b/C-FB0.6b/C-PF0.6b

(C-AC0.6b/C-FB0.6b/C-PF0.6b) Why are emissions from agricultural/forestry activities undertaken on your own land not relevant to your current CDP climate change disclosure?

Row 1

Primary reason
Do not own/manage land

Please explain
We do not have agriculture/forestry activities or animals on land we own. The land used by growers from whom we purchase fruits and vegetables are part of our supply chain.

C-AC0.7/C-FB0.7/C-PF0.7

(C-AC0.7/C-FB0.7/C-PF0.7) Which agricultural commodity(ies) that your organization produces and/or sources are the most significant to your business by revenue? Select up to five.

Agricultural commodity
Sugar

% of revenue dependent on this agricultural commodity
10-20%

Produced or sourced
Sourced

Please explain
We obtain sugar for our fruit and tomato products from various sources. Our focus is to offer nutritious and high-quality food options for families. We prioritize providing fruit products without added sugar and vegetables with reduced sodium or no salt. With a wide range of about 200 products made from approximately 40 different fruits, vegetables, and tomatoes, we carefully select and prepare them at peak ripeness to preserve their nutrients. Over time, we have decreased our sugar usage and plan to continue reducing it in the future.

C0.8

(C0.8) Does your organization have an ISIN code or another unique identifier (e.g., Ticker, CUSIP, etc.)?

Indicate whether you are able to provide a unique identifier for your organization	Provide your unique identifier

C1. Governance

C1.1

(C1.1) Is there board-level oversight of climate-related issues within your organization?
Yes

C1.1a

(C1.1a) Identify the position(s) (do not include any names) of the individual(s) on the board with responsibility for climate-related issues.

Position of individual or committee	Responsibilities for climate-related issues
Director on board	As a listed company on SGX, DMPL, our parent company, follows the SGX Sustainability Reporting Guide and publishes reports on our sustainability efforts and progress towards UN SDGs. These reports are approved by the DMPL Board, demonstrating our commitment to sustainability. Within the Board, a member oversees sustainability and climate-related matters. They hold key positions in essential committees and have received extra training on sustainability and environmental topics. This person has actively supported DMFI's goal of achieving zero carbon emissions, reflecting our dedication to a sustainable future. The Chair and Governance Committee members oversee sustainability and climate-related topics and the goal of driving sustainability through the organization. The Governance Committee will ensure the success of the Company's climate-related efforts through, among other things, shaping and monitoring the Company's ESG practices, strategy, initiative, and policies.

C1.1b

(C1.1b) Provide further details on the board's oversight of climate-related issues.

Frequency with which climate-related issues are a scheduled agenda item	Governance mechanisms into which climate-related issues are integrated	Scope of board-level oversight	Please explain
Scheduled – some meetings	Reviewing and guiding annual budgets Overseeing major capital expenditures Overseeing acquisitions, mergers, and divestitures Reviewing and guiding strategy Monitoring progress towards corporate targets Reviewing and guiding the risk management process	<Not Applicable>	Sustainability is a top priority for our company's long-term growth. It's a key focus area that we include in our yearly plans. The DMPL and DMFI Boards regularly meet to assess our overall performance and progress towards our goals. The Audit and Risk Committee examines an internal audit report that identifies major risks, including environmental ones. If necessary, the Board reviews these risks. Since sustainability is a major focus, we work hard to achieve our environmental goals. The Board's regular reviews enable us to make important decisions, assess climate-related risks, and approve significant environmental investments. The full Board approves ESG goals and receives periodic updates.

C1.1d

(C1.1d) Does your organization have at least one board member with competence on climate-related issues?

	Board member(s) have competence on climate-related issues	Criteria used to assess competence of board member(s) on climate-related issues	Primary reason for no board-level competence on climate-related issues	Explain why your organization does not have at least one board member with competence on climate-related issues and any plans to address board-level competence in the future
Row 1	Yes	Yes. New board members meet this criterion. DMFI makes sure that all board members know about climate-related issues. We do this by giving them mandatory sustainability training. In this training, we focus on climate-related issues that relate to our business. By giving them this training, we ensure that our board members have the knowledge they need to make good decisions about climate-related matters in our organization. Several board members have ESG experience in their resumes.	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>

C1.2

(C1.2) Provide the highest management-level position(s) or committee(s) with responsibility for climate-related issues.

Position or committee
Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

Climate-related responsibilities of this position
Assessing climate-related risks and opportunities
Managing climate-related risks and opportunities

Coverage of responsibilities
<Not Applicable>

Reporting line
Other, please specify (Reports directly to the Board.)

Frequency of reporting to the board on climate-related issues via this reporting line
More frequently than quarterly

Please explain
DMPL has a well-structured organizational program that effectively manages various risks, including finance, operations, compliance, technology, and sustainability. The Group-level team monitors emerging risks and reports to the Audit and Risk Committee. Each department has a responsibility to integrate sustainability into their work, guided by the DMPL Corporate Responsibility Leadership Team. The Vice President of Sustainability oversees climate-related matters across the company, while the DMFI Sustainability Committee focuses on specific sustainability goals. This organizational structure promotes collaboration, goal attainment, and effective management of climate actions. The Board Representative evaluates growth plans and facilitates important decision-making, while the CR Leadership Team ensures goal alignment and addresses climate-related risks. The DMFI Director of ESG ensures the day-to-day management of climate-related issues, reporting to the CHRO and working closely with the DMPL CR Leadership Team and Board. This structure fosters coordination and enables efficient climate action management.

Position or committee
Other, please specify (Director, ESG)

Climate-related responsibilities of this position
Assessing climate-related risks and opportunities
Managing climate-related risks and opportunities

Coverage of responsibilities
<Not Applicable>

Reporting line
Other, please specify (Vice President, Sustainability)

Frequency of reporting to the board on climate-related issues via this reporting line
More frequently than quarterly

Please explain
DMPL has a well-structured organizational program that effectively manages various risks, including finance, operations, compliance, technology, and sustainability. The Group-level team monitors emerging risks and reports to the Audit and Risk Committee. Each department has a responsibility to integrate sustainability into their work, guided by the DMPL Corporate Responsibility Leadership Team. The Vice President of Sustainability oversees climate-related matters across the company, while the DMFI Sustainability Committee focuses on specific sustainability goals. This organizational structure promotes collaboration, goal attainment, and effective management of climate actions. The Board Representative evaluates growth plans and facilitates important decision-making, while the CR Leadership Team ensures goal alignment and addresses climate-related risks. The DMFI Director of ESG ensures the day-to-day management of climate-related issues, reporting to the CHRO and working closely with the DMPL CR Leadership Team and Board. This structure fosters coordination and enables efficient climate action management.

Position or committee
Other, please specify (Governance Committee)

Climate-related responsibilities of this position
Managing climate-related risks and opportunities

Coverage of responsibilities
<Not Applicable>

Reporting line
Other, please specify (Not Applicable)

Frequency of reporting to the board on climate-related issues via this reporting line
More frequently than quarterly

Please explain
DMPL has a well-structured organizational program that effectively manages various risks, including finance, operations, compliance, technology, and sustainability. The Group-level team monitors emerging risks and reports to the Audit and Risk Committee. Each department has a responsibility to integrate sustainability into their work, guided by the DMPL Corporate Responsibility Leadership Team. The Vice President of Sustainability oversees climate-related matters across the company, while the DMFI Sustainability Committee focuses on specific sustainability goals. This organizational structure promotes collaboration, goal attainment, and effective management of climate actions. The Board Representative evaluates growth plans and facilitates important decision-making, while the CR Leadership Team ensures goal alignment and addresses climate-related risks. The DMFI Director of ESG ensures the day-to-day management of climate-related issues, reporting to the CHRO and working closely with the DMPL CR Leadership Team and Board. This structure fosters coordination and enables efficient climate action management.

Position or committee
Other, please specify (Chief Technology & Sustainability Officer)

Climate-related responsibilities of this position
Assessing climate-related risks and opportunities
Managing climate-related risks and opportunities

Coverage of responsibilities
<Not Applicable>

Reporting line
CEO reporting line

Frequency of reporting to the board on climate-related issues via this reporting line
More frequently than quarterly

Please explain
DMPL has a well-structured organizational program that effectively manages various risks, including finance, operations, compliance, technology, and sustainability. The Group-level team monitors emerging risks and reports to the Audit and Risk Committee. Each department has a responsibility to integrate sustainability into their work, guided by the DMPL Corporate Responsibility Leadership Team. The Vice President of Sustainability oversees climate-related matters across the company, while the DMFI Sustainability Committee focuses on specific sustainability goals. This organizational structure promotes collaboration, goal attainment, and effective management of climate actions. The Board Representative evaluates growth plans and facilitates important decision-making, while the CR Leadership Team ensures goal alignment and addresses climate-related risks. The DMFI Director of ESG ensures the day-to-day management of climate-related issues, reporting to the CHRO and working closely with the DMPL CR Leadership Team and Board. This structure fosters coordination and enables efficient climate action management.

C1.3

(C1.3) Do you provide incentives for the management of climate-related issues, including the attainment of targets?

	Provide incentives for the management of climate-related issues	Comment
Row 1	Yes	There are functional objectives tied to achieving sustainability goals. Progress impacts compensation.

C1.3a

(C1.3a) Provide further details on the incentives provided for the management of climate-related issues (do not include the names of individuals).

Entitled to incentive
Other C-Suite Officer

Type of incentive
Monetary reward

Incentive(s)
Please select

Performance indicator(s)
Please select

Incentive plan(s) this incentive is linked to
Please select

Further details of incentive(s)

Explain how this incentive contributes to the implementation of your organization's climate commitments and/or climate transition plan
Members of the Corporate Responsibility Leadership Team have specific duties related to achieving Del Monte's Sustainability Goals by 2025. The progress made towards these goals directly affects the annual compensation of these executives. The Chief Supply Chain Officer, for example, has financial incentives linked to the objective of reducing empty miles driven in dedicated operations. This goal aims to minimize energy consumption and emissions in transportation and distribution, incentivizing the officer to actively work towards more efficient and sustainable practices.

C2. Risks and opportunities

C2.1

(C2.1) Does your organization have a process for identifying, assessing, and responding to climate-related risks and opportunities?
Yes

C2.1a

(C2.1a) How does your organization define short-, medium- and long-term time horizons?

	From (years)	To (years)	Comment
Short-term	0	1	We track our progress towards organizational goals through our annual financial reporting as part of our Annual Operating Plan.
Medium-term	1	5	We have a 5-year strategic plan that outlines our goals and actions for long-term business development. This plan spans over five years and guides our strategic decisions and initiatives.
Long-term	5	30	We have a multi-decade strategic plan that outlines the vision, goals, and actions that DMFI intends to undertake over 30 years.

C2.1b

(C2.1b) How does your organization define substantive financial or strategic impact on your business?

Del Monte Foods has a well-established Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) process. Risks are identified and assessed quarterly, with findings presented to the Audit and Risk Committee. The top risks are tracked and mitigation plans are formed and monitored. Risks with substantial financial or strategic impact are prioritized. Various key performance indicators (KPIs) are used to assess and manage each top risk, in alignment with long-term strategic business plans.

C2.2

(C2.2) Describe your process(es) for identifying, assessing and responding to climate-related risks and opportunities.

Value chain stage(s) covered
Direct operations
Upstream
Downstream

Risk management process
Integrated into multi-disciplinary company-wide risk management process

Frequency of assessment
More than once a year

Time horizon(s) covered
Short-term
Medium-term
Long-term

Description of process
i) Description of the process used to determine which risks and/or opportunities could have a substantive financial or strategic impact:

Del Monte Foods has an established Enterprise-wide Risk Management (ERM) program to proactively manage financial, operational, compliance, technology, and sustainability risks, including climate-related risks. Risks are assessed quarterly and presented to the Audit and Risk Committee. Material risks are prioritized, and mitigation actions are formulated. The Board of Directors reviews top risks quarterly, and significant risks are incorporated into the corporate risk register.

ii) A case study of how this process is applied to physical risks and/or opportunities:

Del Monte Foods tracks and manages physical risks by issuing crop reports and hiring a meteorologist to assess weather impacts on growers. This enables effective partnership, procurement strategies, and meeting product demand.

iii) A case study of how this process is applied to transition risks and/or opportunities:

Del Monte Foods addresses transition risks by contracting external consultants to ensure compliance with various environmental/sustainability regulations (e.g., AB802, AB32, SB32). This proactive approach helps avoid penalties, identifies areas for emissions reduction, and drives efficiency improvements in operations.

C2.2a

(C2.2a) Which risk types are considered in your organization's climate-related risk assessments?

	Relevance & inclusion	Please explain
Current regulation	Relevant, always included	DMFI includes current and emerging climate-related regulations in its risk assessments. Current environmental/sustainability regulations are considered, with monitoring and reporting required at our facilities.
Emerging regulation	Relevant, sometimes included	DMFI includes emerging climate-related regulations in risk assessments to adapt operations and mitigate potential risks. Evolving regulations on carbon pricing, water usage, and packaging standards can significantly impact operations and business outcomes. Membership in trade groups helps monitor and stay informed about changing regulatory expectations.
Technology	Relevant, always included	Technology is crucial for DMFI and is considered in our risk assessments. We recognize the potential of technology for transformation and innovation, particularly in addressing climate-related challenges. Using new big data software allows us to understand and manage energy efficiency, renewable energy, and corresponding climate impacts better.
Legal	Relevant, always included	Monitoring developments and adhering to environmental laws and regulations and laws is a top priority. DMFI monitors and works to mitigate legal risks related to climate change and the environment through ongoing assessments, engagement with trade and other organizations and consultant support.
Market	Relevant, always included	We recognize the need to understand shifts in market conditions, including changing consumer demand driven by climate change awareness. The growing market for sustainable and healthier plant-based foods presents an opportunity for DMFI as a pioneer in this area. We have conducted studies to better understand consumer preferences and are well-positioned to capitalize on the increasing value placed on climate-related benefits of a plant-based diet .
Reputation	Relevant, always included	DMFI recognizes the connection between responsible stewardship, sustainability, and business success. Including climate-related reputational risks in ongoing risk assessments and engaging with stakeholders helps avoid and mitigate potential impacts.
Acute physical	Relevant, always included	The agricultural value chain is vulnerable to the acute risk of climate-related impacts, such as extreme weather events. DMFI mitigates these risks by working with growers across diverse regions and supporting disaster relief efforts.
Chronic physical	Relevant, always included	Climate-related factors like changing precipitation patterns and rising temperatures can impact water availability and crop quality. DMFI addresses these risks through data collection, research, seed breeding, and partnerships to develop more resilient crops .

C2.3

(C2.3) Have you identified any inherent climate-related risks with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business?
Yes

C2.3a

(C2.3a) Provide details of risks identified with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business.

Identifier

Risk 1

Where in the value chain does the risk driver occur?
Direct operations

Risk type & Primary climate-related risk driver

Current regulation	Carbon pricing mechanisms

Primary potential financial impact
Increased indirect (operating) costs

Climate risk type mapped to traditional financial services industry risk classification
<Not Applicable>

Company-specific description
We prioritize climate change, greenhouse gas emissions, and carbon pricing in our planning and decision-making processes, actively monitoring and mitigating risks. Regulatory attention to climate change poses a risk, particularly through AB 32 and cap and trade programs in California. While currently impacting one facility, costs are expected to rise as allowances decrease over time.

Time horizon
Short-term

Likelihood
About as likely as not

Magnitude of impact
Medium-low

Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?
Yes, a single figure estimate

Potential financial impact figure (currency)
800608

Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Explanation of financial impact figure
The potential impact of AB32 varies based on factors like allowance prices and facility inclusion. Currently, only one facility is captured under the program. Purchasing all necessary allowances for this facility would cost over $500,000 annually. It's important to note that indirect costs, such as higher electricity and natural gas prices affecting all facilities in California, are not included in this financial impact calculation.

Source:
• The figure is based on previous calculation methodologies submitted/reported.

Cost of response to risk
50000

Description of response and explanation of cost calculation
We prioritize accurate monitoring and reporting of energy usage and greenhouse gas emissions. We allocate substantial resources for this purpose and enlist the help of consultants to ensure accuracy. We include budget provisions annually for verification activities. To manage the risk associated with emissions, we actively explore options for reducing emissions, closely measure and monitor our emissions, identify opportunities for energy efficiency improvements, and implement innovative systems across our plants. These efforts not only support regulatory compliance but also mitigate risks to our business. The cost calculation for emission reduction projects is based on a specific natural gas savings project. It's important to note that the cost may vary depending on the prevailing natural gas prices.

Comment
N/A

Identifier
Risk 2

Where in the value chain does the risk driver occur?
Direct operations

Risk type & Primary climate-related risk driver

Acute physical	Storm (including blizzards, dust, and sandstorms)

Primary potential financial impact
Increased direct costs

Climate risk type mapped to traditional financial services industry risk classification
<Not Applicable>

Company-specific description
The changing climate poses a risk to US agricultural production and, in turn, to our fruit and vegetable packing business. Rising temperatures, water availability, soil moisture, and pest patterns impact crop growth and introduce volatility. Sourcing disruptions and crop damage due to extreme weather events can increase costs without the ability to pass them onto customers. For example, in 2019, flooding and disease destroyed contracted pea crops, requiring us to find alternative, more expensive sources to meet demand.

Time horizon

Short-term

Likelihood
More likely than not

Magnitude of impact
Medium

Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?
Yes, a single figure estimate

Potential financial impact figure (currency)
23000000

Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Explanation of financial impact figure
Climate change can have significant financial consequences for our company due to disruptions in growing conditions like storms and flooding. These disruptions can result in limited supply and higher prices for contracted crops. Additionally, if crops are impacted in terms of timing and quality, variable costs may increase. While it is challenging to precisely quantify the financial impact of climate change, we estimate that climate risks could raise our costs by approximately 2%, equivalent to around $23 million based on our last year's product expenditure. This estimate provides valuable context and helps us anticipate and address potential financial effects of climate-related risks on our business.

Cost of response to risk
50250

Description of response and explanation of cost calculation
To manage climate-related risks, we maintain strong relationships with growers, implement proactive measures, track weather effects on crop quality, collaborate to reduce emissions and manage water use, and diversify our raw material sourcing. We also invest in software and weather monitoring capabilities to anticipate and respond to climate challenges, safeguarding our business operations and product availability.

Comment

Identifier
Risk 3

Where in the value chain does the risk driver occur?
Direct operations

Risk type & Primary climate-related risk driver

Chronic physical	Water scarcity

Primary potential financial impact
Increased direct costs

Climate risk type mapped to traditional financial services industry risk classification
<Not Applicable>

Company-specific description
Water scarcity and pollution have a significant impact on agricultural production, including for Del Monte Foods and its growers. The agricultural sector consumes a large portion of the world's freshwater supply, and many regions are facing water limitations. Climate change exacerbates this issue, with predictions of increased drought in areas where DMFI operates. California's ongoing drought cycles have already affected fruit tree crops, leading to changes in quality, volume, and pricing. DMFI aims to mitigate and offset higher costs by increasing operational efficiencies and potentially sourcing from other regions.

Time horizon
Medium-term

Likelihood
About as likely as not

Magnitude of impact
Medium-high

Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?
Yes, a single figure estimate

Potential financial impact figure (currency)
148000000

Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Explanation of financial impact figure
We have actively monitored and addressed water-related risks, and to date, we have not experienced significant financial impacts. However, we recognize the potential for water scarcity to impact our revenues in specific regions. If <10% of our revenues were to be affected by water scarcity, the financial impact would depend on several factors, such as the duration and severity of the scarcity, as well as our ability to adapt and implement mitigation measures. Given the variable nature of these factors, it is challenging to provide an exact financial figure at this time. Nonetheless, we remain committed to closely monitoring water-related risks and taking proactive measures to minimize any potential financial impacts.

Cost of response to risk

Description of response and explanation of cost calculation
We prioritize addressing water issues across our facilities. We invest in projects that improve water efficiency and reuse, such as recycling cooling water and implementing steam peeling technology. By reducing freshwater usage and improving discharge water quality, we aim for sustainability. Additionally, we collaborate with our growers to manage their water use and greenhouse gas emissions. For instance, we participate in irrigation optimization projects, resulting in over 98% of our tomato growers in California utilizing drip irrigation. These efforts help mitigate the risks associated with water scarcity and foster responsible water management throughout our value chain.

Comment

C2.4

(C2.4) Have you identified any climate-related opportunities with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business?
Yes

C2.4a

(C2.4a) Provide details of opportunities identified with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business.

Identifier
Opp1

Where in the value chain does the opportunity occur?
Direct operations

Opportunity type
Energy source

Primary climate-related opportunity driver
Use of new technologies

Primary potential financial impact
Reduced direct costs

Company-specific description
Energy costs are a major expense for our plants, making us susceptible to price fluctuations. However, we see this as a chance to enhance our energy efficiency and reduce reliance on volatile markets. We invest in energy-efficient measures and renewable energy to mitigate cost impacts and emissions. By continuously evaluating and optimizing our facilities, we prioritize energy efficiency in our climate-related efforts.

Time horizon
Short-term

Likelihood
More likely than not

Magnitude of impact
Medium-low

Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?
Yes, a single figure estimate

Potential financial impact figure (currency)
965000

Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Explanation of financial impact figure
The estimated savings opportunity is calculated by reducing our energy bills by 10%. These savings come from the investments we made in cost-effective efficiency upgrades for our equipment. These upgrades have not only reduced our operational expenses but also helped lower our emissions compared to our competitors.

Cost to realize opportunity
718000

Strategy to realize opportunity and explanation of cost calculation
Throughout our journey, we have prioritized monitoring, reporting, and reducing greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, earning DMFI recognition as an EPA Climate Leader and membership in the EPA Green Power Partnership. At our plants, initiatives like combined heat and power, selective catalytic reduction, and more achieved a 20% reduction in natural gas usage and 12% lower energy consumption in F21. These accomplishments demonstrate our proactive approach to energy efficiency and its positive impact.

Comment

Identifier
Opp2

Where in the value chain does the opportunity occur?
Direct operations

Opportunity type
Products and services

Primary climate-related opportunity driver

Development of climate adaptation, resilience and insurance risk solutions

Primary potential financial impact
Increased revenues resulting from increased production capacity

Company-specific description
Our packaging team is constantly looking for ways to reduce the environmental impact of our packaging while keeping foods fresh and safe to eat. In F22, we accomplished several packaging initiatives to reduce waste across our supply chain.

• Reduced the material in vegetable and tomato cans by 7%
• Reduced the material in 7-ounce plastic fruit cups by 5%
• Reduced the material in paper sleeves for 7-ounce fruit cups by 11%
• Eliminating paper sleeves from multipacks eliminated excess paperboard and allowed more product to be stacked per pallet, increasing the efficiency of downstream transportation.

Time horizon
Medium-term

Likelihood
About as likely as not

Magnitude of impact
Medium-high

Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?
Yes, a single figure estimate

Potential financial impact figure (currency)
444000000

Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Explanation of financial impact figure
Our investments in operational innovation and crop varieties have proven to be financially advantageous. By implementing high-density agriculture and water-efficient cultivation methods, we have successfully reduced costs and improved profitability. While it is difficult to precisely quantify the impact, the potential annual increase in sales demonstrates the significant influence of our innovations on the business. For instance, a 30% boost in yield means we can plant 30% less acreage and require 30% fewer inputs like fertilizer and fuel for farming equipment to achieve the same harvest quantity, resulting in a 30% sales increase. This figure represents the potential financial impact of our innovations and serves as an illustration rather than an exact estimation.

Cost to realize opportunity
2310000

Strategy to realize opportunity and explanation of cost calculation
We invest a significant portion of our R&D budget in innovation, focusing on developing crop varieties with desirable traits. The green bean breeding program has successfully produced disease-resistant varieties that require less fungicide and minimize harvest loss. These crops contribute to climate change resiliency through increased cover crop use.

Comment

Identifier
Opp3

Where in the value chain does the opportunity occur?
Direct operations

Opportunity type
Products and services

Primary climate-related opportunity driver
Development and/or expansion of low emission goods and services

Primary potential financial impact
Increased revenues resulting from increased demand for products and services

Company-specific description
We conduct market research to understand consumer perception of green products. As consumers become more aware of the health and environmental impacts of food, there is a growing demand for sustainable options. Del Monte Foods, as a plant-based food company, has launched several new products to meet this demand. Through innovation, the company is prepared to capitalize on opportunities in the climate-friendly food market.

Time horizon
Medium-term

Likelihood
More likely than not

Magnitude of impact
Medium

Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure?
Yes, a single figure estimate

Potential financial impact figure (currency)
148000000

Potential financial impact figure – minimum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Potential financial impact figure – maximum (currency)
<Not Applicable>

Explanation of financial impact figure
Although there is growing interest in greener products, it has not had a substantial impact on our profits to date. However, we continue to invest in innovation. It is difficult to predict the exact financial effects of the increasing demand for sustainable plant-based diets. The figure above represents the potential annual revenue increase associated with a 10% increase over one year. If sustainable food demand were to increase by 10%, this would demonstrate the potential influence of consumer preferences on our financial performance.

Cost to realize opportunity
5600000

Strategy to realize opportunity and explanation of cost calculation
We know how important it is to understand what consumers want in the changing market. Even though there hasn't been a big increase in profits from people wanting greener products, we still invest in new ideas and learns from what consumers think. In 2022, we invested 35% of our R&D budget into making more plant-based foods and came up with several new products that match what people want in sustainability. Our plan is to educate people, make new products, and advertise to get more of the market for sustainable food.

Comment

C3. Business Strategy

C3.1

(C3.1) Does your organization's strategy include a climate transition plan that aligns with a 1.5°C world?

Row 1

Climate transition plan
No, but our strategy has been influenced by climate-related risks and opportunities, and we are developing a climate transition plan within two years

Publicly available climate transition plan
<Not Applicable>

Mechanism by which feedback is collected from shareholders on your climate transition plan
<Not Applicable>

Description of feedback mechanism
<Not Applicable>

Frequency of feedback collection
<Not Applicable>

Attach any relevant documents which detail your climate transition plan (optional)
<Not Applicable>

Explain why your organization does not have a climate transition plan that aligns with a 1.5°C world and any plans to develop one in the future
We do not have a climate plan for a 1.5°C world maybe because of our current transitions, rules analysis, and our focus on other sustainability plans, programs, and reporting (e.g. Scope 3 emissions). We are serious about making a plan for the future to help the environment and be more eco-friendly. We want to be part of the effort to reduce carbon emissions and be more sustainable.

Explain why climate-related risks and opportunities have not influenced your strategy
<Not Applicable>

C3.2

(C3.2) Does your organization use climate-related scenario analysis to inform its strategy?

	Use of climate-related scenario analysis to inform strategy	Primary reason why your organization does not use climate-related scenario analysis to inform its strategy	Explain why your organization does not use climate-related scenario analysis to inform its strategy and any plans to use it in the future
Row 1	No, but we anticipate using qualitative and/or quantitative analysis in the next two years	Lack of internal resources	We recently completed our Scope 3 inventory and plan to use this as a baseline for future qualitative and quantitative climate-related scenario analysis.

C3.3

(C3.3) Describe where and how climate-related risks and opportunities have influenced your strategy.

	Have climate-related risks and opportunities influenced your strategy in this area?	Description of influence
Products and services	Yes	We recognize the financial potential of the growing demand for green, plant-based products that reduce greenhouse gas emissions. We allocate 35% of our R&D budget to innovation, resulting in the development of an average of 200 new and improved products annually. Labelling in the plant-based market is a near-term opportunity for us.
Supply chain and/or value chain	Yes	Our long-term strategic plan focuses on addressing climate-related risks in our supply chain. We aim to reduce transportation impact by targeting a 20% decrease in empty miles and a 14% increase in truckload efficiency by 2025. Collaborating with value chain partners, we strategically select distribution center locations, explore lighter packaging options, and incentivize full truck orders. Our most significant decision has been outsourcing transportation to a national provider, optimizing routes through multi-modal solutions. This near-term opportunity emphasizes prompt execution to minimize emissions and costs while enhancing our environmental footprint.
Investment in R&D	Yes	We recognize the impact of packaging on customers, consumers, and transportation providers. Our long-term strategy focuses on optimizing our operations and supply chain footprint in response to climate change. We allocate 35% of our R&D budget to innovative packaging solutions, aiming to reduce materials like metal, plastic, and corrugate. Through testing and collaboration, we develop lightweight materials that meet functional needs. We continue to work with our suppliers and partners for plastic waste and sustainability, and continue to engage in developing bioplastics. The optimization of packaging is a near-term opportunity to minimize waste and environmental impact.
Operations	Yes	We acknowledge the impact of climate-related factors on our operations and contracted farmers. We actively assess risks related to water availability, quality, and utility cost increases due to regulations. Our strategy centers on reducing emissions by continuously seeking efficiency improvements. Through energy audits, we identify low-cost investments and prioritize resource efficiency. We implement initiatives at our facilities like combined heat and power systems, selective catalytic reduction units, and backpressure turbine generators. We prioritize optimizing our operations in the near term, embracing sustainability, and reducing emissions.

C3.4

(C3.4) Describe where and how climate-related risks and opportunities have influenced your financial planning.

	Financial planning elements that have been influenced	Description of influence
Row 1	Acquisitions and divestments	We are undergoing a business transformation to optimize efficiency, driven by climate-related risks and opportunities. They have divested less efficient operations, formed co-packing partnerships, and explored distribution centre optimization. We outsource transportation resulting in reduced costs and emissions through optimized route planning and multimodal transport. Climate considerations greatly impact financial planning for acquisitions and divestments.

C3.5

(C3.5) In your organization's financial accounting, do you identify spending/revenue that is aligned with your organization's climate transition?

	Identification of spending/revenue that is aligned with your organization's climate transition	Indicate the level at which you identify the alignment of your spending/revenue with a sustainable finance taxonomy
Row 1		<Not Applicable>

C4. Targets and performance

C4.1

(C4.1) Did you have an emissions target that was active in the reporting year?

No target

C4.1c

(C4.1c) Explain why you did not have an emissions target, and forecast how your emissions will change over the next five years.

	Primary reason	Five-year forecast	Please explain
Row 1	We are planning to introduce a target in the next two years	We intend to set a target in the next year.	We have committed to establishing a Net Zero target in collaboration with the Science Based Targets Initiative.

C4.2

(C4.2) Did you have any other climate-related targets that were active in the reporting year?

Net-zero target(s)

Other climate-related target(s)

C4.2b

(C4.2b) Provide details of any other climate-related targets, including methane reduction targets.

Target reference number
Oth 1

Year target was set
2021

Target coverage
Company-wide

Target type: absolute or intensity
Intensity

Target type: category & Metric (target numerator if reporting an intensity target)

Energy consumption or efficiency	kWh

Target denominator (intensity targets only)
metric ton of product

Base year
2021

Figure or percentage in base year
83

Target year
2022

Figure or percentage in target year
79

Figure or percentage in reporting year
0

% of target achieved relative to base year [auto-calculated]
2075

Target status in reporting year
Achieved

Is this target part of an emissions target?
Yes.

Is this target part of an overarching initiative?
No, it's not part of an overarching initiative

Please explain target coverage and identify any exclusions
The target we have set encompasses all electricity usage in our US operations. Our goal is to decrease the amount of electricity consumed per ton of product produced by 5%. This reduction in electricity use per unit of production is the specific objective we are working towards.

Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year
<Not Applicable>

List the actions which contributed most to achieving this target

C4.2c

(C4.2c) Provide details of your net-zero target(s).

Target reference number
NZ1

Target coverage
Company-wide

Absolute/intensity emission target(s) linked to this net-zero target
Not applicable

Target year for achieving net zero
2050

Is this a science-based target?
Yes, we consider this a science-based target, and we have committed to seek validation of this target by the Science Based Targets initiative in the next two years

Please explain target coverage and identify any exclusions
This target covers Scopes 1, 2, and 3 for all DMFI operations in the United States and Mexico. There are no exclusions.

Do you intend to neutralize any unabated emissions with permanent carbon removals at the target year?
Unsure

Planned milestones and/or near-term investments for neutralization at target year
<Not Applicable>

Planned actions to mitigate emissions beyond your value chain (optional)
We have planned several actions to mitigate emissions beyond our value chain. This includes procuring renewable energy, collaborating with suppliers to promote sustainability, optimizing transportation for efficiency, investing in product innovation for sustainability, and advocating for emissions reduction through collaboration and policy support. These actions demonstrate our commitment to reducing emissions, addressing climate change, and contributing to a sustainable future. We continuously evaluate and update our strategies to align with evolving best practices and industry standards

C4.3

(C4.3) Did you have emissions reduction initiatives that were active within the reporting year? Note that this can include those in the planning and/or implementation phases.
Yes

C4.3a

(C4.3a) Identify the total number of initiatives at each stage of development, and for those in the implementation stages, the estimated CO2e savings.

	Number of initiatives	Total estimated annual CO2e savings in metric tonnes CO2e (only for rows marked *)
Under investigation	7	3494
To be implemented*	4	162
Implementation commenced*	2	179
Implemented*	1	10
Not to be implemented	1	20.3

C4.3b

(C4.3b) Provide details on the initiatives implemented in the reporting year in the table below.

C4.3c

(C4.3c) What methods do you use to drive investment in emissions reduction activities?

Method	Comment
Compliance with regulatory requirements/standards	We follow Federal, State and Local environmental sustainability rules to manage emissions and comply. We invest in emission-reducing technologies and initiatives to meet reporting requirements and reduce our environmental impact.

C4.5

(C4.5) Do you classify any of your existing goods and/or services as low-carbon products?
No

C5. Emissions methodology

C5.1

(C5.1) Is this your first year of reporting emissions data to CDP?
No

C5.1a

(C5.1a) Has your organization undergone any structural changes in the reporting year, or are any previous structural changes being accounted for in this disclosure of emissions data?

Row 1

Has there been a structural change?
No

Name of organization(s) acquired, divested from, or merged with
<Not Applicable>

Details of structural change(s), including completion dates
<Not Applicable>

C5.1b

(C5.1b) Has your emissions accounting methodology, boundary, and/or reporting year definition changed in the reporting year?

	Change(s) in methodology, boundary, and/or reporting year definition?	Details of methodology, boundary, and/or reporting year definition change(s)
Row 1	Yes, a change in boundary	We have additional sources of data to be included in the full Scope 3 category.

C5.1c

(C5.1c) Have your organization's base year emissions and past years' emissions been recalculated as a result of any changes or errors reported in C5.1a and/or C5.1b?

	Base year recalculation	Scope(s) recalculated	Base year emissions recalculation policy, including significance threshold	Past years' recalculation
Row 1	Yes	Scope 1 Scope 2, location-based Scope 3	When the boundaries change or new targets/methods are set	No

C5.2

(C5.2) Provide your base year and base year emissions.

Scope 1

Base year start
May 1 2021

Base year end
April 30 2022

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
117764

Comment

Scope 2 (location-based)

Base year start
May 1 2021

Base year end
April 30 2022

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
25884

Comment

Scope 2 (market-based)

Base year start

Base year end

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

Comment

Scope 3 category 1: Purchased goods and services

Base year start
May 1 2021

Base year end
April 30 2022

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
1068899

Comment

Scope 3 category 2: Capital goods

Base year start
May 1 2021

Base year end
April 30 2022

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
12227

Comment

Scope 3 category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scope 1 or 2)

Base year start
May 1 2021

Base year end
April 30 2022

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
43319

Comment

Scope 3 category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution

Base year start
May 1 2021

Base year end
April 30 2022

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
254937

Comment

Scope 3 category 5: Waste generated in operations

Base year start
May 1 2021

Base year end
April 30 2022

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
1828

Comment

Scope 3 category 6: Business travel

Base year start
May 1 2021

Base year end
April 30 2022

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
506

Comment

Scope 3 category 7: Employee commuting

Base year start
May 1 2021

Base year end
April 30 2022

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
5849

Comment

Scope 3 category 8: Upstream leased assets

Base year start
May 1 2021

Base year end
April 30 2022

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
5753

Comment
This is a new category.

Scope 3 category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution

Base year start
May 1 2021

Base year end
April 30 2022

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
183351

Comment

Scope 3 category 10: Processing of sold products

Base year start

Base year end

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

Comment
Data not available in this reporting year. Will be reported for future years.

Scope 3 category 11: Use of sold products

Base year start
May 1 2021

Base year end
April 30 2022

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
384991

Comment

Scope 3 category 12: End of life treatment of sold products

Base year start
May 1 2021

Base year end
April 30 2022

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)
139085

Comment

Scope 3 category 13: Downstream leased assets

Base year start

Base year end

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

Comment

Scope 3 category 14: Franchises

Base year start

Base year end

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

Comment

Scope 3 category 15: Investments

Base year start

Base year end

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

Comment

Scope 3: Other (upstream)

Base year start

Base year end

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

Comment

Scope 3: Other (downstream)

Base year start

Base year end

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

Comment

C5.3

(C5.3) Select the name of the standard, protocol, or methodology you have used to collect activity data and calculate emissions.
The Greenhouse Gas Protocol: A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard (Revised Edition)

C6. Emissions data

C6.1

(C6.1) What were your organization's gross global Scope 1 emissions in metric tons CO2e?

Reporting year

Gross global Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)
117764

Start date
May 1 2021

End date
April 30 2022

Comment

Past year 1

Gross global Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)
118021

Start date
May 1 2020

End date
April 30 2021

Comment

C6.2

(C6.2) Describe your organization's approach to reporting Scope 2 emissions.

Row 1

Scope 2, location-based
We are reporting a Scope 2, location-based figure

Scope 2, market-based
We have operations where we are able to access electricity supplier emission factors or residual emissions factors, but are unable to report a Scope 2, market-based figure

Comment
We did not report a Scope 2, market-based figure due to being unable to access electricity supplier emission factors or residual emissions factors. However, they acknowledged that not using the market-based approach might have led to an underestimation of emissions, especially considering their operations in California, where using local grid factors is expected to significantly reduce emissions.

C6.3

(C6.3) What were your organization's gross global Scope 2 emissions in metric tons CO2e?

Reporting year

Scope 2, location-based
25884

Scope 2, market-based (if applicable)
<Not Applicable>

Start date
May 1 2021

End date
April 30 2022

Comment

Past year 1

Scope 2, location-based
28522

Scope 2, market-based (if applicable)
<Not Applicable>

Start date
May 1 2020

End date
April 30 2021

Comment

C6.4

(C6.4) Are there any sources (e.g. facilities, specific GHGs, activities, geographies, etc.) of Scope 1, Scope 2 or Scope 3 emissions that are within your selected reporting boundary which are not included in your disclosure?
Yes

C6.4a

(C6.4a) Provide details of the sources of Scope 1, Scope 2, or Scope 3 emissions that are within your selected reporting boundary which are not included in your disclosure.

Source of excluded emissions
Refrigerants

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies)
Scope 1
Scope 2 (location-based)

Relevance of Scope 1 emissions from this source
Emissions are relevant but not yet calculated

Relevance of location-based Scope 2 emissions from this source
Emissions are not relevant

Relevance of market-based Scope 2 emissions from this source
<Not Applicable>

Relevance of Scope 3 emissions from this source
<Not Applicable>

Date of completion of acquisition or merger
<Not Applicable>

Estimated percentage of total Scope 1+2 emissions this excluded source represents

Estimated percentage of total Scope 3 emissions this excluded source represents
<Not Applicable>

Explain why this source is excluded
We faced challenges in collecting data for refrigerant emissions in our Scope 1 inventory, but as most of our produce is quickly packed, refrigeration needs are reduced. We are working to improve data collection and estimate refrigerant losses accurately, ensuring all emissions sources are reported in the future.

Explain how you estimated the percentage of emissions this excluded source represents

---

Source of excluded emissions
Processing of Sold Goods

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies)
Scope 3: Processing of sold products

Relevance of Scope 1 emissions from this source
<Not Applicable>

Relevance of location-based Scope 2 emissions from this source
<Not Applicable>

Relevance of market-based Scope 2 emissions from this source
<Not Applicable>

Relevance of Scope 3 emissions from this source
Emissions are relevant but not yet calculated

Date of completion of acquisition or merger
<Not Applicable>

Estimated percentage of total Scope 1+2 emissions this excluded source represents
<Not Applicable>

Estimated percentage of total Scope 3 emissions this excluded source represents

Explain why this source is excluded
This data was not available in time to be validated and reported. DMFI intends to report these values in the following years.

Explain how you estimated the percentage of emissions this excluded source represents

---

C6.5

(C6.5) Account for your organization's gross global Scope 3 emissions, disclosing and explaining any exclusions.

Purchased goods and services

Evaluation status
Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
1068899

Emissions calculation methodology
Average data method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
0

Please explain
We calculate greenhouse gas emissions by multiplying purchased product quantities with industry and regional emission factors. This helps us determine the emissions associated with production, considering the entire lifecycle of the products.

Capital goods

Evaluation status
Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
12227

Emissions calculation methodology
Spend-based method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
0

Please explain
We estimate the greenhouse gas emissions from our capital goods purchases by collecting data on their economic value and multiplying it by emission factors representing average emissions per monetary value of goods. This helps us understand the environmental impact of our capital investments.

Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scope 1 or 2)

Evaluation status
Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
43319

Emissions calculation methodology
Average data method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
0

Please explain
We estimate emissions by using secondary emission factors based on industry averages. These factors help us calculate the emissions associated with upstream processes like electricity use. We also consider fuel use and distances travelled to account for transportation emissions.

Upstream transportation and distribution

Evaluation status
Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
254937

Emissions calculation methodology
Fuel-based method
Distance-based method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
100

Please explain
We collect both fuel data for fuel use from transport providers and distance data for our upstream transportation. Our calculation tool for transportation uses a combination of fuel-based and distance-based methods. Upstream transportation and distribution.

Waste generated in operations

Evaluation status
Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
1828

Emissions calculation methodology
Waste-type-specific method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
0

Please explain
We gather information on the weight of different types of waste generated by our operations. To estimate the greenhouse gas emissions associated with this waste, we use emission factors that are specific to each waste type and the method used for its treatment.

Business travel

Evaluation status
Not relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
506

Emissions calculation methodology
Distance-based method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
0

Please explain
We gather information on the distances covered during our business trips and apply emission factors that correspond to the specific mode of transportation used. This allows us to calculate the greenhouse gas emissions generated by our business travel activities.

Employee commuting

Evaluation status
Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
5849

Emissions calculation methodology
Average data method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
0

Please explain
We estimate employee commuting emissions using average commuting data and emission factors based on transportation types. This calculation allows us to determine the greenhouse gas emissions associated with employee commuting activities.

Upstream leased assets

Evaluation status
Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
5753

Emissions calculation methodology
Other, please specify (Building Size Method, Electricity EF Method)

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
0

Please explain
We estimate upstream leased emissions using the square footage of the leased facilities and emission factors based on square footage types. This calculation, in addition to the
electricity usage of these facilities, allow us to determine the greenhouse gas emissions associated with upstream leased assets.

Downstream transportation and distribution

Evaluation status
Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
183351

Emissions calculation methodology
Fuel-based method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
100

Please explain
We collect fuel consumption and distance data for downstream transportation to estimate emissions. By combining fuel-based and distance-based methods in our calculation tool, we accurately assess greenhouse gas emissions associated with our transportation activities.

Processing of sold products

Evaluation status
Relevant, not yet calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
This data is not yet available. Once completed, it will be added to future reports.

Use of sold products

Evaluation status
Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
384991

Emissions calculation methodology
Methodology for indirect use phase emissions, please specify (We use consumer studies, product category rules, previous emissions studies, and industry-recognized benchmark testing specifications)

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
0

Please explain
We gather data from various sources to create a profile that reflects typical use scenarios throughout the lifespan of each product we sell. This helps us understand how our products are used by consumers and estimate the associated greenhouse gas emissions accurately.

End of life treatment of sold products

Evaluation status
Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
139085

Emissions calculation methodology
Waste-type-specific method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
0

Please explain
We collect data on the weight of products and packaging from sale to end-of-life, including pre-consumer packaging waste. Using emission factors for various waste treatment methods, such as landfilling, incineration, and recycling, we estimate the greenhouse gas emissions associated with product and packaging waste throughout its lifecycle.

Downstream leased assets

Evaluation status
Not relevant, explanation provided

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
We do not have downstream leased assets.

Franchises

Evaluation status
Not relevant, explanation provided

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
We do not have franchises.

Investments

Evaluation status
Not relevant, explanation provided

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
We do not provide financial services.

Other (upstream)

Evaluation status
Not relevant, explanation provided

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
All relevant upstream categories are calculated.

Other (downstream)

Evaluation status
Not relevant, explanation provided

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)
<Not Applicable>

Emissions calculation methodology
<Not Applicable>

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners
<Not Applicable>

Please explain
All relevant downstream categories are calculated.

C6.5a

(C6.5a) Disclose or restate your Scope 3 emissions data for previous years.

Past year 1

Start date
May 1 2020

End date
April 30 2021

Scope 3: Purchased goods and services (metric tons CO2e)
603014

Scope 3: Capital goods (metric tons CO2e)
10068

Scope 3: Fuel and energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) (metric tons CO2e)
32164

Scope 3: Upstream transportation and distribution (metric tons CO2e)
260041

Scope 3: Waste generated in operations (metric tons CO2e)
6089

Scope 3: Business travel (metric tons CO2e)
100

Scope 3: Employee commuting (metric tons CO2e)
5223

Scope 3: Upstream leased assets (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3: Downstream transportation and distribution (metric tons CO2e)
163365

Scope 3: Processing of sold products (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3: Use of sold products (metric tons CO2e)
474154

Scope 3: End of life treatment of sold products (metric tons CO2e)
135030

Scope 3: Downstream leased assets (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3: Franchises (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3: Investments (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3: Other (upstream) (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3: Other (downstream) (metric tons CO2e)

Comment

C-AC6.8/C-FB6.8/C-PF6.8

(C-AC6.8/C-FB6.8/C-PF6.8) Is biogenic carbon pertaining to your direct operations relevant to your current CDP climate change disclosure?
No

C-AC6.9/C-FB6.9/C-PF6.9

(C-AC6.9/C-FB6.9/C-PF6.9) Do you collect or calculate greenhouse gas emissions for each commodity reported as significant to your business in C-AC0.7/FB0.7/PF0.7?

Agricultural commodities
Sugar

Do you collect or calculate GHG emissions for this commodity?
Yes

Reporting emissions by
Total

Emissions (metric tons CO2e)
5476

Denominator: unit of production
<Not Applicable>

Change from last reporting year
Lower

Please explain
Emissions associated with sucrose, sugar, and sugarcane encompass the greenhouse gas emissions generated during the entire lifecycle of these products. This includes emissions from cultivating and processing sugarcane, as well as producing and transporting sucrose and sugar derived from sugarcane.

Explain why you do not calculate GHG emission for this commodity and your plans to do so in the future
<Not Applicable>

C6.10

(C6.10) Describe your gross global combined Scope 1 and 2 emissions for the reporting year in metric tons CO2e per unit currency total revenue and provide any additional intensity metrics that are appropriate to your business operations.

Intensity figure
0.0000868098

Metric numerator (Gross global combined Scope 1 and 2 emissions, metric tons CO2e)
143647

Metric denominator
unit total revenue

Metric denominator: Unit total
1654913000

Scope 2 figure used
Location-based

% change from previous year
12.2

Direction of change
Decreased

Reason(s) for change
Other emissions reduction activities

Please explain
Increased energy use efficiency which includes adopting energy-efficient equipment, improving processes, and encouraging behaviour change among employees to promote energy-saving habits..

C7. Emissions breakdowns

C7.1

(C7.1) Does your organization break down its Scope 1 emissions by greenhouse gas type?
Yes

C7.1a

(C7.1a) Break down your total gross global Scope 1 emissions by greenhouse gas type and provide the source of each used greenhouse warming potential (GWP).

Greenhouse gas	Scope 1 emissions (metric tons of CO2e)	GWP Reference
CO2	117634	IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4 - 100 year)
CH4	57	IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4 - 100 year)
N2O	73	IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4 - 100 year)

C7.2

(C7.2) Break down your total gross global Scope 1 emissions by country/area/region.

Country/area/region	Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)
United States of America	115397
Mexico	2367

C7.3

(C7.3) Indicate which gross global Scope 1 emissions breakdowns you are able to provide.

By facility

C7.3b

(C7.3b) Break down your total gross global Scope 1 emissions by business facility.

Facility	Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)	Latitude	Longitude
Atlanta	0		
Crystal City	0		
Gilroy	0		
Hanford	47831		
Lathrop	232		
Markesan	13542		
McAllen	0		
Mendota	166		
Modesto	24626		
Montemorelos	1647		
Plover	25897		
Plymouth	0		
Puebla	719		
Rochelle	1005		
Siloam Springs	0		
Sleepy Eye	0		
Toppenish	64		
Unspecified	825		
Walnut Creek	472		
Yakima	738		

C-AC7.4/C-FB7.4/C-PF7.4

(C-AC7.4/C-FB7.4/C-PF7.4) Do you include emissions pertaining to your business activity(ies) in your direct operations as part of your global gross Scope 1 figure?

Yes

C-AC7.4b/C-FB7.4b/C-PF7.4b

(C-AC7.4b/C-FB7.4b/C-PF7.4b) Report the Scope 1 emissions pertaining to your business activity(ies) and explain any exclusions. If applicable, disaggregate your agricultural/forestry by GHG emissions category.

Activity
Processing/Manufacturing

Emissions category
<Not Applicable>

Emissions (metric tons CO2e)
117764

Methodology
Default emissions factor

Please explain
All the emissions come directly from our activities and are related to our Processing/Manufacturing business. We calculated these emissions by using GHG Protocol guidelines which gives us standardized factors to calculate how much greenhouse gases are being released.

C7.5

(C7.5) Break down your total gross global Scope 2 emissions by country/area/region.

Country/area/region	Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)	Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)
United States of America	21870	
Mexico	4014	

C7.6

(C7.6) Indicate which gross global Scope 2 emissions breakdowns you are able to provide.
By facility

C7.6b

(C7.6b) Break down your total gross global Scope 2 emissions by business facility.

Facility	Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)	Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)
Atlanta	361	
Crystal City	0	
Gllroy	0	
Hanford	4094	
Lathrop	546	
Markesan	3714	
McAllen	494	
Mendota	0	
Modesto	4655	
Montemorelos	3706	
Plover	3695	
Plymouth	0	
Puebla	308	
Rochelle	1469	
Siloam Springs	0	
Sleepy Eye	19	
Toppenish	1142	
Unspecified	824	
Walnut Creek	225	
Yakima	1440	

C7.7

(C7.7) Is your organization able to break down your emissions data for any of the subsidiaries included in your CDP response?
No

C7.9

(C7.9) How do your gross global emissions (Scope 1 and 2 combined) for the reporting year compare to those of the previous reporting year?
Increased

C7.9a

(C7.9a) Identify the reasons for any change in your gross global emissions (Scope 1 and 2 combined), and for each of them specify how your emissions compare to the previous year.

	Change in emissions (metric tons CO2e)	Direction of change in emissions	Emissions value (percentage)	Please explain calculation
Change in renewable energy consumption	1.3	Decreased	15	We generated less electricity than in F22. We generated 57MWh less in F22 than F21. This equates to 1.3 MT CO2e more than the previous year, estimated using EPA eGRID emissions factors. This is a 15% reduction from the previous year, as calculated by the following formula: (7.06 MT CO2e / 8.34 MT CO2e) x 100 = 85%
Other emissions reduction activities		<Not Applicable>		
Divestment		<Not Applicable>		
Acquisitions		<Not Applicable>		
Mergers		<Not Applicable>		
Change in output	8890	Increased	7	Overall, our combined Scope 1 and 2 emissions increased from 134,757 MT CO2e in FY21 to 143,647 MT CO2e in FY22. An increase of 8,890 MT CO2e is a 7% increase over last year's emissions, as derived by the following formula: (143,647 MT CO2e / 134,757 MT CO2e) x 100 = 107%
Change in methodology		<Not Applicable>		
Change in boundary		<Not Applicable>		
Change in physical operating conditions		<Not Applicable>		
Unidentified		<Not Applicable>		
Other		<Not Applicable>		

C7.9b

(C7.9b) Are your emissions performance calculations in C7.9 and C7.9a based on a location-based Scope 2 emissions figure or a market-based Scope 2 emissions figure?
Location-based

C8. Energy

C8.1

(C8.1) What percentage of your total operational spend in the reporting year was on energy?
More than 10% but less than or equal to 15%

C8.2

(C8.2) Select which energy-related activities your organization has undertaken.

	Indicate whether your organization undertook this energy-related activity in the reporting year
Consumption of fuel (excluding feedstocks)	Yes
Consumption of purchased or acquired electricity	Yes
Consumption of purchased or acquired heat	No
Consumption of purchased or acquired steam	No
Consumption of purchased or acquired cooling	No
Generation of electricity, heat, steam, or cooling	Yes

C8.2a

(C8.2a) Report your organization's energy consumption totals (excluding feedstocks) in MWh.

	Heating value	MWh from renewable sources	MWh from non-renewable sources	Total (renewable and non-renewable) MWh
Consumption of fuel (excluding feedstock)	HHV (higher heating value)	0	643693	643693
Consumption of purchased or acquired electricity	<Not Applicable>	0	75080	75080
Consumption of purchased or acquired heat	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>
Consumption of purchased or acquired steam	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>
Consumption of purchased or acquired cooling	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>
Consumption of self-generated non-fuel renewable energy	<Not Applicable>	312	<Not Applicable>	312
Total energy consumption	<Not Applicable>	312	718773	718085

C8.2b

(C8.2b) Select the applications of your organization's consumption of fuel.

	Indicate whether your organization undertakes this fuel application
Consumption of fuel for the generation of electricity	Yes
Consumption of fuel for the generation of heat	Yes
Consumption of fuel for the generation of steam	Yes
Consumption of fuel for the generation of cooling	No
Consumption of fuel for co-generation or tri-generation	No

C8.2c

(C8.2c) State how much fuel in MWh your organization has consumed (excluding feedstocks) by fuel type.

Sustainable biomass

Heating value

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self- cogeneration or self-trigeneration
<Not Applicable>

Comment

Other biomass

Heating value

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self- cogeneration or self-trigeneration
<Not Applicable>

Comment

Other renewable fuels (e.g. renewable hydrogen)

Heating value

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self- cogeneration or self-trigeneration
<Not Applicable>

Comment

Coal

Heating value

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self- cogeneration or self-trigeneration
<Not Applicable>

Comment

Oil

Heating value
Unable to confirm heating value

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization
8570

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self- cogeneration or self-trigeneration
<Not Applicable>

Comment

Gas

Heating value
Unable to confirm heating value

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization
632202

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self- cogeneration or self-trigeneration
<Not Applicable>

Comment

Other non-renewable fuels (e.g. non-renewable hydrogen)

Heating value
Please select

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self- cogeneration or self-trigeneration
<Not Applicable>

Comment

Total fuel

Heating value
Unable to confirm heating value

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization
640772

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of steam

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of cooling
<Not Applicable>

MWh fuel consumed for self- cogeneration or self-trigeneration
<Not Applicable>

Comment

C8.2d

(C8.2d) Provide details on the electricity, heat, steam, and cooling your organization has generated and consumed in the reporting year.

	Total Gross generation (MWh)	Generation that is consumed by the organization (MWh)	Gross generation from renewable sources (MWh)	Generation from renewable sources that is consumed by the organization (MWh)
Electricity	312		312	312
Heat				
Steam				
Cooling				

C8.2g

(C8.2g) Provide a breakdown by country/area of your non-fuel energy consumption in the reporting year.

Country/area
United States of America

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)
66397

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)
312

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?
<Not Applicable>

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)
0

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)
632202

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]
698911

Country/area
Mexico

Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)
8683

Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)
0

Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?
<Not Applicable>

Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)
0

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)
8569

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]
17252

C9. Additional metrics

C9.1

(C9.1) Provide any additional climate-related metrics relevant to your business.

C10. Verification

C10.1

(C10.1) Indicate the verification/assurance status that applies to your reported emissions.

	Verification/assurance status
Scope 1	No third-party verification or assurance
Scope 2 (location-based or market-based)	No third-party verification or assurance
Scope 3	No third-party verification or assurance

C10.2

(C10.2) Do you verify any climate-related information reported in your CDP disclosure other than the emissions figures reported in C6.1, C6.3, and C6.5?
No, but we are actively considering verifying within the next two years

C11. Carbon pricing

C11.1

(C11.1) Are any of your operations or activities regulated by a carbon pricing system (i.e. ETS, Cap & Trade or Carbon Tax)?
Yes

C11.1a

(C11.1a) Select the carbon pricing regulation(s) which impacts your operations.
California CaT - ETS

C11.1b

(C11.1b) Complete the following table for each of the emissions trading schemes you are regulated by.

California CaT - ETS

% of Scope 1 emissions covered by the ETS

% of Scope 2 emissions covered by the ETS

Period start date
January 1 2021

Period end date
December 31 2021

Allowances allocated
20134

Allowances purchased
0

Verified Scope 1 emissions in metric tons CO2e
29572

Verified Scope 2 emissions in metric tons CO2e
0

Details of ownership
Facilities we own and operate

Comment

C11.1d

(C11.1d) What is your strategy for complying with the systems you are regulated by or anticipate being regulated by?

We have established a comprehensive strategy and dedicated team to comply with greenhouse gas emission (GHG) regulations and, more broadly, work to minimize our GHG footprint. We integrate carbon prices into financial planning and risk assessment, and while we don't expect to exceed emission thresholds in 2023, we remain prepared to adjust for future compliance. Our proactive approach aims to uphold environmental standards and minimize our environmental impact.

C11.2

(C11.2) Has your organization canceled any project-based carbon credits within the reporting year?
No

C11.3

(C11.3) Does your organization use an internal price on carbon?
Yes

C11.3a

(C11.3a) Provide details of how your organization uses an internal price on carbon.

Type of internal carbon price
Please select

How the price is determined
Please select

Objective(s) for implementing this internal carbon price
Please select

Scope(s) covered
Scope 1

Pricing approach used – spatial variance
Please select

Pricing approach used – temporal variance
Please select

Indicate how you expect the price to change over time
<Not Applicable>

Actual price(s) used – minimum (currency as specified in C0.4 per metric ton CO2e)
16.84

Actual price(s) used – maximum (currency as specified in C0.4 per metric ton CO2e)

Business decision-making processes this internal carbon price is applied to
Please select

Mandatory enforcement of this internal carbon price within these business decision-making processes
Please select

Explain how this internal carbon price has contributed to the implementation of your organization's climate commitments and/or climate transition plan

C12. Engagement

C12.1

(C12.1) Do you engage with your value chain on climate-related issues?
Yes, our suppliers
Yes, our customers/clients
Yes, other partners in the value chain

C12.1a

(C12.1a) Provide details of your climate-related supplier engagement strategy.

Type of engagement
Information collection (understanding supplier behavior)

Details of engagement
Other, please specify (In the future, we have a plan to collect climate change and carbon-related information from our suppliers on a regular basis, at least once a year.)

% of suppliers by number
31

% total procurement spend (direct and indirect)
9

% of supplier-related Scope 3 emissions as reported in C6.5
0

Rationale for the coverage of your engagement
We recognize the importance of engaging with farmers, our crucial suppliers, to drive climate action. With contracts spanning across North America, we prioritize sustainable agricultural practices to reduce water consumption, minimize chemical usage, and lower greenhouse gas emissions. Through partnerships, we collect and analyse climate and sustainability data to track progress, identify trends, and work collaboratively with farmers for more efficient and climate-friendly approaches. Our commitment to ongoing engagement and transparency supports a resilient agricultural sector and meaningful sustainability outcomes.

Impact of engagement, including measures of success
Our climate-related supplier engagement strategy focuses on sustainability and continuous improvement. In Fiscal year 2022, we increased the total fields with cover crops by 11% and the number of growers adopting cover crops by 5%.Though still in development, we have collected preliminary metrics showing a 6% increase in cover crop usage from 2018 to 2019. This supports soil retention and nutrient management. We aim to use this data to measure efficient farming practices' financial and environmental benefits, incentivize growers to adopt such practices, and enhance reporting to customers and initiatives, such as Walmart's Project Gigaton.

Comment

Type of engagement
Other, please specify (Compliance and Onboarding)

Details of engagement
Other, please specify (Included climate change in supplier selection / management mechanism)

% of suppliers by number
100

% total procurement spend (direct and indirect)
100

% of supplier-related Scope 3 emissions as reported in C6.5
0

Rationale for the coverage of your engagement
We are dedicated to conducting business with a strong focus on environmental sustainability and social responsibility. We enforce our Supplier Code of Conduct to foster accountability among our suppliers, including adherence to the high environmental standards.

Supplier Code of Conduct:
• Our code requires suppliers to act responsibly and comply with environmental laws and regulations.
• Suppliers must monitor and reduce air emissions, water discharges, toxic substances, and hazardous waste disposal.

If any supplier violates the code, we may terminate the business relationship and/or request a corrective action plan at our discretion.

Impact of engagement, including measures of success
The impact of our engagement with suppliers through our Supplier Code of Conduct is reflected in our internal Corporate Purchasing Policy. This policy fosters alignment between our procurement practices and ethical standards, in support of our company goals. Our Corporate Purchasing Policy outlines the following principles for sourcing goods and services:

• Preference is given to raw materials produced through environmentally sound and sustainable farming methods, whenever possible.
• We are committed to reducing the environmental impact of packaging by using less packaging and developing and adopting environmentally friendly packaging solutions.
• We value suppliers who prioritize the use of materials and technologies that minimize negative environmental impact and waste generation.

Comment

C12.1b

(C12.1b) Give details of your climate-related engagement strategy with your customers.

Type of engagement & Details of engagement

Education/information sharing	Run an engagement campaign to educate customers about the climate change impacts of (using) your products, goods, and/or services

% of customers by number
100

% of customer - related Scope 3 emissions as reported in C6.5
0

Please explain the rationale for selecting this group of customers and scope of engagement
As consumers and retailers become more conscious of the health and environmental impacts of food and global climate challenges, they are increasingly interested in the sustainability of our products. Climate change, nutritional content, food miles, sourcing, and preservatives are attributes they want to understand. To engage our customers and communicate the sustainability benefits of our food, we have a multi-tiered approach. We connect consumers with our farmers through our "from our farm to your table" campaign, publish a GRI-aligned sustainability report and CDP disclosure, respond to customer requests, and participate in the How2Recycle initiative to provide accurate recycling information on our packaging.

Impact of engagement, including measures of success
We track customer information access and requests to understand their priorities. We engage stakeholders to identify important environmental, social, and governance (ESG) topics for our business. Our success lies in proactively addressing ESG concerns and providing customers with relevant information. To understand consumer food preferences, we conducted a study with Growing Great, revealing that we are positioned to meet the demand for healthier and more sustainable products. These findings shape our approach to food production, health, sustainability, and climate engagement with customers and the public.

C12.1d

(C12.1d) Give details of your climate-related engagement strategy with other partners in the value chain.

Consumer preferences shape our food production, and we value engaging with school-aged children to create nutritious products. Our partnership with Growing Great since 2019 offers science and nutrition education to elementary and middle school students, emphasizing sustainability. Aligned with our Growers of Good initiative, this partnership promotes a healthier future. Our study on health and sustainability revealed that we are well-positioned to meet the demand for healthier and climate-friendly foods. Through this educational campaign, we have reached 95,000 children, parents, and teachers, forming partnerships with various educational institutions. Our aim is to provide accessible, nutritious food, manage resources sustainably, and support the well-being of people and ecosystems.

C12.2

(C12.2) Do your suppliers have to meet climate-related requirements as part of your organization's purchasing process?
Yes, climate-related requirements are included in our supplier contracts

C12.2a

(C12.2a) Provide details of the climate-related requirements that suppliers have to meet as part of your organization's purchasing process and the compliance mechanisms in place.

Climate-related requirement
Complying with regulatory requirements

Description of this climate related requirement
Suppliers must act in an environmentally responsible manner and comply with national and local environment laws and regulations. Suppliers are expected to operate facilities in a manner that monitors, abates and/or reduces air emissions, water discharges, toxic substances and hazardous waste disposal.

% suppliers by procurement spend that have to comply with this climate-related requirement
100

% suppliers by procurement spend in compliance with this climate-related requirement
100

Mechanisms for monitoring compliance with this climate-related requirement
Supplier self-assessment

Response to supplier non-compliance with this climate-related requirement
Exclude

C-AC12.2/C-FB12.2/C-PF12.2

(C-AC12.2/C-FB12.2/C-PF12.2) Do you encourage your suppliers to undertake any agricultural or forest management practices with climate change mitigation and/or adaptation benefits?
Yes

C-AC12.2a/C-FB12.2a/C-PF12.2a

(C-AC12.2a/C-FB12.2a/C-PF12.2a) Specify which agricultural or forest management practices with climate change mitigation and/or adaptation benefits you encourage your suppliers to undertake and describe your role in the implementation of each practice.

Management practice reference number
MP1

Management practice
Nitrogen-fixing plants as cover crop

Description of management practice
Provide guidance and support for growers

Your role in the implementation
Knowledge sharing
Procurement

Explanation of how you encourage implementation
Our goal is to annually increase the use of cover crops by 5%. To achieve this, our field staff actively collaborates with our growers, providing education on the advantages of cover cropping for soil health and carbon mitigation. By sharing this knowledge, we aim to encourage and support our growers in adopting cover cropping practices to improve their soil quality and contribute to mitigating climate change.

Climate change related benefit
Emissions reductions (mitigation)
Increasing resilience to climate change (adaptation)
Increase carbon sink (mitigation)

Comment

C-AC12.2b/C-FB12.2b/C-PF12.2b

(C-AC12.2b/C-FB12.2b/C-PF12.2b) Do you collect information from your suppliers about the outcomes of any implemented agricultural/forest management practices you have encouraged?
Yes

C12.3

(C12.3) Does your organization engage in activities that could either directly or indirectly influence policy, law, or regulation that may impact the climate?

Row 1

External engagement activities that could directly or indirectly influence policy, law, or regulation that may impact the climate
Yes, our membership of/engagement with trade associations could influence policy, law, or regulation that may impact the climate

Does your organization have a public commitment or position statement to conduct your engagement activities in line with the goals of the Paris Agreement?
Yes

Attach commitment or position statement(s)
We have made a commitment to achieve net-zero emissions by 2050 in line with the Science-Based Targets Initiative's (SBTi) Net-Zero Standard. To achieve this goal, we have also committed to defining near-term science-based targets to reduce Scopes 1, 2 and 3 carbon emissions that support SBTi's focus on limiting global temperature rise to 1.5°C. Aligning with SBTi gives us a clearly defined and measurable path to not only achieve our long-term goal of net-zero emissions by 2050, but also drives focus on near-term and consistent progress for reducing emissions across our supply chain.

Source:
Del Monte Foods Announces Commitment to Net-Zero Emissions Goal (prnewswire.com)

Describe the process(es) your organization has in place to ensure that your external engagement activities are consistent with your climate commitments and/or climate transition plan
We have a Sustainability Council which is comprised of senior leaders across organizational disciplines who are directly responsible for the areas required to achieve our Net Zero climate goal. This council meets at least quarterly and works to identify, monitor and oversee implementation of actions to achieve our carbon reduction goals.

Primary reason for not engaging in activities that could directly or indirectly influence policy, law, or regulation that may impact the climate
<Not Applicable>

Explain why your organization does not engage in activities that could directly or indirectly influence policy, law, or regulation that may impact the climate
<Not Applicable>

C12.3b

(C12.3b) Provide details of the trade associations your organization is a member of, or engages with, which are likely to take a position on any policy, law or regulation that may impact the climate.

Trade association
Other, please specify (Food Northwest)

Is your organization's position on climate change policy consistent with theirs?
Consistent

Has your organization attempted to influence their position in the reporting year?
Yes, we publicly promoted their current position

Describe how your organization's position is consistent with or differs from the trade association's position, and any actions taken to influence their position
Food Northwest is an association that promotes the production and delivery of safe and high-quality food. They have an Energy Committee focused on environmental policy, energy, and sustainability. The committee has set targets to reduce energy usage intensity for member companies, including Del Monte Foods. We actively participates in discussions and decision-making processes related to engaging with regulators and achieving these energy reduction goals.

Funding figure your organization provided to this trade association in the reporting year (currency as selected in C0.4)

Describe the aim of your organization's funding
<Not Applicable>

Have you evaluated whether your organization's engagement with this trade association is aligned with the goals of the Paris Agreement?
No, we have not evaluated

Trade association
Other, please specify (Food Waste Reduction Alliance)

Is your organization's position on climate change policy consistent with theirs?
Consistent

Has your organization attempted to influence their position in the reporting year?
Yes, we publicly promoted their current position

Describe how your organization's position is consistent with or differs from the trade association's position, and any actions taken to influence their position
The FWRA is an organization that advocates for policies promoting food donation and reducing food waste, aiming to minimize the environmental impact while addressing hunger. Del Monte Foods actively participates in the FWRA and aligns with their objectives. As a company, we contribute to FWRA initiatives through food donations and implementing measures to reduce food waste. Our representative engages in discussions and decision-making processes to support our strategic goals in this area.

Funding figure your organization provided to this trade association in the reporting year (currency as selected in C0.4)

Describe the aim of your organization's funding
<Not Applicable>

Have you evaluated whether your organization's engagement with this trade association is aligned with the goals of the Paris Agreement?
No, we have not evaluated

Trade association
Other, please specify (Consumer Brands Association)

Is your organization's position on climate change policy consistent with theirs?
Consistent

Has your organization attempted to influence their position in the reporting year?
Yes, we publicly promoted their current position

Describe how your organization's position is consistent with or differs from the trade association's position, and any actions taken to influence their position
The CBA works towards national regulatory solutions that benefit consumers, rather than relying on state-level regulations. One of their main initiatives focuses on creating a sustainable future through improved recycling and reimagined packaging and recycling systems. Through our involvement with the CBA, we receive regular updates on regulatory matters, enabling us to engage and provide feedback on emerging policies that are relevant to our business.

Funding figure your organization provided to this trade association in the reporting year (currency as selected in C0.4)

Describe the aim of your organization's funding
<Not Applicable>

Have you evaluated whether your organization's engagement with this trade association is aligned with the goals of the Paris Agreement?
No, we have not evaluated

Trade association
Other, please specify (National Black Farmers Association)

Is your organization's position on climate change policy consistent with theirs?
Consistent

Has your organization attempted to influence their position in the reporting year?
Yes, we publicly promoted their current position

Describe how your organization's position is consistent with or differs from the trade association's position, and any actions taken to influence their position
The NBFA is dedicated to addressing issues such as hunger, preventing land loss, and ensuring food sovereignty. The NBFA actively engages in outreach efforts, provides technical assistance, and advocates at a national level to support socially disadvantaged and limited resource farmers. This includes promoting climate resiliency practices to help farmers adapt to and mitigate the impacts of climate change.

Funding figure your organization provided to this trade association in the reporting year (currency as selected in C0.4)

Describe the aim of your organization's funding
<Not Applicable>

Have you evaluated whether your organization's engagement with this trade association is aligned with the goals of the Paris Agreement?
No, we have not evaluated

C12.4

(C12.4) Have you published information about your organization's response to climate change and GHG emissions performance for this reporting year in places other than in your CDP response? If so, please attach the publication(s).

Publication
In voluntary sustainability report

Status
Complete

Attach the document
F22 ESG Update_Final.pdf
Del Monte Foods Fiscal 2022 Audited Financial Statements.pdf

Page/Section reference
5,6,9,10,15,16

Content elements
Governance
Strategy
Emissions figures
Other metrics

Comment

Publication
In mainstream reports

Status
Complete

Attach the document

Page/Section reference
62-Sustainability

Content elements
Governance
Strategy
Risks & opportunities
Other metrics

Comment

C12.5

(C12.5) Indicate the collaborative frameworks, initiatives and/or commitments related to environmental issues for which you are a signatory/member.

	Environmental collaborative framework, initiative and/or commitment	Describe your organization's role within each framework, initiative and/or commitment
Row 1	Please select	

C13. Other land management impacts

C-AC13.2/C-FB13.2/C-PF13.2

(C-AC13.2/C-FB13.2/C-PF13.2) Do you know if any of the management practices mentioned in C-AC12.2a/C-FB12.2a/C-PF12.2a that were implemented by your suppliers have other impacts besides climate change mitigation/adaptation?
Yes

C-AC13.2a/C-FB13.2a/C-PF13.2a

(C-AC13.2a/C-FB13.2a/C-PF13.2a) Provide details of those management practices implemented by your suppliers that have other impacts besides climate change mitigation/adaptation.

Management practice reference number
MP1

Overall effect
Positive

Which of the following has been impacted?
Soil
Yield

Description of impacts
An organic corn grower practices sustainable farming by using organic feed residue from the farm to supplement the pasture grass instead of discarding it. This approach improves soil health and carbon sequestration, benefiting both irrigated and dry pastures as well as farm fields. We observed a significant increase in soil organic matter, positively impacting crop productivity.

Have any response to these impacts been implemented?
Yes

Description of the response(s)
By increasing the acreage with cover crops and adopting regenerative farming techniques, we aim to enhance soil health, biodiversity, and overall sustainability. These efforts contribute to mitigating climate change and promoting more environmentally friendly agricultural practices.

C15. Biodiversity

C15.1

(C15.1) Is there board-level oversight and/or executive management-level responsibility for biodiversity-related issues within your organization?

	Board-level oversight and/or executive management-level responsibility for biodiversity-related issues	Description of oversight and objectives relating to biodiversity	Scope of board-level oversight
Row 1	No, and we do not plan to have both within the next two years	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>

C15.2

(C15.2) Has your organization made a public commitment and/or endorsed any initiatives related to biodiversity?

	Indicate whether your organization made a public commitment or endorsed any initiatives related to biodiversity	Biodiversity-related public commitments	Initiatives endorsed
Row 1	No, and we do not plan to do so within the next 2 years	<Not Applicable>	<Not Applicable>

C15.3

(C15.3) Does your organization assess the impacts and dependencies of its value chain on biodiversity?

Impacts on biodiversity

Indicate whether your organization undertakes this type of assessment
Please select

Value chain stage(s) covered
<Not Applicable>

Portfolio activity
<Not Applicable>

Tools and methods to assess impacts and/or dependencies on biodiversity
<Not Applicable>

Please explain how the tools and methods are implemented and provide an indication of the associated outcome(s)
<Not Applicable>

Dependencies on biodiversity

Indicate whether your organization undertakes this type of assessment
Please select

Value chain stage(s) covered
<Not Applicable>

Portfolio activity
<Not Applicable>

Tools and methods to assess impacts and/or dependencies on biodiversity
<Not Applicable>

Please explain how the tools and methods are implemented and provide an indication of the associated outcome(s)
<Not Applicable>

C15.4

(C15.4) Does your organization have activities located in or near to biodiversity- sensitive areas in the reporting year?
Please select

C15.5

(C15.5) What actions has your organization taken in the reporting year to progress your biodiversity-related commitments?

	Have you taken any actions in the reporting period to progress your biodiversity-related commitments?	Type of action taken to progress biodiversity- related commitments
Row 1	Please select	<Not Applicable>

C15.6

(C15.6) Does your organization use biodiversity indicators to monitor performance across its activities?

	Does your organization use indicators to monitor biodiversity performance?	Indicators used to monitor biodiversity performance
Row 1	Please select	Please select

C15.7

(C15.7) Have you published information about your organization's response to biodiversity-related issues for this reporting year in places other than in your CDP response? If so, please attach the publication(s).

Report type	Content elements	Attach the document and indicate where in the document the relevant biodiversity information is located

C16. Signoff

C-FI

(C-FI) Use this field to provide any additional information or context that you feel is relevant to your organization's response. Please note that this field is optional and is not scored.

We reaffirm our commitment to sustainability and environmental stewardship through comprehensive strategies, dedicated teams, and collaborative partnerships. In addition to engagement with suppliers, partners and policymakers, the company collaborates with industry associations, non-profits, and academic institutions to advance sustainability efforts, including climate-related priorities. Transparency and accountability are prioritized in sustainability reporting, with biannual sustainability reports aligning with industry standards. We work to continuously improve our sustainability performance, enhancing data collection and monitoring processes. Stakeholder engagement is valued to inform sustainability strategies. We remain dedicated to addressing climate-related risks and promoting resilient and environmentally responsible practices.

C16.1

(C16.1) Provide details for the person that has signed off (approved) your CDP climate change response.

	Job title	Corresponding job category
Row 1	CEO	Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

SC. Supply chain module

SC0.0

(SC0.0) If you would like to do so, please provide a separate introduction to this module.

SC0.1

(SC0.1) What is your company's annual revenue for the stated reporting period?

	Annual Revenue
Row 1	1733100

SC1.1

(SC1.1) Allocate your emissions to your customers listed below according to the goods or services you have sold them in this reporting period.

Requesting member
Ahold Delhaize

Scope of emissions
Scope 1

Scope 2 accounting method
<Not Applicable>

Scope 3 category(ies)
<Not Applicable>

Allocation level
Company wide

Allocation level detail
<Not Applicable>

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e
3220

Uncertainty (±%)
5

Major sources of emissions
Natural gas use for boilers.

Verified
No

Allocation method
Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member
48.48

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied

Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made
Emissions from combustion in owned or controlled facilities including natural gas, diesel, and gasoline to power boilers, furnaces, vehicles, etc. This data was collected by direct measurement and no assumptions were made.

Requesting member
Ahold Delhaize

Scope of emissions
Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method
Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)
<Not Applicable>

Allocation level
Company wide

Allocation level detail
<Not Applicable>

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e
780

Uncertainty (±%)
5

Major sources of emissions
Electrical equipment.

Verified
No

Allocation method
Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member
48.48

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied
Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made
Electricity that is purchased or otherwise brought into owned or controlled facilities. This data was collected by direct measurement and no assumptions were made.

Requesting member
Ahold Delhaize

Scope of emissions
Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method
<Not Applicable>

Scope 3 category(ies)
Category 1: Purchased goods and services
Category 2: Capital goods
Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)
Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution
Category 5: Waste generated in operations
Category 6: Business travel
Category 7: Employee commuting
Category 8: Upstream leased assets
Category 11: Use of sold products
Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Allocation level
Company wide

Allocation level detail
<Not Applicable>

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e
46185

Uncertainty (±%)
5

Major sources of emissions

Verified
No

Allocation method
Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member
48.48

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied
Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

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Requesting member
Costco Wholesale Corporation

Scope of emissions
Scope 1

Scope 2 accounting method
<Not Applicable>

Scope 3 category(ies)
<Not Applicable>

Allocation level
Company wide

Allocation level detail
<Not Applicable>

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e
6123

Uncertainty (±%)
5

Major sources of emissions
Natural gas use for boilers.

Verified
No

Allocation method
Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member
92

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied
Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made
Emissions from combustion in owned or controlled facilities including natural gas, diesel, and gasoline to power boilers, furnaces, vehicles, etc. This data was collected by direct measurement and no assumptions were made.

Requesting member
Costco Wholesale Corporation

Scope of emissions
Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method
Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)
<Not Applicable>

Allocation level
Company wide

Allocation level detail
<Not Applicable>

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e
1483

Uncertainty (±%)
5

Major sources of emissions
electrical equipment

Verified
No

Allocation method
Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member
92

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied
Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Electricity that is purchased or otherwise brought into owned or controlled facilities. This data was collected by direct measurement and no assumptions were made.

Requesting member
Costco Wholesale Corporation

Scope of emissions
Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method
<Not Applicable>

Scope 3 category(ies)
Category 1: Purchased goods and services
Category 2: Capital goods
Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)
Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution
Category 5: Waste generated in operations
Category 6: Business travel
Category 7: Employee commuting
Category 8: Upstream leased assets
Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution
Category 11: Use of sold products
Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Allocation level
Company wide

Allocation level detail
<Not Applicable>

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e
36778

Uncertainty (±%)
5

Major sources of emissions

Verified
No

Allocation method
Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member
92

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied
Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Requesting member
Target Corporation

Scope of emissions
Scope 1

Scope 2 accounting method
<Not Applicable>

Scope 3 category(ies)
<Not Applicable>

Allocation level
Company wide

Allocation level detail
<Not Applicable>

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e
2564

Uncertainty (±%)
5

Major sources of emissions
Natural gas for equipment.

Verified
No

Allocation method
Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member
39

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied
Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made
Emissions from combustion in owned or controlled facilities including natural gas, diesel, and gasoline to power boilers, furnaces, vehicles, etc. This data was collected by direct measurement and no assumptions were made.

Requesting member
Target Corporation

Scope of emissions
Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method
Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)
<Not Applicable>

Allocation level
Company wide

Allocation level detail
<Not Applicable>

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e
621

Uncertainty (±%)
5

Major sources of emissions
Electricity used for equipment.

Verified
No

Allocation method
Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member
39

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied
Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made
Electricity that is purchased or otherwise brought into owned or controlled facilities. This data was collected by direct measurement and no assumptions were made.

Requesting member
Target Corporation

Scope of emissions
Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method
<Not Applicable>

Scope 3 category(ies)
Category 1: Purchased goods and services
Category 2: Capital goods
Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)
Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution
Category 5: Waste generated in operations
Category 6: Business travel
Category 7: Employee commuting
Category 8: Upstream leased assets
Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution
Category 11: Use of sold products
Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Allocation level
Company wide

Allocation level detail
<Not Applicable>

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e
36778

Uncertainty (±%)
5

Major sources of emissions

Verified
No

Allocation method
Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member
39

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied
Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

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Requesting member
The Coca-Cola Company

Scope of emissions
Scope 1

Scope 2 accounting method
<Not Applicable>

Scope 3 category(ies)
<Not Applicable>

Allocation level
Company wide

Allocation level detail
<Not Applicable>

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e
0

Uncertainty (±%)
0

Major sources of emissions
Natural gas for boilers

Verified
No

Allocation method
Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member
0

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied
Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made
Emissions from combustion in owned or controlled facilities including natural gas, diesel, and gasoline to power boilers, furnaces, vehicles, etc. This data was collected by direct measurement and no assumptions were made.

Requesting member
The Coca-Cola Company

Scope of emissions
Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method
Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)
<Not Applicable>

Allocation level
Company wide

Allocation level detail
<Not Applicable>

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e
0

Uncertainty (±%)
0

Major sources of emissions
Electrical equipment

Verified
No

Allocation method
Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member
0

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied
Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Electricity that is purchased or otherwise brought into owned or controlled facilities. This data was collected by direct measurement and no assumptions were made.

Requesting member
The Coca-Cola Company

Scope of emissions
Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method
<Not Applicable>

Scope 3 category(ies)
Category 1: Purchased goods and services
Category 2: Capital goods
Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)
Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution
Category 5: Waste generated in operations
Category 6: Business travel
Category 7: Employee commuting
Category 8: Upstream leased assets
Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution
Category 11: Use of sold products
Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Allocation level
Company wide

Allocation level detail
<Not Applicable>

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e
0

Uncertainty (±%)
0

Major sources of emissions

Verified
No

Allocation method
Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member
0

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied
Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Requesting member
UNFI

Scope of emissions
Scope 1

Scope 2 accounting method
<Not Applicable>

Scope 3 category(ies)
<Not Applicable>

Allocation level
Company wide

Allocation level detail
<Not Applicable>

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e
3130

Uncertainty (±%)
5

Major sources of emissions
Natural gas for equipment

Verified
No

Allocation method
Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member
47

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied
Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made
Emissions from combustion in owned or controlled facilities including natural gas, diesel, and gasoline to power boilers, furnaces, vehicles, etc. This data was collected by direct measurement and no assumptions were made.

Requesting member
UNFI

Scope of emissions
Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method
Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)
<Not Applicable>

Allocation level
Company wide

Allocation level detail
<Not Applicable>

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e
758

Uncertainty (±%)
5

Major sources of emissions
Electricity for electrical equipment

Verified
No

Allocation method
Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member
47

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied
Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made
Electricity that is purchased or otherwise brought into owned or controlled facilities. This data was collected by direct measurement and no assumptions were made.

Requesting member
UNFI

Scope of emissions
Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method
<Not Applicable>

Scope 3 category(ies)
Category 1: Purchased goods and services
Category 2: Capital goods
Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)
Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution
Category 5: Waste generated in operations
Category 6: Business travel
Category 7: Employee commuting
Category 8: Upstream leased assets
Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution
Category 11: Use of sold products
Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Allocation level
Company wide

Allocation level detail
<Not Applicable>

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e
44894

Uncertainty (±%)
5

Major sources of emissions

Verified
No

Allocation method
Allocation not necessary due to type of primary data available

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member
47.7

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied
Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

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Requesting member
Walmart, Inc.

Scope of emissions
Scope 1

Scope 2 accounting method
<Not Applicable>

Scope 3 category(ies)
<Not Applicable>

Allocation level
Company wide

Allocation level detail
<Not Applicable>

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e
29679

Uncertainty (±%)
5

Major sources of emissions
Natural gas for boilers.

Verified
No

Allocation method
Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member
447

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied
Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made
Emissions from combustion in owned or controlled facilities including natural gas, diesel, and gasoline to power boilers, furnaces, vehicles, etc. This data was collected by direct measurement and no assumptions were made.

Requesting member
Walmart, Inc.

Scope of emissions
Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method
Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)
<Not Applicable>

Allocation level
Company wide

Allocation level detail
<Not Applicable>

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e
7188

Uncertainty (±%)
5

Major sources of emissions
Electricity for electrical equipment

Verified
No

Allocation method
Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member
447

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied
Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

Electricity that is purchased or otherwise brought into owned or controlled facilities. This data was collected by direct measurement and no assumptions were made.

Requesting member
Walmart, Inc.

Scope of emissions
Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method
<Not Applicable>

Scope 3 category(ies)
Category 1: Purchased goods and services
Category 2: Capital goods
Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)
Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution
Category 5: Waste generated in operations
Category 6: Business travel
Category 7: Employee commuting
Category 8: Upstream leased assets
Category 11: Use of sold products
Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Allocation level
Company wide

Allocation level detail
<Not Applicable>

Emissions in metric tonnes of CO2e
425728

Uncertainty (±%)
5

Major sources of emissions

Verified
No

Allocation method
Allocation based on the market value of products purchased

Market value or quantity of goods/services supplied to the requesting member
447

Unit for market value or quantity of goods/services supplied
Currency

Please explain how you have identified the GHG source, including major limitations to this process and assumptions made

SC1.2

(SC1.2) Where published information has been used in completing SC1.1, please provide a reference(s).

Del Monte Foods Audited Consolidated Financial Statements FY22

https://www.delmontefoods.com/sites/default/files/2023-01/Del%20Monte%20Foods%20Fiscal%202022%20Audited%20Financial%20Statements.pdf

SC1.3

(SC1.3) What are the challenges in allocating emissions to different customers, and what would help you to overcome these challenges?

Allocation challenges	Please explain what would help you overcome these challenges
We face no challenges	We allocate emissions based on net sales

SC1.4

(SC1.4) Do you plan to develop your capabilities to allocate emissions to your customers in the future?
No

SC1.4b

(SC1.4b) Explain why you do not plan to develop capabilities to allocate emissions to your customers.

We are continuously improving our data management approach and processes. As we enhance the accuracy and granularity of our data, we will explore possibilities to differentiate emissions by customer, allowing us to provide more specific information in the future, as practical.

SC2.1

(SC2.1) Please propose any mutually beneficial climate-related projects you could collaborate on with specific CDP Supply Chain members.

SC2.2

(SC2.2) Have requests or initiatives by CDP Supply Chain members prompted your organization to take organizational-level emissions reduction initiatives?
No

SC4.1

(SC4.1) Are you providing product level data for your organization's goods or services?
No, I am not providing data

Submit your response

In which language are you submitting your response?
English

Please confirm how your response should be handled by CDP

	I understand that my response will be shared with all requesting stakeholders	Response permission
Please select your submission options	Yes	Public

Please confirm below
I have read and accept the applicable Terms